

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	



Brunei Department of Civil Aviation
Negara Brunei Darussalam
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Brunei Aviation Requirements

BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Table of Contents

Table of Contents	2
Control of this Document	9
Subpart A - General Requirements	11
FCL.001 Competent authority	11
FCL.005 Scope	11
FCL.010 Definitions	11
FCL.015 Application and issue, revalidation and renewal of licences, ratings and certificates	15
FCL.020 Student pilot	16
FCL.025 Theoretical knowledge examinations for the issue of licences and ratings	16
FCL.030 Practical skill test	17
FCL.035 Crediting of flight time and theoretical knowledge	17
FCL.040 Exercise of the privileges of licences	19
FCL.045 Obligation to carry and present documents	19
FCL.050 Recording of flight time	19
FCL.055 Language proficiency	19
FCL.060 Recent experience	20
FCL.065 Curtailment of privileges of licence holders aged 60 years or more in commercial air transport	21
FCL.070 Revocation, suspension and limitation of licences, ratings and certificates	22
Subpart B - Light Aircraft Pilot Licence - LAPL	23
Section 1 - Common requirements	23
FCL.100 LAPL Minimum age	23
FCL.105 LAPL Privileges and conditions	23
FCL.110 LAPL Crediting for the same aircraft category	23
FCL.115 LAPL Training course	23
FCL.120 LAPL Theoretical knowledge examination	24
FCL.125 LAPL Skill test	24
Section 2 - Specific requirements for the LAPL for aeroplanes - LAPL(A)	25
FCL.105.A LAPL(A) Privileges and conditions	25
FCL.110.A LAPL(A) Experience requirements and crediting	25
FCL.135.A LAPL(A) Extension of privileges to another class or variant of aeroplane	26
FCL.140.A LAPL(A) Recency requirements	26
Section 3 - Specific requirements for the LAPL for helicopters - LAPL(H)	27
FCL.105.H LAPL(H) Privileges	27

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.110.H LAPL(H) Experience requirements and crediting	27
FCL.135.H LAPL(H) Extension of privileges to another type or variant of helicopter	27
FCL.140.H LAPL(H) Recency requirements	28
Section 4 - Specific requirements for the LAPL for sailplanes - LAPL(S) - RESERVED	28
Section 5 - Specific requirements for the LAPL for balloons - LAPL(B) - RESERVED	28
Subpart C - Private Pilot Licence (PPL)	29
Section 1 - Common requirements.....	29
FCL.200 Minimum age	29
FCL.205 Conditions	29
FCL.210 Training course	29
FCL.215 Theoretical knowledge examination	29
FCL.235 Skill test.....	29
Section 2 - Specific requirements for the PPL for aeroplanes - PPL(A).....	31
FCL.205.A PPL(A) Privileges	31
FCL.210.A PPL(A) Experience requirements and crediting	31
Section 3 - Specific requirements for the PPL helicopters - PPL(H)	32
FCL.205.H PPL(H) Privileges.....	32
FCL.210.H PPL(H) Experience requirements and crediting	32
Section 4 - Specific requirements for the PPL for airships - PPL(As) - RESERVED	33
Section 5 - Specific requirements for the sailplane pilot licence (SPL) - RESERVED.....	33
Section 6 - Specific requirements for the balloon pilot licence (BPL) - RESERVED.....	33
Subpart D - Commercial Pilot Licence - CPL (A) & (H)	34
Section 1 - Common requirements.....	34
FCL.300 CPL Minimum age	34
FCL.305 CPL Privileges and conditions.....	34
FCL.310 CPL Theoretical knowledge examinations	34
FCL.315 CPL Training course	35
FCL.320 CPL Skill test.....	35
Section 2 - Specific requirements for the aeroplane category - CPL(A).....	36
FCL.315.A CPL Training course.....	36
FCL.325.A CPL(A) Specific conditions for MPL holders.....	36
Subpart E - Multi-Crew Pilot Licence - MPL	37
FCL.400.A MPL Minimum age	37
FCL.405.A MPL Privileges.....	37
FCL.410.A MPL Training course and theoretical knowledge examinations.....	37
FCL.415.A MPL Practical skill	37

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart F - Airline Transport Pilot Licence - ATPL	38
Section 1 - Common requirements.....	38
FCL.500 ATPL Minimum age	38
FCL.505 ATPL Privileges	38
FCL.515 ATPL Training course and theoretical knowledge examinations.....	38
Section 2 - Specific requirements for the aeroplane category - ATPL(A).....	39
FCL.505.A ATPL(A) Restriction of privileges for pilots previously holding an MPL	39
FCL.510.A ATPL(A) Prerequisites, experience and crediting.....	39
FCL.520.A ATPL(A) Skill test	40
Section 3 - Specific requirements for the helicopter category - ATPL(H).....	41
FCL.510.H ATPL(H) Prerequisites, experience and crediting	41
FCL.520.H ATPL(H) Skill test.....	41
Subpart G - Instrument Rating - IR	42
Section 1 - Common requirements.....	42
FCL.600 IR General.....	42
FCL.605 IR Privileges.....	42
FCL.610 IR Prerequisites and crediting	42
FCL.615 IR Theoretical knowledge and flight instruction	42
FCL.620 IR Skill test.....	43
FCL.625 IR Validity, revalidation and renewal	43
Section 2 - Specific requirements for the aeroplane category.....	45
FCL.625.A IR(A) Revalidation	45
Section 3 - Specific requirements for the helicopter category	46
FCL.625.H IR(H) Revalidation.....	46
FCL.630.H IR(H) Extension of privileges from single-engine to multi-engine helicopters	46
Section 4 - Specific requirements for the airship category - RESERVED	47
Subpart H - Class and Type Ratings	48
Section 1 - Common requirements.....	48
FCL.700 Circumstances in which class or type ratings are required.....	48
FCL.705 Privileges of the holder of a class or type rating	48
FCL.710 Class and type ratings - variants	48
FCL.725 Requirements for the issue of class and type ratings	49
FCL.740 Validity and renewal of class and type ratings	50
Section 2 - Specific requirements for the aeroplane category.....	51
FCL.720.A Experience requirements and prerequisites for the issue of class or type ratings - aeroplanes.....	51

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.725.A Theoretical knowledge and flight instruction for the issue of class and type ratings - aeroplanes.....	53
FCL.730.A Specific requirements for pilots undertaking a zero flight time type rating (ZFTT) course - aeroplanes.....	53
FCL.735.A Multi-crew cooperation training course - aeroplanes.....	53
FCL.740.A Revalidation of class and type ratings - aeroplanes.....	54
FCL.745.A Advanced UPRT course – aeroplanes	55
Section 3 - Specific requirements for the helicopter category	55
FCL.720.H Experience requirements and prerequisites for the issue of type ratings - helicopters.....	55
FCL.735.H Multi-crew cooperation training course - helicopters.....	56
FCL.740.H Revalidation of type ratings - helicopters.....	57
Section 4 - Specific requirements for the powered-lift aircraft category - RESERVED.....	59
Section 5 - Specific requirements for the airship category - RESERVED	59
Subpart I - Additional Ratings	60
FCL.800 Aerobatic rating.....	60
FCL.805 Sailplane towing and banner towing ratings - Reserved.....	60
FCL.810 Night rating.....	60
FCL.815 Mountain rating - Reserved	61
FCL.820 Flight test rating	61
FCL.825 En route instrument rating (EIR).....	62
FCL.830 Sailplane Cloud Flying Rating - Reserved	64
FCL.835 Basic instrument rating (BIR).....	64
Subpart J - Instructors	68
Section 1 - Common requirements.....	68
FCL.900 Instructor certificates.....	68
FCL.915 General prerequisites and requirements for instructors.....	69
FCL.920 Instructor competencies and assessment.....	70
FCL.925 Additional requirements for instructors for the MPL.....	70
FCL.930 Training course	71
FCL.935 Assessment of competence	71
FCL.940 Validity of instructor certificates	72
FCL.945 Obligations for instructors	72
Section 2 - Specific requirements for the flight instructor - FI.....	72
FCL.905.FI FI Privileges and conditions	72
FCL.910.FI FI Restricted privileges	74
FCL.915.FI FI Prerequisites.....	74

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.930.FI FI Training course.....	75
FCL.940.FI FI Revalidation and renewal.....	75
Section 3 - Specific requirements for the type rating instructor - TRI.....	76
FCL.905.TRI TRI Privileges and conditions	76
FCL.910.TRI TRI Restricted privileges.....	77
FCL.915.TRI TRI Prerequisites	79
FCL.930.TRI TRI Training course	80
FCL.935.TRI TRI Assessment of competence.....	80
FCL.940.TRI TRI Revalidation and renewal	80
Section 4 - Specific requirements for the class rating instructor - CRI	82
FCL.905.CRI CRI Privileges and conditions	82
FCL.915.CRI CRI Prerequisites	83
FCL.930.CRI CRI Training course.....	83
FCL.940.CRI CRI Revalidation and renewal.....	83
Section 5 - Specific requirements for the instrument rating instructor - IRI	84
FCL.905.IRI IRI Privileges and conditions	84
FCL.915.IRI IRI Prerequisites.....	84
FCL.930.IRI IRI Training course.....	85
FCL.940.IRI IRI Revalidation and renewal.....	85
Section 6 - Specific requirements for the synthetic flight instructor - SFI	85
FCL.905.SFI SFI Privileges and conditions	85
FCL.910.SFI SFI Restricted privileges	86
FCL.915.SFI SFI Prerequisites.....	86
FCL.930.SFI SFI Training course.....	87
FCL.940.SFI SFI Revalidation and renewal.....	88
Section 7 - Specific requirements for the multi-crew cooperation instructor - MCCI.....	88
FCL.905.MCCI MCCI Privileges and conditions	88
FCL.910.MCCI MCCI -Restricted privileges	89
FCL.915.MCCI MCCI Prerequisites	89
FCL.930.MCCI MCCI Training course	89
FCL.940.MCCI MCCI Revalidation and renewal.....	89
Section 8 - Specific requirements for the synthetic training instructor - STI.....	90
FCL.905.STI STI Privileges and conditions	90
FCL.910.STI STI Restricted privileges	90
FCL.915.STI STI Prerequisites.....	90
FCL.930.STI STI Training course.....	91

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.940.STI Revalidation and renewal of the STI certificate	91
Section 9 - Mountain rating instructor – MI - Reserved.....	92
Section 10 - Specific requirements for the flight test instructor - FTI.....	92
FCL.905.FTI FTI Privileges and conditions	92
FCL.915.FTI FTI Prerequisites	92
FCL.930.FTI FTI Training course	92
FCL.940.FTI FTI Revalidation and renewal	93
Subpart K - Examiners	94
Section 1 - Common requirements.....	94
FCL.1000 Examiner certificates	94
FCL.1005 Limitation of privileges in case of vested interests.....	95
FCL.1010 Prerequisites for examiners.....	95
FCL.1015 Examiner standardisation	95
FCL.1020 Examiners assessment of competence	96
FCL.1025 Validity, revalidation and renewal of examiner certificates	96
FCL.1030 Conduct of skill tests, proficiency checks and assessments of competence	97
Section 2 - Specific requirements for the flight examiner - FE.....	98
FCL.1005.FE FE Privileges and conditions	98
FCL.1010.FE FE Prerequisites.....	99
Section 3 - Specific requirements for the type rating examiner - TRE.....	99
FCL.1005.TRE TRE Privileges and conditions	99
FCL.1010.TRE TRE – Prerequisites	100
Section 4 - Specific requirements for the Class Rating Examiner - CRE.....	101
FCL.1005.CRE CRE Privileges	101
FCL.1010.CRE CRE Prerequisites.....	101
Section 5 - Specific requirements for the Instrument Rating Examiner - IRE	101
FCL.1005.IRE IRE Privileges	101
FCL.1010.IRE IRE Prerequisites.....	101
Section 6 - Specific requirements for the Synthetic Flight Examiner - SFE	102
FCL.1005.SFE SFE Privileges and conditions.....	102
FCL.1010.SFE SFE Prerequisites.....	103
Section 7 - Specific requirements for the flight instructor examiner - FIE	104
FCL.1005.FIE FIE Privileges and conditions	104
FCL.1010.FIE FIE Prerequisites.....	104
Appendix 1 - Crediting of theoretical knowledge	105
Appendix 2 - Language Proficiency Rating Scale - Expert, extended and operational level.....	107

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 3 - Training courses for the issue of a CPL and an ATPL	109
Appendix 4 - Skill test for the issue of a CPL	124
Appendix 5 – Integrated MPL training course	132
Appendix 6 – Modular training courses for the IR	135
Appendix 7 - IR skill test	142
Appendix 8 - Cross-crediting of the IR part of a class or type rating proficiency check	148
Appendix 9 - Training, skill test and proficiency check for MPL, ATPL, type and class ratings, and proficiency check for IRs	150
Appendix 10 – Revalidation and renewal of type ratings, and revalidation and renewal of IRs when combined with the revalidation or renewal of type ratings – EBT practical assessment	186
Appendix 11 – Conditions for the acceptance of licences issued by or on behalf of countries other than Brunei Darussalam	188
Appendix 12 - Conditions for the conversion of instructor certificates	193

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Control of this Document

DC.1 Introduction

DC.1.1 Pursuant to Civil Aviation Order 2006 and the Civil Aviation Regulations 2006 and their subsequent amendments, the following requirements are hereby established for compliance by all persons concerned, the Director of Civil Aviation is empowered to adopt and amend Brunei Aviation Requirements. In accordance herewith, the following requirement is hereby established for compliance by all persons concerned. This requirement shall be known as BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing and any reference to this title shall mean referring to the requirements to be met for civil aviation in Brunei Darussalam

DC.2 Authority for this Requirement

DC.2.1 This BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing is issued on the authority of the Director of Civil Aviation.

DC.3 Applicability

DC.3.1 This BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing is applicable to the aviation industry of Brunei Darussalam.

DC.4 Scope

DC.4.1 BAR 1 Personnel Licensing contains the personnel licensing requirements of Brunei Darussalam, and shows compliance with ICAO Annex 1. The requirements in BAR 1 are separated into the following parts with cross references between parts where applicable.

- Part Aircrew Cover Requirement
- Part ARA Authority Requirements for Aircrew
- Part ORA Organisational Requirements for Aircrew
- **Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing**
- Part CC Cabin Crew
- Part FOO/FD Flight Operation Officer and Flight Dispatcher
- Part MED Medical
- Part 66 Aircraft Maintenance Licence
- Part 147 Approved Training Organisations
- Part ATCO Air Traffic Control Officer

DC.5 Definitions

DC.5.1 Terms not defined shall have the meaning given to them in the relevant legal instruments or international legal instruments in which they appear, especially as they appear in the Convention and its Annexes.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Part-FCL Flight Crew Licensing

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart A - General Requirements

FCL.001 Competent authority

For the purpose of this Part, the competent authority shall be the Brunei DCA to whom a person applies for the issue of pilot licences or associated ratings or certificates.

FCL.005 Scope

This Part establishes the requirements for the issue of pilot licences and associated ratings and certificates and the conditions of their validity and use.

FCL.010 Definitions

For the purposes of this Part, the following definitions apply:

‘Aerobatic flight’ means an intentional manoeuvre involving an abrupt change in an aircraft’s attitude, an abnormal attitude, or abnormal acceleration, not necessary for normal flight or for instruction for licences or ratings other than the aerobatic rating.

‘Aeroplane’ means an engine-driven fixed-wing aircraft heavier than air which is supported in flight by the dynamic reaction of the air against its wings.

‘Aeroplane required to be operated with a co-pilot’ means a type of aeroplane which is required to be operated with a co-pilot as specified in the flight manual or by the air operator certificate.

‘Aeroplane upset prevention and recovery training’ (UPRT) means training consisting of:

- aeroplane upset prevention training: a combination of theoretical knowledge and flying training with the aim of providing flight crew with the required competencies to prevent aeroplane upsets; and
- aeroplane upset recovery training: a combination of theoretical knowledge and flying training with the aim of providing flight crew with the required competencies to recover from aeroplane upsets.

‘Aircraft’ means any machine that can derive support in the atmosphere from the reactions of the air other than the reactions of the air against the earth’s surface.

‘Airmanship’ means the consistent use of good judgement and well-developed knowledge, skills and attitudes to accomplish flight objectives.

‘Assessment of competence’ means the demonstration of competence for an instructor or examiner certificate.

‘Available’ means, in the context of using FSTDs, any FSTD that is certified by the Brunei DCA, and is obtainable for lease or hire.

‘Basic Instrument Training Device’ (BITD) means a ground-based training device which represents the student pilot’s station of a class of aeroplanes. It may use screen-based instrument panels and spring-loaded flight controls, providing a training platform for at least the procedural aspects of instrument flight.

‘Category of aircraft’ means a categorisation of aircraft according to specified basic characteristics, for example aeroplane and helicopter.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

‘Class of aeroplane’ means a categorisation of single-pilot aeroplanes not requiring a type rating.

‘Commercial air transport’ means the transport of passengers, cargo or mail for remuneration or hire.

‘Competency’ means a combination of skills, knowledge and attitude required to perform a task to the prescribed standard.

‘Competency element’ means an action which constitutes a task that has a triggering event and a terminating event that clearly defines its limits, and an observable outcome.

‘Competency unit’ means a discrete function consisting of a number of competency elements.

‘Co-pilot’ means a pilot operating other than as pilot-in-command, on an aircraft for which more than one pilot is required, but excluding a pilot who is on board the aircraft for the sole purpose of receiving flight instruction for a licence or rating.

‘Cross-country’ means a flight between a point of departure and a point of arrival following a pre-planned route, using standard navigation procedures.

‘Cruise relief co-pilot’ means a pilot who relieves the co-pilot of his/her duties at the controls during the cruise phase of a flight in multi-pilot operations above FL 200.

‘Certification Specification’ (CS) Aircraft manufacturing and design specification.

‘Dual instruction time’ means flight time or instrument ground time during which a person is receiving flight instruction from a properly authorised instructor.

‘Error’ means an action or inaction taken by the flight crew which leads to deviations from organisational or flight intentions or expectations.

‘Error management’ means the process of detecting and responding to errors with countermeasures which reduce or eliminate the consequences of errors, and mitigate the probability of errors or undesired aircraft states.

‘Evidence based training (EBT) operator’ means an organisation that is holding an air operator certificate (AOC) in accordance with BAR 6 Part-ORO and that has implemented an EBT programme approved by the Brunei DCA.

‘EBT practical assessment’ means a method for assessing performance that serves to verify the integrated performance of competencies. It takes place in either a simulated or an operational environment.

‘EBT programme’ means a pilot assessment and training programme in accordance with point ORO.FC.231 of BAR 6 Part-ORO.

‘Full Flight Simulator’ (FFS) means a full size replica of a specific type or make, model and series aircraft flight deck, including the assemblage of all equipment and computer programmes necessary to represent the aircraft in ground and flight operations, a visual system providing an out-of-the-flight deck view, and a force cueing motion system.

‘Flight time’:

- for aeroplanes, it means the total time from the moment an aircraft first moves for the purpose of taking off until the moment it finally comes to rest at the end of the flight;
- for helicopters, it means the total time from the moment a helicopter’s rotor blades start turning until the moment the helicopter finally comes to rest at the end of the flight, and the rotor blades are stopped;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

‘Flight time under Instrument Flight Rules’ (IFR) means all flight time during which the aircraft is being operated under the Instrument Flight Rules.

‘Flight Training Device’ (FTD) means a full size replica of a specific aircraft type’s instruments, equipment, panels and controls in an open flight deck area or an enclosed aircraft flight deck, including the assemblage of equipment and computer software programmes necessary to represent the aircraft in ground and flight conditions to the extent of the systems installed in the device. It does not require a force cueing motion or visual system, except in the case of helicopter FTD levels 2 and 3, where visual systems are required.

‘Flight and Navigation Procedures Trainer’ (FNPT) means a training device which represents the flight deck or cockpit environment, including the assemblage of equipment and computer programmes necessary to represent an aircraft type or class in flight operations to the extent that the systems appear to function as in an aircraft.

‘Flown by sole reference to instruments’ means that the applicant shall demonstrate the ability to fly the aircraft without any external visual references, in simulated or actual IMC.

‘Helicopter’ means a heavier-than-air aircraft supported in flight chiefly by the reactions of the air on one or more power-driven rotors on substantially vertical axes.

‘Instrument flight time’ means the time during which a pilot is controlling an aircraft in flight solely by reference to instruments.

‘Instrument ground time’ means the time during which a pilot is receiving instruction in simulated instrument flight, in flight simulation training devices (FSTD).

‘Instrument time’ means instrument flight time or instrument ground time.

‘Linear operation’ means an instrument approach operation in which the maximum tolerable error/deviation from the planned track is expressed in units of length, for instance nautical miles, for cross-track lateral deviation.

‘Line flying under supervision’ (LIFUS) means line flying after an approved zero flight time type rating training course or the line flying required by an operational suitability data (OSD) report.

‘LPV’ means Localiser Performance with Vertical Guidance.

‘Mixed EBT programme’ means an operator’s recurrent training and checking programme provided for in point ORO.FC.230 of BAR 6 Part-ORO, a portion of which is dedicated to the application of EBT but which does not replace proficiency checks provided for in Appendix 9 to this Annex.’

‘Multi-pilot operation’:

- for aeroplanes, it means an operation requiring at least 2 pilots using multi-crew cooperation in either multi-pilot or single-pilot aeroplanes;
- for helicopters, it means an operation requiring at least 2 pilots using multi-crew cooperation on multi-pilot helicopters.

‘Multi-crew cooperation’ (MCC) means the functioning of the flight crew as a team of cooperating members led by the pilot-in-command.

‘Multi-pilot aircraft’:

- for aeroplanes, it means aeroplanes certificated for operation with a minimum crew of at least two pilots;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- for helicopters, it means the type of aircraft which is required to be operated with a co-pilot as specified in the flight manual or by the air operator certificate or equivalent document.

‘Night’ means the period between the end of evening civil twilight and the beginning of morning civil twilight or such other period between sunset and sunrise as may be prescribed by the Brunei DCA.

‘OSD’ means the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21.

‘Other training devices’ (OTD) means training aids other than flight simulators, flight training devices or flight and navigation procedures trainers which provide means for training where a complete flight deck environment is not necessary.

‘Performance-Based Navigation (PBN)’ means area navigation based on performance requirements for aircraft operating along an ATS route, on an instrument approach procedure or in a designated airspace.

‘Performance criteria’ means a simple, evaluative statement on the required outcome of the competency element and a description of the criteria used to judge if the required level of performance has been achieved.

‘Pilot-in-command’ (PIC) means the pilot designated as being in command and charged with the safe conduct of the flight.

‘Pilot-in-command under supervision’ (PICUS) means a co-pilot performing, under the supervision of the pilot-in-command, the duties and functions of a pilot-in-command.

‘Private pilot’ means a pilot who holds a licence which prohibits the piloting of aircraft in operations for which remuneration is given, with the exclusion of instruction or examination activities, as established in this Part.

‘Proficiency check’ means the demonstration of skill to revalidate or renew ratings, and including such oral examination as may be required.

‘Renewal’ (of, e.g. a rating or certificate) means the administrative action taken after a rating or certificate has lapsed for the purpose of renewing the privileges of the rating or certificate for a further specified period consequent upon the fulfilment of specified requirements.

‘Revalidation’ (of, e.g. a rating or certificate) means the administrative action taken within the period of validity of a rating or certificate which allows the holder to continue to exercise the privileges of a rating or certificate for a further specified period consequent upon the fulfilment of specified requirements.

‘RNP APCH’ means a PBN specification used for instrument approach operations.

‘RNP APCH operation down to LNAV minima’ means a 2D instrument approach operation for which the lateral guidance is based on GNSS positioning.

‘RNP APCH operation down to LNAV/VNAV minima’ means a 3D instrument approach operation for which the lateral guidance is based on GNSS positioning and the vertical guidance is provided either by the Baro VNAV function or by the GNSS positioning including SBAS.

‘RNP APCH operation down to LPV minima’ means a 3D instrument approach operation for which both lateral and vertical guidance are based on GNSS positioning including SBAS.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

'RNP AR APCH' means a navigation specification used for instrument approach operations requiring a specific approval.

'Route sector' means a flight comprising take-off, departure, cruise of not less than 15 minutes, arrival, approach and landing phases.

'Single-pilot aircraft' means an aircraft certificated for operation by one pilot.

'Skill test' means the demonstration of skill for a licence or rating issue, including such oral examination as may be required.

'Solo flight time' means flight time during which a student pilot is the sole occupant of an aircraft.

'Student pilot-in-command' (SPIC) means a student pilot acting as pilot-in-command on a flight with an instructor where the latter will only observe the student pilot and shall not influence or control the flight of the aircraft.

'Threat' means events or errors which occur beyond the influence of the flight crew, increase operational complexity and which must be managed to maintain the margin of safety.

'Threat management' means the process of detecting and responding to the threats with countermeasures which reduce or eliminate the consequences of threats, and mitigate the probability of errors or undesired aircraft states.

'Three-dimensional (3D) instrument approach operation' means an instrument approach operation using both lateral and vertical navigation guidance.

'Two-dimensional (2D) instrument approach operation' means an instrument approach operation using lateral navigation guidance only.

'Type of aircraft' means a categorisation of aircraft requiring a type rating as determined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21, and which include all aircraft of the same basic design including all modifications thereto except those which result in a change in handling or flight characteristics.

'Type rating and licence endorsement list' means a list published by the Brunei DCA based on the result of the OSD evaluation and containing classes of aeroplanes and types of aircraft for the purpose of flight crew licensing.

'VNAV' means Vertical Navigation

FCL.015 Application and issue, revalidation and renewal of licences, ratings and certificates

- (a) An application for the issue, revalidation or renewal of pilot licences and associated ratings and certificates shall be submitted to the Brunei DCA in a form and manner established by this authority. The application shall be accompanied by evidence that the applicant complies with the requirements for the issue, revalidation or renewal of the licence or certificate as well as associated ratings or endorsements, established in this Part and Part-Medical.
- (b) Any limitation or extension of the privileges granted by a licence, rating or certificate shall be endorsed in the licence or certificate by the Brunei DCA.
- (c) A person shall not hold at any time more than one licence per category of aircraft issued in accordance with this Part.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (d) An application for the issue of a licence for another category of aircraft, or for the issue of further ratings or certificates, as well as an amendment, revalidation or renewal of those licences, ratings or certificates shall be submitted to the Brunei DCA.
- (e) For the issue of a licence, rating or certificate the applicant shall apply not later than 6 months after having succeeded at the skill test or assessment of competence.
- (f) Training completed in aircraft or in FSTDs in accordance with BAR 6 Part-ORO shall be taken into account for the experience and revalidation requirements established in this Part.

FCL.020 Student pilot

- (a) A student pilot shall not fly solo unless authorised to do so and supervised by a flight instructor.
- (b) Before his/her first solo flight, a student pilot shall be at least 16 years of age.

FCL.025 Theoretical knowledge examinations for the issue of licences and ratings

- (a) Responsibilities of the applicant
 - (1) Applicants shall take the entire set of theoretical knowledge examinations for a specific licence or rating under the responsibility of Brunei DCA.
 - (2) Applicants shall only take the theoretical knowledge examination when recommended by the approved training organisation (ATO) responsible for their training, once they have completed the appropriate elements of the training course of theoretical knowledge instruction to a satisfactory standard.
 - (3) If an applicant for the ATPL theoretical knowledge examination, or for the issue of a commercial pilot licence (CPL), or an instrument rating (IR) has failed to pass one of the theoretical knowledge examination papers within four attempts, or has failed to pass all papers within either six sittings or within the period mentioned in point (b)(2), he or she shall retake the complete set of theoretical knowledge examination papers.
- (b) Pass standards
 - (1) A pass in a theoretical knowledge examination paper will be awarded to an applicant achieving at least 75% of the marks allocated to that paper. There is no penalty marking.
 - (2) Unless otherwise determined in this Part, an applicant has successfully completed the required theoretical knowledge examination for the appropriate pilot licence or rating when he/she has passed all the required theoretical knowledge examination papers within a period of 18 months counted from the end of the calendar month when the applicant first attempted an examination.
 - (3) If an applicant has failed to pass one of the theoretical knowledge examination papers within 4 attempts, or has failed to pass all papers

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

within either 6 sittings or the period mentioned in paragraph (2), he/she shall re-take the complete set of theoretical knowledge examination papers.

- (4) If applicants for the issue of a light aircraft pilot licence (LAPL) or a private pilot licence (PPL) have failed to pass one of the theoretical knowledge examination papers within four attempts or have failed to pass all papers within the period mentioned in point (b)(2), they shall retake the complete set of theoretical knowledge examination papers.

Before retaking the theoretical knowledge examinations, the applicant shall undertake further training at an ATO. The extent and scope of the training needed shall be determined by the ATO, based on the needs of the applicant.

(c) Validity period

- (1) The successful completion of the theoretical knowledge examinations will be valid:
- (i) for the issue of a light aircraft pilot licence and a private pilot licence, for a period of 24 months;
 - (ii) for the issue of a commercial pilot licence, instrument rating (IR) or en route instrument rating (EIR), for a period of 36 months;
 - (iii) the periods in (i) and (ii) shall be counted from the day when the pilot successfully completes the theoretical knowledge examination, in accordance with (b)(2).
- (2) The completion of the airline transport pilot licence (ATPL) theoretical knowledge examinations will remain valid for the issue of an ATPL for a period of 7 years from the last validity date of:
- (i) an IR entered in a licence; or
 - (ii) in the case of helicopters, a helicopter's type rating entered in a licence.

FCL.030 Practical skill test

- (a) Before a skill test for the issue of a licence or rating is taken, the applicant shall have passed the required theoretical knowledge examination, except in the case of applicants undergoing a course of integrated flying training.

In any case, the theoretical knowledge instruction shall always have been completed before the skill tests are taken.

- (b) Except for the issue of an airline transport pilot licence, the applicant for a skill test shall be recommended for the test by the ATO/person responsible for the training, once the training is completed. The training records shall be made available to the examiner.

FCL.035 Crediting of flight time and theoretical knowledge

(a) Crediting of flight time

- (1) Unless otherwise specified in this Part, flight time to be credited for a licence, rating or certificate shall have been flown in the same

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

category of aircraft for which the licence, rating or certificate is sought.

- (2) PIC or under instruction.
 - (i) An applicant for a licence, rating or certificate shall be credited in full with all solo, dual instruction or PIC flight time towards the total flight time required for the licence, rating or certificate.
 - (ii) A graduate of an ATP integrated training course is entitled to be credited with up to 50 hours of student pilot-in-command instrument time towards the PIC time required for the issue of the airline transport pilot licence, commercial pilot licence and a multi-engine type or class rating.
 - (iii) A graduate of a CPL/IR integrated training course is entitled to be credited with up to 50 hours of the student pilot-in-command instrument time towards the PIC time required for the issue of the commercial pilot licence and a multi-engine type or class rating.
 - (3) Flight time as co-pilot or PICUS. Unless otherwise determined in this Part, the holder of a pilot licence, when acting as co-pilot or PICUS, is entitled to be credited with all of the co-pilot time towards the total flight time required for a higher grade of pilot licence.
 - (4) All hours flown in aeroplanes or TMGs that are subject to a decision of a Member State taken in accordance with points (a) or (c) of Article 2(8) of Regulation (EU) 2018/1139 or that fall within the scope of Annex I to that Regulation shall be credited in full towards fulfilling the flight time requirements of point FCL.140.A(a) (1) and point FCL.740.A(b)(1)(ii) of this Annex, provided that the following conditions are met:
 - (i) the aeroplane or TMG concerned is of the same category and class as the Part-FCL aircraft in respect of which the hours flown are to be credited;
 - (ii) in case of training flights with an instructor, the aeroplane or TMG used is subject to an authorisation specified in point ORA.ATO.135 of BAR 1 Part-ORA';
- (b) Crediting of theoretical knowledge
- (1) An applicant having passed the theoretical knowledge examination for an airline transport pilot licence shall be credited with the theoretical knowledge requirements for the light aircraft pilot licence, the private pilot licence, the commercial pilot licence and, except in the case of helicopters, the IR and the EIR in the same category of aircraft.
 - (2) An applicant having passed the theoretical knowledge examination for a commercial pilot licence shall be credited with the theoretical knowledge requirement for a light aircraft pilot licence or a private pilot licence in the same category of aircraft.
 - (3) The holder of an IR or an applicant having passed the instrument theoretical knowledge examination for a category of aircraft shall be fully credited towards the requirements for the theoretical knowledge instruction and examination for an IR in another category of aircraft.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (4) The holder of a pilot licence shall be credited towards the requirements for theoretical knowledge instruction and examination for a licence in the same or another category of aircraft in accordance with Appendix 1 to this Part.

This credit also applies to applicants for a pilot licence who have already successfully completed the theoretical knowledge examinations for the issue of that licence in another category of aircraft, as long as it is within the validity period specified in FCL.025(c).

- (5) Notwithstanding point (b)(3), the holder of an IR(A) who has completed a competency-based modular IR(A) course or the holder of an EIR shall only be credited in full towards the requirements for theoretical knowledge instruction and examination for an IR in another category of aircraft when also having passed the theoretical knowledge instruction and examination for the IFR part of the course required in accordance with FCL.720.A.(a)(2)(ii)(A).

FCL.040 Exercise of the privileges of licences

The exercise of the privileges granted by a licence shall be dependent upon the validity of the ratings contained therein, if applicable, and of the medical certificate.

FCL.045 Obligation to carry and present documents

- (a) A valid licence and a valid medical certificate shall always be carried by the pilot when exercising the privileges of the licence.
- (b) The pilot shall also carry a personal identification document containing his/her photo.
- (c) A pilot or a student pilot shall without undue delay present his/her flight time record for inspection upon request by an authorised representative of Brunei DCA.
- (d) A student pilot shall carry on all solo cross-country flights evidence of the authorisation required by FCL.020(a).

FCL.050 Recording of flight time

The pilot shall keep a reliable record of the details of all flights flown in a form and manner established by the Brunei DCA.

FCL.055 Language proficiency

- (a) General. Aeroplane and helicopter pilots required to use the radio telephone shall not exercise the privileges of their licences and ratings unless they have a language proficiency endorsement on their licence in either English or the language used for radio communications involved in the flight. The endorsement shall indicate the language, the proficiency level and the validity date.
- (b) The applicant for a language proficiency endorsement shall demonstrate, in accordance with Appendix 2 to this Part, at least an operational level of language proficiency both in the use of phraseologies and plain language to

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

an assessor or an approved language-testing body as applicable. To do so, the applicant shall demonstrate the ability to:

- (1) communicate effectively in voice-only and in face-to-face situations;
- (2) communicate on common and work-related topics with accuracy and clarity;
- (3) use appropriate communicative strategies to exchange messages and to recognise and resolve misunderstandings in a general or work-related context;
- (4) handle successfully the linguistic challenges presented by a complication or unexpected turn of events which occurs within the context of a routine work situation or communicative task with which they are otherwise familiar; and
- (5) use a dialect or accent which is intelligible to the aeronautical community.

Note: refer to the 'Manual on the Implementation of ICAO Language Proficiency Requirements' (ICAO Doc 9835), Appendix A Part III and Appendix B for further guidance.

- (c) Except for pilots who have demonstrated language proficiency at an expert level, in accordance with Appendix 2 to this Part, the language proficiency shall be re-evaluated every:
 - (1) 4 years, if the level demonstrated is operational level; or
 - (2) 6 years, if the level demonstrated is extended level.
- (d) Specific requirements for holders of an instrument rating (IR) or en-route instrument rating (EIR). Without prejudice to the paragraphs above, holders of an IR or an EIR shall have demonstrated the ability to use the English language at a level which allows them to:
 - (1) understand all the information relevant to the accomplishment of all phases of a flight, including flight preparation;
 - (2) use radio telephony in all phases of flight, including emergency situations;
 - (3) communicate with other crew members during all phases of flight, including flight preparation.
- (e) The demonstration of language proficiency and the use of English for IR or EIR holders shall be done through a method of assessment established by the Brunei DCA.

FCL.060 Recent experience

- (a) Aeroplanes and helicopters. A pilot shall not operate an aircraft in commercial air transport or carrying passengers:
 - (1) as PIC or co-pilot unless he/she has carried out, in the preceding 90 days, at least 3 take-offs, approaches and landings in an aircraft of the same type or class or an FFS representing that type or class. The 3 take-offs and landings shall be performed in either multi-pilot or

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

single-pilot operations, depending on the privileges held by the pilot;
and

- (2) as PIC at night unless he/she:
 - (i) has carried out in the preceding 90 days at least 1 take-off, approach and landing at night as a pilot flying in an aircraft of the same type or class or an FFS representing that type or class; or
 - (ii) holds an IR;
 - (3) as cruise relief co-pilot unless he/she:
 - (i) has complied with the requirements in (b)(1); or
 - (ii) has carried out in the preceding 90 days at least 3 sectors as a cruise relief pilot on the same type or class of aircraft; or
 - (iii) has carried out recency and refresher flying skill training in an FFS at intervals not exceeding 90 days. This refresher training may be combined with the operator's refresher training prescribed in the relevant requirements of Part-ORO.FC.
 - (4) When a pilot has the privilege to operate more than one type of aeroplane with similar handling and operation characteristics, the 3 take-offs, approaches and landings required in (1) may be performed as defined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21.
 - (5) When a pilot has the privilege to operate more than one type of non-complex helicopter with similar handling and operation characteristics, as defined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21, the 3 take-offs, approaches and landings required in (1) may be performed in just one of the types, provided that the pilot has completed at least 2 hours of flight in each of the types of helicopter, during the preceding 6 months.
- (b) Specific requirements for commercial air transport:
- (1) In the case of commercial air transport, the 90-day period prescribed in subparagraphs (b)(1) and (2) above may be extended up to a maximum of 120 days, as long as the pilot undertakes line flying under the supervision of a type rating instructor or examiner.
 - (2) When the pilot does not comply with the requirement in (1), he/she shall complete a training flight with an instructor qualified in accordance with Subpart J to instruct for that aircraft type. The training flight shall be performed in the aircraft or an FFS of the aircraft type to be used, and shall include at least the requirements described in (b)(1) and (2) before he/she can exercise his/her privileges.

FCL.065 Curtailment of privileges of licence holders aged 60 years or more in commercial air transport

- (a) Age 60-64. Aeroplanes and helicopters. The holder of a pilot licence who has attained the age of 60 years shall not act as a pilot of an aircraft engaged in commercial air transport except as a member of a multi-pilot crew.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (b) Age 65. Except in the case of a holder of a balloon pilot licence, the holder of a pilot licence who has attained the age of 65 years shall not act as a pilot of an aircraft engaged in commercial air transport.
- (c) Age 70. The holder of a balloon pilot licence who has attained the age of 70 years shall not act as a pilot of a balloon engaged in commercial air transport.

FCL.070 Revocation, suspension and limitation of licences, ratings and certificates

- (a) Licences, ratings and certificates issued in accordance with this Part may be limited, suspended or revoked by the Brunei DCA when the pilot does not comply with the requirements of this Part, Part-Medical or the applicable operational requirements, in accordance with the conditions and procedures laid down in Part-ARA.
- (b) When the pilot has his/her licence suspended or revoked, he/she shall immediately return the licence or certificate to the Brunei DCA.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart B - Light Aircraft Pilot Licence - LAPL

Section 1 - Common requirements

FCL.100 LAPL Minimum age

Applicants for the LAPL shall be:

- (a) in the case of aeroplanes and helicopters, at least 17 years of age;

FCL.105 LAPL Privileges and conditions

- (a) General.

The privileges of the holder of an LAPL are to act without remuneration as PIC in non-commercial operations on the appropriate aircraft category.

- (b) Conditions.

Applicants for the LAPL shall have fulfilled the requirements for the relevant aircraft category and, when applicable, for the class or type of aircraft used in the skill test.

FCL.110 LAPL Crediting for the same aircraft category

- (a) Applicants for an LAPL who have held another licence in the same category of aircraft shall be fully credited towards the requirements of the LAPL in that category of aircraft.
- (b) Without prejudice to the paragraph above, if the licence has lapsed, the applicant shall have to pass a skill test in accordance with FCL.125 for the issue of an LAPL in the appropriate aircraft category.

FCL.115 LAPL Training course

- (a) Applicants for an LAPL shall complete a training course at an ATO.
- (b) The course shall include theoretical knowledge and flight instruction appropriate to the privileges of the LAPL applied for.
- (c) Theoretical knowledge instruction and flight instruction may be completed at an ATO different from the one where applicants have commenced their training.
- (d) Reserved.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.120 LAPL Theoretical knowledge examination

Applicants for an LAPL shall demonstrate a level of theoretical knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted, through examinations on the following:

- (a) common subjects:
 - (i) Air law,
 - (ii) Human performance,
 - (iii) Meteorology,
 - (iv) Communications, and
 - (v) Navigation.
- (b) specific subjects concerning the different aircraft categories:
 - (i) Principles of flight,
 - (ii) Operational procedures,
 - (iii) Flight performance and planning,
 - (iv) Aircraft general knowledge.

FCL.125 LAPL Skill test

- (a) Applicants for an LAPL shall demonstrate through the completion of a skill test the ability to perform, as PIC on the appropriate aircraft category, the relevant procedures and manoeuvres with competency appropriate to the privileges granted.
- (b) Applicants for the skill test shall have received flight instruction on the same class or type of aircraft to be used for the skill test. The privileges will be restricted to the class or type used for the skill test until further extensions are endorsed on the licence, in accordance with this Subpart.
- (c) Pass marks
 - (1) The skill test shall be divided into different sections, representing all the different phases of flight appropriate to the category of aircraft flown.
 - (2) Failure in any item of a section will cause the applicant to fail the entire section. If the applicant fails only 1 section, he/she shall repeat only that section. Failure in more than 1 section will cause the applicant to fail the entire test.
 - (3) When the test needs to be repeated in accordance with (2), failure in any section, including those that have been passed on a previous attempt, will cause the applicant to fail the entire test.
 - (4) Failure to achieve a pass in all sections of the test in 2 attempts will require further practical training.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 2 - Specific requirements for the LAPL for aeroplanes - LAPL(A)

FCL.105.A LAPL(A) Privileges and conditions

- (a) The privileges of the holder of an LAPL for aeroplanes are to act as PIC on single-engine piston aeroplanes-land with a maximum certificated take-off mass of 2000 kg or less, carrying a maximum of 3 passengers, such that there are never more than 4 persons on board of the aircraft.
- (b) Holders of a LAPL(A) shall only carry passengers once they have completed 10 hours of flight time as PIC on aeroplanes after the issuance of the licence.

FCL.110.A LAPL(A) Experience requirements and crediting

- (a) Applicants for an LAPL(A) shall have completed at least 30 hours of flight instruction on aeroplanes, including at least:
 - (1) 15 hours of dual flight instruction in the class in which the skill test will be taken;
 - (2) 6 hours of supervised solo flight time, including at least 3 hours of solo cross-country flight time with at least 1 cross-country flight of at least 150 km (80 NM), during which 1 full stop landing at an aerodrome different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made.
- (b) Applicants for an LAPL(A) holding an LAPL(S) with TMG extension shall have completed at least 21 hours of flight time on TMGs after the endorsement of the TMG extension and complied with the requirements of FCL.135.A(a) on aeroplanes.
- (c) Crediting. Applicants with prior experience as PIC may be credited towards the requirements in (a).

The amount of credit shall be decided by the ATO where the pilot undergoes the training course, on the basis of a pre- entry flight test, but shall in any case:

- (1) not exceed the total flight time as PIC;
- (2) not exceed 50 % of the hours required in (a);
- (3) not include the requirements of (a)(2).

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.135.A LAPL(A) Extension of privileges to another class or variant of aeroplane

- (a) The privileges of an LAPL(A) shall be limited to the class and variant of aeroplanes in which the skill test was taken. This limitation may be removed when the pilot has completed in another class the requirements below:
 - (1) 3 hours of flight instruction, including:
 - (i) 10 dual take-offs and landings; and
 - (ii) 10 supervised solo take-offs and landings.
 - (2) a skill test to demonstrate an adequate level of practical skill in the new class. During this skill test, the applicant shall also demonstrate to the examiner an adequate level of theoretical knowledge for the other class in the following subjects:
 - (i) Operational procedures;
 - (ii) Flight performance and planning;
 - (iii) Aircraft general knowledge.
- (b) In order to extend the privileges to another variant within a class, the pilot shall undertake differences training or do familiarisation. The differences training shall be entered in the pilot's logbook or equivalent document and signed by the instructor.

FCL.140.A LAPL(A) Recency requirements

- (a) Holders of an LAPL(A) shall only exercise the privileges of their licence when they have completed, in the last 24 months, as pilots of aeroplanes:
 - (1) at least 12 hours of flight time as PIC, including 12 take-offs and landings; and
 - (2) refresher training of at least 1 hour of total flight time with an instructor.
- (b) Holders of an LAPL(A) who do not comply with the requirements in (a) shall:
 - (1) undertake a proficiency check with an examiner before they resume the exercise of the privileges of their licence; or
 - (2) perform the additional flight time or take-offs and landings, flying dual or solo under the supervision of an instructor, in order to fulfil the requirements in (a).

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 3 - Specific requirements for the LAPL for helicopters - LAPL(H)

FCL.105.H LAPL(H) Privileges

The privileges of the holder of an LAPL for helicopters are to act as PIC on single-engine helicopters with a maximum certificated take-off mass of 2 000 kg or less, carrying a maximum of 3 passengers, such that there are never more than 4 persons on board.

FCL.110.H LAPL(H) Experience requirements and crediting

- (a) Applicants for the LAPL(H) shall have completed 40 hours of flight instruction on helicopters. At least 35 hours of which shall be flown on the type of helicopter that is to be used for the skill test. The flight instruction shall include at least:
- (1) 20 hours of dual flight instruction; and
 - (2) 10 hours of supervised solo flight time, including at least 5 hours of solo cross-country flight time with at least 1 cross-country flight of at least 150 km (80 NM), during which one full stop landing at an aerodrome different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made.
- (b) Crediting. Applicants with prior experience as PIC may be credited towards the requirements in (a).

The amount of credit shall be decided by the ATO where the pilot undergoes the training course, on the basis of a pre-entry flight test, but shall in any case:

- (1) not exceed the total flight time as PIC;
- (2) not exceed 50 % of the hours required in (a);
- (3) not include the requirements in (a)(2).

FCL.135.H LAPL(H) Extension of privileges to another type or variant of helicopter

- (a) The privileges of an LAPL(H) shall be limited to the specific type and variant of helicopter in which the skill test was taken. This limitation may be removed when the pilot has completed:
- (1) 5 hours of flight instruction, including:
 - (i) 15 dual take-offs, approaches and landings;
 - (ii) 15 supervised solo take-offs, approaches and landings;
 - (2) a skill test to demonstrate an adequate level of practical skill in the new type. During this skill test, the applicant shall also demonstrate to the examiner an adequate level of theoretical knowledge for the other type in the following subjects:
 - (i) Operational procedures,
 - (ii) Flight performance and planning,
 - (iii) Aircraft general knowledge.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (b) Before the holder of an LAPL(H) can exercise the privileges of the licence in another variant of helicopter than the one used for the skill test, the pilot shall undertake differences or familiarisation training, as determined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21. The differences training shall be entered in the pilot's logbook or equivalent record and signed by the instructor.

FCL.140.H LAPL(H) Recency requirements

Holders of an LAPL(H) shall exercise the privileges of their licence on specific type only if in the last 12 months they have either:

- (a) completed at least six hours of flight time on helicopters of that type as PIC, or flying dual or solo under the supervision of an instructor, including six take-offs, approaches and landings and completed a refresher training of at least 1 hour of total flight time with an instructor;
- (b) passed a proficiency check with an examiner on the specific type before resuming the exercise of the privileges of their licence. That proficiency check programme shall be based on the skill test for the LAPL(H).

Section 4 - Specific requirements for the LAPL for sailplanes - LAPL(S) - RESERVED

Section 5 - Specific requirements for the LAPL for balloons - LAPL(B) - RESERVED

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart C - Private Pilot Licence (PPL)

Section 1 - Common requirements

FCL.200 Minimum age

- (a) An applicant for a PPL shall be at least 17 years of age;

FCL.205 Conditions

Applicants for the issue of a PPL shall have fulfilled the requirements for the class or type rating for the aircraft used in the skill test, as established in Subpart H.

FCL.210 Training course

- (a) Applicants for a PPL shall complete a training course at an ATO.
- (b) The course shall include theoretical knowledge and flight instruction appropriate to the privileges of the PPL applied for.
- (c) Theoretical knowledge instruction and flight instruction may be completed at an ATO different from the one where applicants have commenced their training.

FCL.215 Theoretical knowledge examination

Applicants for a PPL shall demonstrate a level of theoretical knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted through examinations in the following subjects:

- (a) common subjects:
 - (1) Air law,
 - (2) Human performance,
 - (3) Meteorology, and
 - (4) Communications, and
 - (5) Navigation
- (b) specific subjects concerning the different aircraft categories:
 - (1) Principles of flight,
 - (2) Operational procedures,
 - (3) Flight performance and planning, and
 - (4) Aircraft general knowledge.

FCL.235 Skill test

- (a) Through the completion of a skill test, applicants for a PPL shall demonstrate the ability to perform as PIC on the appropriate aircraft category the relevant procedures and manoeuvres with the competency appropriate to the privileges granted.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (b) Applicants for the skill test shall have received flight instruction on the same class or type of aircraft, to be used for the skill test.
- (c) Pass marks
 - (1) The skill test shall be divided into different sections, representing all the different phases of flight appropriate to the category of aircraft flown.
 - (2) Failure in any item of a section will cause the applicant to fail the entire section. If the applicant fails only 1 section, he/she shall repeat only that section. Failure in more than 1 section will cause the applicant to fail the entire test.
 - (3) When the test needs to be repeated in accordance with (2), failure in any section, including those that have been passed on a previous attempt, will cause the applicant to fail the entire test.
 - (4) Failure to achieve a pass in all sections of the test in 2 attempts will require further training.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 2 - Specific requirements for the PPL for aeroplanes - PPL(A)

FCL.205.A PPL(A) Privileges

- (a) The privileges of the holder of a PPL(A) are to act without remuneration as PIC or co-pilot on aeroplanes engaged in non-commercial operations and to exercise all privileges of holders of an LAPL(A).
- (b) Notwithstanding the paragraph above, the holder of a PPL(A) with instructor or examiner privileges may receive remuneration for:
 - (1) the provision of flight instruction for the LAPL(A) or PPL(A);
 - (2) the conduct of skill tests and proficiency checks for these licences;
 - (3) the training, testing and checking for the ratings or certificates attached to this licence.

FCL.210.A PPL(A) Experience requirements and crediting

- (a) Applicants for a PPL(A) shall have completed at least 45 hours of flight instruction in aeroplanes, 5 of which may have been completed in an FSTD, including at least:
 - (1) 25 hours of dual flight instruction; and
 - (2) 10 hours of supervised solo flight time, including at least 5 hours of solo cross-country flight time with at least 1 cross-country flight of at least 270 km (150 NM), during which full stop landings at 2 aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made.
- (b) Specific requirements for applicants holding an LAPL(A). Applicants for a PPL(A) holding an LAPL(A) shall have completed at least 15 hours of flight time on aeroplanes after the issue of the LAPL(A), of which at least 10 shall be flight instruction completed in a training course at an ATO. This training course shall include at least 4 hours of supervised solo flight time, including at least 2 hours of solo cross-country flight time with at least 1 cross-country flight of at least 270 km (150 NM), during which full stop landings at 2 aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made.
- (c) Specific requirements for applicants holding an LAPL(S) with a TMG extension. Applicants for a PPL(A) holding an LAPL(S) with a TMG extension shall have completed:
 - (1) at least 24 hours of flight time on TMG after the endorsement of the TMG extension; and
 - (2) 15 hours of flight instruction in aeroplanes in a training course at an ATO, including at least the requirements of (a)(2).
- (d) Crediting. Applicants holding a pilot licence for another category of aircraft, with the exception of balloons, shall be credited with 10 % of their total flight time as PIC on such aircraft up to a maximum of 10 hours. The amount of credit given shall in any case not include the requirements in (a)(2).

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 3 - Specific requirements for the PPL helicopters - PPL(H)

FCL.205.H PPL(H) Privileges

- (a) The privileges of the holder of a PPL(H) are to act without remuneration as PIC or co-pilot of helicopters engaged in non-commercial operations and to exercise all privileges of holders of an LAPL(H).
- (b) Notwithstanding the paragraph above, the holder of a PPL(H) with instructor or examiner privileges may receive remuneration for:
 - (1) the provision of flight instruction for the LAPL(H) or the PPL(H);
 - (2) the conduct of skill tests and proficiency checks for these licences;
 - (3) the training, testing and checking for the ratings and certificates attached to this licence.

FCL.210.H PPL(H) Experience requirements and crediting

- (a) Applicants for a PPL(H) shall have completed at least 45 hours of flight instruction on helicopters, 5 of which may have been completed in an FNPT or FFS, including at least:
 - (1) 25 hours of dual flight instruction; and
 - (2) 10 hours of supervised solo flight time, including at least 5 hours of solo cross-country flight time with at least 1 cross-country flight of at least 185 km (100 NM), with full stop landings at 2 aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure.
 - (3) 35 of the 45 hours of flight instruction have to be completed on the same type of helicopter as the one used for the skill test.
- (b) Specific requirements for an applicant holding an LAPL(H). Applicants for a PPL(H) holding an LAPL(H) shall complete a training course at an ATO. This training course shall include at least 5 hours of dual flight instruction time and at least 1 supervised solo cross-country flight of at least 185 km (100 NM), with full stop landings at 2 aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure.
- (c) Applicants holding a pilot licence for another category of aircraft, with the exception of balloons, shall be credited with 10 % of their total flight time as PIC on such aircraft up to a maximum of 6 hours. The amount of credit given shall in any case not include the requirements in (a)(2).

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

**Section 4 - Specific requirements for the PPL for airships -
PPL(As) - RESERVED**

**Section 5 - Specific requirements for the sailplane pilot licence
(SPL) - RESERVED**

**Section 6 - Specific requirements for the balloon pilot licence
(BPL) - RESERVED**

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart D - Commercial Pilot Licence - CPL (A) & (H)

Section 1 - Common requirements

FCL.300 CPL Minimum age

An applicant for a CPL shall be at least 18 years of age.

FCL.305 CPL Privileges and conditions

- (a) Privileges. The privileges of the holder of a CPL are, within the appropriate aircraft category, to:
- (1) exercise all the privileges of the holder of an LAPL and a PPL;
 - (2) act as PIC or co-pilot of any aircraft engaged in operations other than commercial air transport;
 - (3) act as PIC in commercial air transport of any single-pilot aircraft subject to the restrictions specified in FCL.060 and in this Subpart;
 - (4) act as co-pilot in commercial air transport subject to the restrictions specified in FCL.060.
- (b) Conditions. An applicant for the issue of a CPL shall have fulfilled the requirements for the class or type rating of the aircraft used in the skill test.

FCL.310 CPL Theoretical knowledge examinations

An applicant for a CPL shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted in the following subjects:

- (a) Air Law
- (b) Aircraft General Knowledge – airframe/systems/power plant;
- (c) aircraft general knowledge – instrumentation;
- (d) Mass and Balance
- (e) Performance
- (f) Flight Planning and Monitoring
- (g) Human Performance
- (h) Meteorology
- (i) General Navigation
- (j) Radio Navigation
- (k) Operational Procedures
- (l) Principles of Flight
- (m) Visual Flight Rules (VFR) Communications.
- (n) communications

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.315 CPL Training course

An applicant for a CPL shall have completed theoretical knowledge instruction and flight instruction at an ATO, in accordance with Appendix 3 to this Part.

FCL.320 CPL Skill test

An applicant for a CPL shall pass a skill test in accordance with Appendix 4 to this Part to demonstrate the ability to perform, as PIC of the appropriate aircraft category, the relevant procedures and manoeuvres with the competency appropriate to the privileges granted.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 2 - Specific requirements for the aeroplane category - CPL(A)

FCL.315.A CPL Training course

Theoretical knowledge and flight instruction for the issue of a CPL(A) shall include upset prevention and recovery training.

FCL.325.A CPL(A) Specific conditions for MPL holders

Before exercising the privileges of a CPL(A), the holder of an MPL shall have completed in aeroplanes:

- (a) 70 hours of flight time:
 - (1) as PIC; or
 - (2) made up of at least 10 hours as PIC and the additional flight time as PIC under supervision (PICUS).

Of these 70 hours, 20 shall be of VFR cross-country flight time as PIC, or cross-country flight time made up of at least 10 hours as PIC and 10 hours as PICUS. This shall include a VFR cross-country flight of at least 540 km (300 NM) in the course of which full-stop landings at two different aerodromes shall be flown as PIC;

- (b) the elements of the CPL(A) modular course as specified in paragraphs 10(a) and 11 of Appendix 3, E to this Part; and
- (c) the CPL(A) skill test, in accordance with FCL.320.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart E - Multi-Crew Pilot Licence - MPL

FCL.400.A MPL Minimum age

An applicant for an MPL shall be at least 18 years of age.

FCL.405.A MPL Privileges

- (a) The privileges of the holder of an MPL are to act as co-pilot in an aeroplane required to be operated with a co-pilot.
- (b) The holder of an MPL may obtain the extra privileges of:
 - (1) the holder of a PPL(A), provided that the requirements for the PPL(A) specified in Subpart C are met;
 - (2) a CPL(A), provided that the requirements specified in FCL.325.A are met.
- (c) The holder of an MPL shall have the privileges of his/her IR(A) limited to aeroplanes required to be operated with a co-pilot. The privileges of the IR(A) may be extended to single-pilot operations in aeroplanes, provided that the licence holder has completed the training necessary to act as PIC in single-pilot operations exercised solely by reference to instruments and passed the skill test of the IR(A) as a single-pilot.

FCL.410.A MPL Training course and theoretical knowledge examinations

- (a) Course. An applicant for an MPL shall have completed a training course of theoretical knowledge and flight instruction at an ATO in accordance with Appendix 5 to this Part. Theoretical knowledge and flight instruction for the issue of an MPL shall include upset prevention and recovery training.
- (b) Examination. An applicant for an MPL shall have demonstrated a level of knowledge appropriate to the holder of an ATPL(A), in accordance with FCL.515, and of a multi-pilot type rating.

FCL.415.A MPL Practical skill

- (a) An applicant for an MPL shall have demonstrated through continuous assessment the skills required for fulfilling all the competency units specified in Appendix 5 to this Part, as pilot flying and pilot not flying, in a multi-engine turbine-powered multi-pilot aeroplane, under VFR and IFR.
- (b) On completion of the training course, the applicant shall pass a skill test in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part, to demonstrate the ability to perform the relevant procedures and manoeuvres with the competency appropriate to the privileges granted. The skill test shall be taken in the type of aeroplane used on the advanced phase of the MPL integrated training course or in an FFS representing the same type.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart F - Airline Transport Pilot Licence - ATPL

Section 1 - Common requirements

FCL.500 ATPL Minimum age

Applicants for an ATPL shall be at least 21 years of age.

FCL.505 ATPL Privileges

- (a) The privileges of the holder of an ATPL are, within the appropriate aircraft category, to:
 - (1) exercise all the privileges of the holder of an LAPL, a PPL and a CPL;
 - (2) act as PIC of aircraft engaged in commercial air transport.
- (b) Applicants for the issue of an ATPL shall have fulfilled the requirements for the type rating of the aircraft used in the skill test.

FCL.515 ATPL Training course and theoretical knowledge examinations

- (a) Course. Applicants for an ATPL shall have completed a training course at an ATO. The course shall be either an integrated training course or a modular course, in accordance with Appendix 3 to this Part.
- (b) Examination. Applicants for an ATPL shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted in the following subjects:
 - (1) Air Law,
 - (2) Aircraft General Knowledge
 - (i) Airframe/Systems/Power plant,
 - (ii) Instrumentation,
 - (3) Mass and Balance,
 - (4) Performance,
 - (5) Flight Planning and Monitoring,
 - (6) Human Performance,
 - (7) Meteorology,
 - (8) General Navigation,
 - (9) Radio Navigation,
 - (10) Operational Procedures,
 - (11) Principles of Flight, and
 - (12) Communications.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 2 - Specific requirements for the aeroplane category - ATPL(A)

FCL.505.A ATPL(A) Restriction of privileges for pilots previously holding an MPL

When the holder of an ATPL(A) has previously held only an MPL, the privileges of the licence shall be restricted to multi-pilot operations, unless the holder has complied with FCL.405.A(b)(2) and (c) for single-pilot operations.

FCL.510.A ATPL(A) Prerequisites, experience and crediting

- (a) Prerequisites. Applicants for an ATPL(A) shall hold:
- (1) an MPL; or
 - (2) a CPL(A) and a multi-engine IR for aeroplanes. In this case, the applicant shall also have received instruction in MCC.
- (b) Experience. Applicants for an ATPL(A) shall have completed a minimum of 1 500 hours of flight time in aeroplanes, including at least:
- (1) 500 hours in multi-pilot operations on aeroplanes;
 - (2)
 - (i) 500 hours as PIC under supervision; or
 - (ii) 250 hours as PIC; or
 - (iii) 250 hours, including at least 70 hours as PIC, and the remaining as PIC under supervision;
 - (3) 200 hours of cross-country flight time of which at least 100 hours shall be as PIC or as PIC under supervision;
 - (4) 75 hours of instrument time of which not more than 30 hours may be instrument ground time; and
 - (5) 100 hours of night flight as PIC or co-pilot.

Of the 1 500 hours of flight time, up to 100 hours of flight time may have been completed in an FFS and FNPT. Of these 100 hours, only a maximum of 25 hours may be completed in an FNPT.

- (c) Crediting.
- (1) Holders of a pilot licence for other categories of aircraft shall be credited with flight time up to a maximum of:
 - (i) for TMG or sailplanes, 30 hours flown as PIC;
 - (ii) for helicopters, 50 % of all the flight time requirements of paragraph (b).
 - (2) Holders of a flight engineer licence issued in accordance with applicable national rules shall be credited with 50 % of the flight engineer time up to a maximum credit of 250 hours. These 250 hours may be credited against the 1 500 hours requirement of paragraph (b), and the 500 hours requirement of paragraph (b)(1), provided that

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

the total credit given against any of these paragraphs does not exceed 250 hours.

- (d) The experience required in (b) shall be completed before the skill test for the ATPL(A) is taken.

FCL.520.A ATPL(A) Skill test

Applicants for an ATPL(A) shall pass a skill test in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part to demonstrate the ability to perform, as PIC of a multi-pilot aeroplane under IFR, the relevant procedures and manoeuvres with the competency appropriate to the privileges granted.

The skill test shall be taken in the aeroplane or an adequately qualified FFS representing the same type.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 3 - Specific requirements for the helicopter category - ATPL(H)

FCL.510.H ATPL(H) Prerequisites, experience and crediting

Applicants for an ATPL(H) shall:

- (a) hold a CPL(H) and a multi-pilot helicopter type rating and have received instruction in MCC;
- (b) have completed as a pilot of helicopters a minimum of 1 000 hours of flight time including at least:
 - (1) 350 hours in multi-pilot helicopters;
 - (2)
 - (i) 250 hours as PIC; or
 - (ii) 100 hours as PIC and 150 hours as PIC under supervision; or
 - (iii) 250 hours as PIC under supervision in multi-pilot helicopters. In this case, the ATPL(H) privileges shall be limited to multi-pilot operations only, until 100 hours as PIC have been completed;
 - (3) 200 hours of cross-country flight time of which at least 100 hours shall be as PIC or as PIC under supervision;
 - (4) 30 hours of instrument time of which not more than 10 hours may be instrument ground time; and
 - (5) 100 hours of night flight as PIC or as co-pilot (this may be completed in a FSTD).

Of the 1 000 hours, a maximum of 100 hours may have been completed in an FSTD, of which not more than 25 hours may be completed in an FNPT.

- (c) Flight time in aeroplanes shall be credited up to 50 % against the flight time requirements of paragraph (b).
- (d) The experience required in (b) shall be completed before the skill test for the ATPL(H) is taken.

FCL.520.H ATPL(H) Skill test

Applicants for an ATPL(H) shall pass a skill test in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part to demonstrate the ability to perform as PIC of a multi-pilot helicopter the relevant procedures and manoeuvres with the competency appropriate to the privileges granted.

The skill test shall be taken in the helicopter or an adequately qualified FFS representing the same type.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart G - Instrument Rating - IR

Section 1 - Common requirements

FCL.600 IR General

Except as provided in FCL.825, operations under IFR on an aeroplane and helicopter shall only be conducted by holders of a PPL, CPL, MPL and ATPL with an IR appropriate to the category of aircraft or when undergoing skill testing or dual instruction.

FCL.605 IR Privileges

- (a) The privileges of a holder of an IR are to fly aircraft under IFR, including PBN operations, with a minimum decision height of 200 feet (60 m).
- (b) In the case of a multi-engine IR, these privileges may be extended to decision heights lower than 200 feet (60 m) when the applicant has undergone specific training at an ATO and has passed section 6 of the skill test prescribed in Appendix 9 to this Part in multi-pilot aircraft.
- (c) Holders of an IR shall exercise their privileges in accordance with the conditions established in Appendix 8 to this Part.
- (d) Helicopters only. To exercise privileges as PIC under IFR in multi-pilot helicopters, the holder of an IR(H) shall have at least 70 hours of instrument time of which up to 30 hours may be instrument ground time.

FCL.610 IR Prerequisites and crediting

Applicants for an IR shall:

- (a) hold:
 - (1) at least a PPL in the appropriate aircraft category, and:
 - (i) the privileges to fly at night in accordance with FCL.810, if the IR privileges will be used at night; or
 - (ii) an ATPL in another category of aircraft; or
 - (2) a CPL, in the appropriate aircraft category;
- (b) have completed at least 50 hours of cross-country flight time as PIC in aeroplanes, TMGs, helicopters or airships, of which at least 10 or, in the case of airships, 20 hours shall be in the relevant aircraft category.
- (c) Helicopters only. Applicants who have completed an ATP(H)/IR, ATP(H), CPL(H)/IR or CPL(H) integrated training course shall be exempted from the requirement in (b).

FCL.615 IR Theoretical knowledge and flight instruction

- (a) Course

Applicants for an IR shall have received a course of theoretical knowledge and flight instruction at an ATO. The course shall be:

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (1) an integrated training course which includes training for the IR, in accordance with Appendix 3 to this Part; or
- (2) a modular course in accordance with Appendix 6 to this Part.

(b) Examination

Applicants shall demonstrate a level of theoretical knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted in the following subjects:

- (1) Air Law;
- (2) Aircraft General Knowledge – Instrumentation;
- (3) Flight Planning and Monitoring;
- (4) Human Performance;
- (5) Meteorology;
- (6) Radio Navigation; and
- (7) Communications.

FCL.620 IR Skill test

- (a) Applicants for an IR shall pass a skill test in accordance with Appendix 7 to this Part to demonstrate the ability to perform the relevant procedures and manoeuvres with a degree of competency appropriate to the privileges granted.
- (b) For a multi-engine IR, the skill test shall be taken in a multi-engine aircraft. For a single-engine IR, the test shall be taken in a single-engine aircraft. A multi-engine centreline thrust aeroplane shall be considered a single-engine aeroplane for the purposes of this paragraph.
- (c) Applicants who have completed a skill test for a multi-engine IR in a single-pilot multi-engine aeroplane for which a class rating is required shall also be issued with a single-engine IR for the single-engine aeroplane class or type ratings that they hold.

FCL.625 IR Validity, revalidation and renewal

(a) Validity

An IR shall be valid for 1 year.

(b) Revalidation

- (1) An IR shall be revalidated within the 3 months immediately preceding the expiry date by complying with the revalidation criteria for the relevant aircraft category.
- (2) if applicants choose to fulfil the revalidation requirements earlier than prescribed in point (1), the new validity period shall commence from the date of the proficiency check.
- (3) Applicants who fail to pass the relevant section of an IR proficiency check before the expiry date of the IR shall exercise the IR privileges only if they have passed the IR proficiency check.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (4) Applicants for the revalidation of an IR shall receive full credits for the proficiency check as required in this Subpart when they complete EBT practical assessment in accordance with Appendix 10 related to the IR at an EBT operator.

(c) Renewal

If an IR has expired, in order to renew their privileges, applicants shall comply with all of the following:

- (1) in order to determine whether refresher training is necessary for the applicant to reach the level of proficiency needed to pass the instrument element of the skill test in accordance with Appendix 9, they shall undergo an assessment at either of the following organisations:
 - (i) at an ATO;
 - (ii) at an EBT operator that is specifically approved for such refresher training;
 - (2) if deemed necessary by the organisation providing the assessment in accordance with point (1), they shall complete refresher training at that organisation.
 - (3) after complying with point (1) and, as applicable, point (2), they shall pass a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 or complete EBT practical assessment in accordance with Appendix 10 in the relevant aircraft category. That EBT practical assessment may be combined with the refresher training specified in point (2);
 - (4) they shall hold the relevant class or type rating unless specified otherwise in this Annex;
- (d) If the IR has not been revalidated or renewed within the preceding 7 years and if the pilot does not hold a valid IR on a pilot licence issued by a foreign country in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention, the holder will be required to pass again the IR theoretical knowledge examination and skill test.
- (e) Holders of a valid IR on a pilot licence issued by a foreign country in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention shall be exempted from complying with the requirements in points (c)(1), (c)(1) and (d) when renewing the IR privileges contained in licences issued in accordance with this Annex.
- (f) The proficiency check mentioned in points (c)(3) may be combined with a proficiency check performed for the renewal of the relevant class or type rating.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 2 - Specific requirements for the aeroplane category

FCL.625.A IR(A) Revalidation

(a) Revalidation.

Applicants for the revalidation of an IR(A):

- (1) hold the relevant class or type rating, unless the IR revalidation is combined with the renewal of the relevant class or type rating;
 - (2) pass a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this BAR 1 Part-FCL, or complete EBT practical assessment in accordance with Appendix 10, if the IR revalidation is combined with the revalidation of a class or type rating;
 - (3) if the IR revalidation is not combined with the revalidation of a class or type rating:
 - (i) for single-pilot aeroplanes, complete section 3b and those parts of section 1 which are relevant to the intended flight of the proficiency check prescribed in Appendix 9 to this Part; and in addition
 - (ii) for multi-engine aeroplanes, complete section 6 of the proficiency check for single-pilot aeroplanes in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part by sole reference to instruments; and
 - (4) An FNPT II or an FFS representing the relevant class or type of aeroplane may be used for the revalidation pursuant to point (3), provided that at least each alternate proficiency check for the revalidation of an IR(A) is performed in an aeroplane.
- (b) Cross-credit shall be given in accordance with Appendix 8 to this Part.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 3 - Specific requirements for the helicopter category

FCL.625.H IR(H) Revalidation

- (a) To revalidate an IR(H), applicants shall:
 - (1) hold the relevant type rating, unless the IR revalidation is combined with the renewal of the relevant type rating
 - (2) pass a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part for the relevant type of helicopter if the IR revalidation is combined with the revalidation of a type rating
 - (3) if the IR revalidation is not combined with the revalidation of a type rating, complete Section 5 and the relevant parts of Section 1 of the proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part for the relevant type of helicopter.
- (b) An FTD 2/3 or an FFS representing the relevant type of helicopter may be used for the proficiency check pursuant to point (a)(3), provided that at least each alternate proficiency check for the revalidation of an IR(H) is performed in a helicopter.
- (c) Cross-credit shall be given in accordance with Appendix 8 to this Part.

FCL.630.H IR(H) Extension of privileges from single-engine to multi-engine helicopters

Holders of an IR(H) valid for single-engine helicopters wishing to extend for the first time the IR(H) to multi-engine helicopters shall complete:

- (a) a training course at an ATO comprising at least 5 hours dual instrument instruction time, of which 3 hours may be in an FFS or FTD 2/3 or FNPT II/III; and
- (b) section 5 of the skill test in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part on multi-engine helicopters.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

**Section 4 - Specific requirements for the airship category -
RESERVED**

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart H - Class and Type Ratings

Section 1 - Common requirements

FCL.700 Circumstances in which class or type ratings are required

- (a) Holders of a pilot licence shall act as pilots of an aircraft only if they have a valid and appropriate class or type rating, unless any of the following applies:
 - (1) if exercising the privileges of an LAPL;
 - (2) if they take skill tests or proficiency checks for renewal of class or type ratings;
 - (3) if they receive flight instruction;
 - (4) if they hold a flight test rating issued in accordance with point FCL.820.
- (b) Notwithstanding (a), in the case of flights related to the introduction or modification of aircraft types, pilots may hold a special certificate given by the competent authority, authorising them to perform the flights. This authorisation shall have its validity limited to the specific flights.

FCL.705 Privileges of the holder of a class or type rating

The privileges of the holder of a class or type rating are to act as pilot on the class or type of aircraft specified in the rating.

FCL.710 Class and type ratings - variants

- (a) Pilots shall complete differences training or familiarisation in order to extend their privileges to another variant of aircraft within one class or type rating. In the case of variants within a class or type rating, the differences training or familiarisation shall include the relevant elements defined in the OSD, where applicable.
- (b) The differences training shall be conducted at any of the following:
 - (1) an ATO;
 - (2) an AOC holder having an approved differences training programme for the relevant class or type.
- (c) Notwithstanding the requirement in point (b), single-engine piston (SEP), single-engine turbine (SET) and multi-engine piston (MEP) aeroplanes may be conducted by an appropriately qualified instructor unless otherwise provided in the OSD.
- (d) If pilots have not flown the variant within 2 years following the training listed in point (b), a further differences training or a proficiency check in that variant shall be completed, except for types or variants within the SEP.
- (e) The differences training or the proficiency check in that variant shall be entered in the pilots' logbook or equivalent record and signed by the instructor or examiner as appropriate.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.725 Requirements for the issue of class and type ratings

- (a) Training course. An applicant for a class or type rating shall complete a training course at an ATO. The type rating training course shall include the mandatory training elements for the relevant type as defined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21.
- (b) Theoretical knowledge examination. The applicant for a class or type rating shall pass a theoretical knowledge examination organised by the ATO to demonstrate the level of theoretical knowledge required for the safe operation of the applicable aircraft class or type.
 - (1) for multi-pilot aircraft, the theoretical knowledge examination shall be written and comprise at least 100 multiple-choice questions distributed appropriately across the main subjects of the syllabus.
 - (2) for single-pilot multi-engine aircraft, the theoretical knowledge examination shall be written and the number of multiple-choice questions shall depend on the complexity of the aircraft.
 - (3) for single-engine aircraft, the theoretical knowledge examination shall be conducted verbally by the examiner during the skill test to determine whether or not a satisfactory level of knowledge has been achieved.
 - (4) for single-pilot aeroplanes that are classified as high performance aeroplanes, the examination shall be written and comprise at least 100 multiple-choice questions distributed appropriately across the subjects of the syllabus.
 - (5) for single-pilot single-engine and single-pilot multi-engine aeroplanes, the examination shall be in a written form and shall comprise at least 30 multiple-choice questions.
- (c) Skill test. An applicant for a class or type rating shall pass a skill test in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part to demonstrate the skill required for the safe operation of the applicable class or type of aircraft.

The applicant shall pass the skill test within a period of 6 months after commencement of the class or type rating training course and within a period of 6 months preceding the application for the issue of the class or type rating.

- (d) An applicant who already holds a type rating for an aircraft type, with the privilege for either single-pilot or multi-pilot operations, shall be considered to have already fulfilled the theoretical requirements when applying to add the privilege for the other form of operation on the same aircraft type.
- (e) Notwithstanding the paragraphs above, pilots holding a flight test rating issued in accordance with FCL.820 who were involved in development, certification or production flight tests for an aircraft type, and have completed either 50 hours of total flight time or 10 hours of flight time as PIC on test flights in that type, shall be entitled to apply for the issue of the relevant type rating, provided that they comply with the experience requirements and the prerequisites for the issue of that type rating, as established in this Subpart for the relevant aircraft category.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.740 Validity and renewal of class and type ratings

(a) Validity

- (1) The validity period of class and type ratings shall be 1 year, except for single-pilot single-engine class ratings for which the validity period shall be 2 years, unless otherwise determined in the OSD. If pilots choose to fulfil the revalidation requirements earlier than prescribed in points FCL.740.A, FCL.740.H, FCL.740.PL and FCL.740.As, the new validity period shall commence from the date of the proficiency check.
- (2) Applicants for the revalidation of a class or type rating shall receive full credits for the proficiency check as required in this Subpart when they complete EBT practical assessment in accordance with Appendix 10 at an operator that has implemented EBT for the relevant class or type rating.

(b) Renewal

For the renewal of a class or type rating, applicants shall comply with all of the following:

- (1) in order to determine whether refresher training is necessary for the applicant to reach the level of proficiency to safely operate the aircraft, they shall undergo an assessment at one of the following:
 - (i) at an ATO;
 - (ii) at a DTO or at an ATO, if the expired rating concerned a non-high-performance single-engine piston class rating, a TMG class rating or a single-engine type rating for helicopters referred to in point DTO. GEN.110(a)(2)(c) of Annex VIII;
 - (iii) at a DTO, at an ATO or with an instructor, if the rating expired no more than 3 years ago and the rating concerned a non-high-performance single-engine piston class rating or a TMG class rating;
 - (iv) at an EBT operator that is specifically approved for such refresher training;
- (2) if deemed necessary by the organisation or the instructor providing the assessment as per point (1), they shall complete refresher training at that organisation or with that instructor;
- (3) after complying with point (1) and, as applicable, point (2), they shall pass a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 or complete EBT practical assessment in accordance with Appendix 10. That EBT practical assessment may be combined with the refresher training specified in point (2).

By way of derogation from points (b)(1), (b)(2) and (b)(3), pilots holding a flight test rating issued in accordance with point FCL.820 who were involved in the development, certification or production flight tests for an aircraft type and have completed either 50 hours of total flight time or 10 hours of flight time as PIC in test flights in that type during the year prior to the date of their application, shall be entitled to apply for the revalidation or renewal of the relevant type rating.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Applicants shall be exempted from the requirement in points (b)(1) and (b)(2) if they hold a valid rating for the same class or type of aircraft on a pilot licence issued by a third country in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention and if they are entitled to exercise the privileges of that rating.

- (c) Pilots who leave an operator's EBT programme after having failed to demonstrate an acceptable level of competence in accordance with that EBT programme shall not exercise the privileges of that type rating until they have complied with one of the following:
- (1) they have completed EBT practical assessment in accordance with Appendix 10;
 - (2) they have passed a proficiency check in accordance with point FCL.625(c)(3) or point FCL.740(b)(3), as applicable. In such a case, point FCL.625(b)(4) and point FCL.740(a)(2) shall not apply.;

Section 2 - Specific requirements for the aeroplane category

FCL.720.A Experience requirements and prerequisites for the issue of class or type ratings - aeroplanes

Unless otherwise determined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21, applicants for the issue of a class or type rating shall comply with the following experience requirements and prerequisites for the issue of the relevant rating:

- (a) Applicants for the initial issue of privileges to operate a single-pilot aeroplane in multi-pilot operations, either when applying for the issue of a class or type rating or when extending the privileges of a class or type rating already held to multi-pilot operation, shall meet the requirements in point (b)(4) and, before starting the relevant training course, point (b)(5).

Additionally, for:

- (1) Single-pilot multi-engine aeroplanes. Applicants for the issue of a first class or type rating on a single-pilot multi-engine aeroplane shall have completed at least 70 hours as PIC in aeroplanes.
- (2) Single-pilot high performance non-complex aeroplanes. Before starting flight training, applicants for the issue of a class or type rating for a single-pilot aeroplane classified as a high-performance aeroplane shall:
 - (i) have at least 200 hours of total flying experience, of which 7 hours as PIC in aeroplanes; and
 - (ii) comply with one of the following requirements:
 - (A) hold a certificate of satisfactory completion of a course for additional theoretical knowledge undertaken at an ATO; or
 - (B) have passed the ATPL(A) theoretical knowledge examinations in accordance with this BAR 1 Part-FCL; or
 - (C) hold, in addition to a licence issued in accordance with this BAR 1 Part-FCL, an ATPL(A) or CPL(A)/IR with theoretical knowledge credit for ATPL(A), issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (3) Single-pilot high-performance complex aeroplanes. Applicants for the issue of a type rating for a complex single-pilot aeroplanes classified as a high-performance aeroplane shall, in addition to meeting the requirements in point (2), comply with all of the following:
- (i) they shall hold or have held a single- or multi-engine IR(A), as appropriate and as established in Subpart G;
 - (ii) for the issue of the first type rating, they shall, before starting the type rating training course, meet the requirements in point (b)(5).
- (b) Multi-pilot aeroplanes. Applicants for the issue of the first type rating course for a multi-pilot aeroplanes shall be student pilots currently undergoing training on an MPL training course or shall, before starting the type rating training course, comply with the following requirements:
- (1) have at least 70 hours of flight experience as PIC in aeroplanes;
 - (2) hold or have held a multi-engine IR(A);
 - (3) have passed the ATPL(A) theoretical knowledge examinations in accordance with this BAR 1 Part-FCL;
 - (4) except when the type rating course is combined with an MCC course:
 - (i) hold a certificate of satisfactory completion of an MCC course in aeroplanes; or
 - (ii) hold a certificate of satisfactory completion of MCC in helicopters and have more than 100 hours of flight experience as pilots of multi-pilot helicopters; or
 - (iii) have at least 500 hours as pilots of multi-pilot helicopters; or
 - (iv) have at least 500 hours as pilots in multi-pilot operations on single-pilot multi-engine aeroplanes, in commercial air transport in accordance with the applicable air operations requirements; and
 - (5) have completed the training course specified in FCL.745.A unless they comply with any of the following:
 - (i) they completed, within the preceding 3 years, the training and checking in accordance with points ORO.FC.220 and ORO.FC.230 of BAR 6 Part-ORO;
 - (ii) they have completed the training specified in point FCL.915(e)(1)(ii).';
- (c) Notwithstanding point (b), Brunei Darussalam may issue type rating with restricted privileges for a multi-pilot aeroplane that allows holders of such a rating to act as cruise relief co-pilots above Flight Level 200, provided that two other members of the crew have a type rating in accordance with point (b).
- (d) When so determined in the OSD, the exercise of the privileges of a type rating may be initially limited to flight under the supervision of an instructor. The flight hours under supervision shall be entered in the pilots' logbook or equivalent record and signed by the instructor. The limitation shall be removed when pilots demonstrate that the hours of flight under supervision required in the OSD have been completed.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.725.A Theoretical knowledge and flight instruction for the issue of class and type ratings - aeroplanes

Unless otherwise determined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21:

- (a) Single-pilot multi-engine aeroplanes.
 - (1) the theoretical knowledge course for a single-pilot multi-engine class rating shall include at least 7 hours of instruction in multi-engine aeroplane operations; and
 - (2) the flight training course for a single-pilot multi-engine class or type rating shall include at least 2 hours and 30 minutes of dual flight instruction under normal conditions of multi-engine aeroplane operations, and not less than 3 hours 30 minutes of dual flight instruction in engine failure procedures and asymmetric flight techniques.
- (b) for single-pilot non-performance complex aeroplanes, single-pilot high-performance complex aeroplanes and multi-pilot aeroplanes, the training courses shall include UPRT theoretical knowledge and flight instructions related to the specifications of the relevant class or type.

FCL.730.A Specific requirements for pilots undertaking a zero flight time type rating (ZFTT) course - aeroplanes

- (a) A pilot undertaking instruction at a ZFTT course shall have completed, on a multi-pilot turbo-jet aeroplane certificated to the standards of CS-25 or equivalent airworthiness code or on a multi-pilot turbo-prop aeroplane having a maximum certificated take-off mass of not less than 10 tonnes or a certificated passenger seating configuration of more than 19 passengers, at least:
 - (1) if an FFS qualified to level CG, C or interim C is used during the course, 1 500 hours flight time or 250 route sectors;
 - (2) if an FFS qualified to level DG or D is used during the course, 500 hours flight time or 100 route sectors.
- (b) When a pilot is changing from a turbo-prop to a turbo-jet aeroplane or from a turbo-jet to a turbo-prop aeroplane, additional simulator training shall be required.

FCL.735.A Multi-crew cooperation training course - aeroplanes

- (a) The MCC training course shall comprise at least:
 - (1) 25 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction and exercises; and
 - (2) 20 hours of practical MCC training, or 15 hours in the case of student pilots attending an ATP integrated course.

An FNPT II MCC or an FFS shall be used. When the MCC training is combined with initial type rating training, the practical MCC training may be reduced to no less than 10 hours if the same FNPTII MCC FFS is used for both the MCC and type rating training.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (b) The MCC training course shall be completed within 6 months at an ATO.
- (c) Unless the MCC course has been combined with a type rating course, on completion of the MCC training course the applicant shall be given a certificate of completion.
- (d) An applicant having completed MCC training for any other category of aircraft shall be exempted from the requirement in (a)(1).

FCL.740.A Revalidation of class and type ratings - aeroplanes

- (a) Revalidation of multi-engine class ratings and type ratings. For revalidation of multi-engine class ratings and type ratings, the applicant shall:
 - (1) pass a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part or complete EBT practical assessment in accordance with Appendix 10 in the relevant class or type of aeroplane or an FSTD representing that class or type, within the 3 months immediately preceding the expiry date of the rating; and
 - (2) complete during the period of validity of the rating, at least:
 - (i) 10 route sectors as pilot of the relevant class or type of aeroplane; or
 - (ii) 1 route sector as pilot of the relevant class or type of aeroplane or FFS, flown with an examiner. This route sector may be flown during the proficiency check.
 - (3) a pilot working for a commercial air transport operator approved in accordance with the applicable air operations requirements who has passed the operators proficiency check combined with the proficiency check for the revalidation of the class or type rating shall be exempted from complying with the requirement in (2).
 - (4) the revalidation of a BIR or an IR(A), if held, may be combined with a proficiency check for the revalidation of a class or type rating.
- (b) Revalidation of single-pilot single-engine class ratings.
 - (1) single-engine piston aeroplane class ratings

For revalidation of single-pilot single-engine piston aeroplane class ratings the applicant shall:

- (i) within the 3 months preceding the expiry date of the rating, pass a proficiency check in the relevant class in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part with an examiner; or
- (ii) within the 12 months preceding the expiry date of the rating, complete 12 hours of flight time in the relevant class, including:
 - (A) 6 hours as PIC,
 - (B) 12 take-offs and 12 landings, and
 - (C) a training flight of at least 1 hour with a flight instructor (FI) or a class rating instructor (CRI). Applicants shall be exempted from this flight if they have passed a class or type rating proficiency check or skill test in any other class or type of aeroplane.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (2) when applicants hold a single-engine piston aeroplane-land class rating, they may complete the requirements of (1) in either class, and achieve revalidation of rating.
 - (3) Single-pilot single-engine turbo-prop aeroplanes. For revalidation of single-engine turbo-prop class ratings applicants shall pass a proficiency check on the relevant class in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part with an examiner, within the 3 months preceding the expiry date of the rating.
 - (4) When applicants hold both a single-engine piston aeroplane-land class rating and a single-engine piston aeroplane-sea class rating, they may complete the requirements of (1)(ii) in either class or a combination thereof, and achieve the fulfilment of these requirements for both ratings. At least 1 hour of required PIC time and 6 of the required 12 take-offs and landings shall be completed in each class.
- (c) Applicants who fail to achieve a pass in all sections of a proficiency check before the expiry date of a class or type rating shall not exercise the privileges of that rating until a pass in the proficiency check has been achieved.

FCL.745.A Advanced UPRT course – aeroplanes

- (a) The advanced UPRT course shall be completed at an ATO and shall comprise at least:
 - (1) 5 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction;
 - (2) preflight briefings and postflight debriefings; and
 - (3) 3 hours of dual flight instruction with a flight instructor for aeroplanes FI(A) qualified in accordance with point FCL.915(e) and consisting of advanced UPRT in an aeroplane qualified for the training task.
- (b) Upon completion of the UPRT course, applicants shall be issued with a certificate of completion by the ATO.

Section 3 - Specific requirements for the helicopter category

FCL.720.H Experience requirements and prerequisites for the issue of type ratings - helicopters

Unless otherwise determined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21, an applicant for the issue of the first helicopter type rating shall comply with the following experience requirements and prerequisites for the issue of the relevant rating:

- (a) Multi-pilot helicopters.

An applicant for the first type rating course for a multi-pilot helicopter type shall:

 - (1) have at least 70 hours as PIC on helicopters;
 - (2) except when the type rating course is combined with an MCC course:
 - (i) hold a certificate of satisfactory completion of an MCC course in helicopters; or

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (ii) have at least 500 hours as a pilot on multi-pilot aeroplanes; or
 - (iii) have at least 500 hours as a pilot in multi-pilot operations on multi-engine helicopters;
 - (3) have passed the ATPL(H) theoretical knowledge examinations, or its equivalent.
- (b) An applicant for the first type rating course for a multi-pilot helicopter type who is a graduate from an ATP(H)/IR, ATP(H), CPL(H)/IR or CPL(H) integrated course and who does not comply with the requirement of (a)(1), shall have the type rating issued with the privileges limited to exercising functions as co-pilot only. The limitation shall be removed once the pilot has:
 - (1) completed 70 hours as PIC or pilot-in-command under supervision of helicopters;
 - (2) passed the multi-pilot skill test on the applicable helicopter type as PIC.
- (c) Single-pilot multi-engine helicopters.

An applicant for the issue of a first type rating for a single-pilot multi-engine helicopter shall:

- (1) before starting flight training:
 - (i) have passed the ATPL(H) theoretical knowledge examinations; or
 - (ii) hold a certificate of completion of a pre-entry course conducted by an ATO. The course shall cover the following subjects of the ATPL(H) theoretical knowledge course:
 - (A) Aircraft General Knowledge: airframe/systems/power plant, and instrument/electronics,
 - (B) Flight Performance and Planning: mass and balance, performance;
- (2) in the case of applicants who have not completed an ATP(H)/IR, ATP(H), or CPL(H)/IR integrated training course, have completed at least 70 hours as PIC on helicopters.

FCL.735.H Multi-crew cooperation training course - helicopters

- (a) The MCC training course shall comprise at least:
 - (1) for MCC/IR:
 - (i) 25 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction and exercises; and
 - (ii) 20 hours of practical MCC training or 15 hours, in the case of student pilots attending an ATP(H)/IR integrated course. When the MCC training is combined with the initial type rating training for a multi-pilot helicopter, the practical MCC training may be reduced to not less than 10 hours if the same FSTD is used for both MCC and type rating;
 - (2) for MCC/VFR:
 - (i) 25 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction and exercises; and

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (ii) 15 hours of practical MCC training or 10 hours, in the case of student pilots attending an ATP(H)/IR integrated course. When the MCC training is combined with the initial type rating training for a multi-pilot helicopter, the practical MCC training may be reduced to not less than 7 hours if the same FSTD is used for both MCC and type rating.
- (b) The MCC training course shall be completed within 6 months at an ATO.
 - An FNPT II or III qualified for MCC, an FTD 2/3 MCC or an FFS shall be used.
- (c) Unless the MCC course has been combined with a multi-pilot type rating course, on completion of the MCC training course the applicant shall be given a certificate of completion.
- (d) An applicant having completed MCC training for any other category of aircraft shall be exempted from the requirement in (a)(1)(i) or (a)(2)(i), as applicable.
- (e) An applicant for MCC/IR training who has completed MCC/VFR training shall be exempted from the requirement in (a)(1)(i), and shall complete 5 hours of practical MCC/IR training.

FCL.740.H Revalidation of type ratings - helicopters

- (a) Revalidation.

For revalidation of type ratings for helicopters, the applicant shall:

- (1) pass a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part in the relevant type of helicopter or an FSTD representing that type within the 3 months immediately preceding the expiry date of the rating; and
- (2) complete at least 2 hours as a pilot of the relevant helicopter type within the validity period of the rating. The duration of the proficiency check may be counted towards the 2 hours.
- (3) when applicants hold more than 1 type rating for single-engine piston helicopters, they may achieve revalidation of all the relevant type ratings by completing the proficiency check in only 1 of the relevant types held, provided that they have completed at least 2 hours of flight time as PIC on the other types during the validity period.

The proficiency check shall be performed each time on a different type.

- (4) when applicants hold more than 1 type rating for single-engine turbine helicopters with a maximum certificated take-off mass up to 3 175 kg, they may achieve revalidation of all the relevant type ratings by completing the proficiency check in only 1 of the relevant types held, provided that they have completed:
 - (i) 300 hours as PIC on helicopters;
 - (ii) 15 hours on each of the types held; and
 - (iii) at least 2 hours of PIC flight time on each of the other types during the validity period.

The proficiency check shall be performed each time on a different type.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (5) a pilot who successfully completes a skill test for the issue of an additional type rating shall achieve revalidation for the relevant type ratings in the common groups, in accordance with (3) and (4).
 - (6) the revalidation of an IR(H), if held, may be combined with a proficiency check for a type rating.
- (b) An applicant who fails to achieve a pass in all sections of a proficiency check before the expiry date of a type rating shall not exercise the privileges of that rating until a pass in the proficiency check has been achieved. In the case of (a)(3) and (4), the applicant shall not exercise his/her privileges in any of the types.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 4 - Specific requirements for the powered-lift aircraft category - RESERVED

Section 5 - Specific requirements for the airship category - RESERVED

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart I - Additional Ratings

FCL.800 Aerobatic rating

- (a) Holders of a pilot licence for aeroplanes shall only undertake aerobatic flights when they hold the appropriate rating.
- (b) Applicants for an aerobatic rating shall have completed:
 - (1) at least 40 hours of flight time completed after the issue of the licence;
 - (2) a training course at an ATO, including:
 - (i) theoretical knowledge instruction appropriate for the rating;
 - (ii) at least 5 hours or 20 flights of aerobatic instruction in the appropriate aircraft category.
- (c) The privileges of the aerobatic rating shall be limited to the aircraft category in which the flight instruction was completed. The privileges will be extended to another category of aircraft if the pilot holds a licence for that aircraft category and has successfully completed at least 3 dual training flights covering the full aerobatic training syllabus in that category of aircraft.

FCL.805 Sailplane towing and banner towing ratings - Reserved

FCL.810 Night rating

- (a) Aeroplanes.
 - (1) Applicants shall have completed a training course within a period of up to 6 months at an ATO to exercise the privileges of an LAPL or a PPL for aeroplanes, in VFR conditions at night. The course shall comprise:
 - (i) theoretical knowledge instruction;
 - (ii) at least 5 hours of flight time in the appropriate aircraft category at night, including at least 3 hours of dual instruction, including at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation with at least one dual cross-country flight of at least 50 km (27 NM) and 5 solo take-offs and 5 solo full-stop landings.
 - (2) before completing the training at night, LAPL holders shall have completed the basic instrument flight training required for the issue of the PPL.
 - (3) when applicants hold privileges for both a single-engine piston aeroplane (land), they may complete the requirements of (1) above in either class or both classes.
 - (4) Applicants for a night rating for aeroplanes or TMGs in accordance with this subparagraph shall receive full credit towards the requirements of subparagraphs (1) and (2).
- (b) Helicopters. If the privileges of a PPL for helicopters are to be exercised in VFR conditions at night, the applicant shall have:
 - (1) completed at least 100 hours of flight time as pilot in helicopters after the issue of the licence, including at least 60 hours as PIC on helicopters and 20 hours of cross-country flight;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (2) completed a training course at an ATO. The course shall be completed within a period of 6 months and shall comprise:
 - (i) 5 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction;
 - (ii) 10 hours of helicopter dual instrument instruction time; and
 - (iii) 5 hours of flight time at night, including at least 3 hours of dual instruction, including at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo night circuits. Each circuit shall include a take-off and a landing.
- (3) an applicant who holds or has held an IR in an aeroplane, shall be credited with 5 hours towards the requirement in (2)(ii) above.

FCL.815 Mountain rating - Reserved

FCL.820 Flight test rating

- (a) Holders of a pilot licence for aeroplanes or helicopters shall only act as PIC in category 1 or 2 flight tests, as defined in BAR 8 Part-21, when they hold a flight test rating.
- (b) The obligation to hold a flight test rating established in (a) shall only apply to flight tests conducted on:
 - (1) helicopters certificated or to be certificated in accordance with the standards of CS-27 or CS-29 or equivalent airworthiness codes; or
 - (2) aeroplanes certificated or to be certificated in accordance with:
 - (i) the standards of CS-25 or equivalent airworthiness codes; or
 - (ii) the standards of CS-23 or equivalent airworthiness codes, except for aeroplanes with an maximum take-off mass of less than 2 000 kg.
- (c) The privileges of the holder of a flight test rating are to, within the relevant aircraft category:
 - (1) in the case of a category 1 flight test rating, conduct all categories of flight tests, as defined in BAR 8 Part-21, either as PIC or co-pilot;
 - (2) in the case of a category 2 flight test rating:
 - (i) conduct category 1 flight tests, as defined in BAR 8 Part-21:
 - (A) as a co-pilot, or
 - (B) as PIC, in the case of aeroplanes referred to in (b)(2)(ii), except for those within the commuter category or having a design diving speed above 0.6 mach or a maximum ceiling above 25 000 feet;
 - (ii) conduct all other categories of flight tests, as defined in BAR 8 Part-21, either as PIC or co-pilot;
 - (3) conduct flights without a type or class rating as defined in Subpart H, except that the flight test rating shall not be used for commercial air transport operations.
- (d) Applicants for the first issue of a flight test rating shall:
 - (1) hold at least a CPL and an IR in the appropriate aircraft category;
 - (2) have completed at least 1 000 hours of flight time in the appropriate aircraft category, of which at least 400 hours as PIC;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (3) have completed a training course at an ATO appropriate to the intended aircraft and category of flights. The training shall cover at least the following subjects:
 - (i) Performance,
 - (ii) Stability and control/Handling qualities,
 - (iii) Systems,
 - (iv) Test management,
 - (v) Risk/Safety management.
- (e) The privileges of holders of a flight test rating may be extended to another category of flight test and another category of aircraft when they have completed an additional course of training at an ATO.

FCL.825 En route instrument rating (EIR)

(deleted with Regulation (EU) 2020/359, last day of application 7.9.2021)

- (a) Privileges and conditions
 - (1) the privileges of the holder of an en route instrument rating (EIR) are to conduct flights by day under IFR in the en route phase of flight, with an aeroplane for which a class or type rating is held. The privilege may be extended to conduct flights by night under IFR in the en route phase of flight if the pilot holds a night rating in accordance with FCL.810.
 - (2) the holder of the EIR shall only commence or continue a flight on which he/she intends to exercise the privileges of his/her rating if the latest available meteorological information indicates that:
 - (i) the weather conditions on departure are such as to enable the segment of the flight from take-off to a planned VFR-to-IFR transition to be conducted in compliance with VFR; and
 - (ii) at the estimated time of arrival at the planned destination aerodrome, the weather conditions will be such as to enable the segment of the flight from an IFR-to-VFR transition to landing to be conducted in compliance with VFR.
- (b) Prerequisites. Applicants for the EIR shall hold at least a PPL(A) and shall have completed at least 20 hours of cross-country flight time as PIC in aeroplanes.
- (c) Training course. Applicants for an EIR shall have completed, within a period of 36 months at an ATO:
 - (1) at least 80 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction in accordance with FCL.615; and
 - (2) instrument flight instruction, during which:
 - (i) the flying training for a single-engine EIR shall include at least 15 hours of instrument flight time under instruction; and
 - (ii) the flying training for a multi-engine EIR shall include at least 16 hours of instrument flight time under instruction, of which at least 4 hours shall be in multi-engine aeroplanes.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (d) Theoretical knowledge. Prior to taking the skill test, the applicant shall demonstrate a level of theoretical knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted, in the subjects referred to in FCL.615(b).
- (e) Skill test. After the completion of the training, the applicant shall pass a skill test in an aeroplane with an IRE. For a multi-engine EIR, the skill test shall be taken in a multi-engine aeroplane. For a single-engine EIR, the test shall be taken in a single-engine aeroplane.
- (f) By way of derogation from points (c) and (d), the holder of a single-engine EIR who also holds a multi-engine class or type rating wishing to obtain a multi-engine EIR for the first time, shall complete a course at an ATO comprising at least 2 hours instrument flight time under instruction in the en route phase of flight in multi-engine aeroplanes and shall pass the skill test referred to in point (e).
- (g) Validity, revalidation, and renewal.
- (1) an EIR shall be valid for 1 year.
 - (2) applicants for the revalidation of an EIR shall:
 - (i) pass a proficiency check in an aeroplane within a period of 3 months immediately preceding the expiry date of the rating; or
 - (ii) within 12 months preceding the expiry date of the rating, complete 6 hours as PIC under IFR and a training flight of at least 1 hour with an instructor holding privileges to provide training for the IR(A) or EIR.
 - (3) for each alternate subsequent revalidation, the holder of the EIR shall pass a proficiency check in accordance with point (g)(2)(i).
 - (4) if an EIR has expired, in order to renew their privileges applicants shall:
 - (i) complete refresher training provided by an instructor holding privileges to provide training for the IR(A) or EIR to reach the level of proficiency needed; and
 - (ii) complete a proficiency check.
 - (5) if the EIR has not been revalidated or renewed within 7 years from the last validity date, the holder will also be required to pass again the EIR theoretical knowledge examinations in accordance with FCL.615(b).
 - (6) for a multi-engine EIR, the proficiency check for the revalidation or renewal, and the training flight required in point (g)(2)(ii) have to be completed in a multi-engine aeroplane. If the pilot also holds a single-engine EIR, this proficiency check shall also achieve revalidation or renewal of the single-engine EIR. The training flight completed in a multi-engine aeroplane shall also fulfil the training flight requirement for the single-engine EIR.
- (h) When the applicant for the EIR has completed instrument flight time under instruction with an IRI(A) or an FI(A) holding the privilege to provide training for the IR or EIR, these hours may be credited towards the hours required in point (c)(2)(i) and (ii) up to a maximum of 5 or 6 hours respectively. The 4 hours of instrument flight instruction in multi-engine aeroplanes required in point (c)(2)(ii) shall not be subject to this credit.
- (1) to determine the amount of hours to be credited and to establish the training needs, the applicant shall complete a pre-entry assessment at the ATO.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (2) the completion of the instrument flight instruction provided by an IRI(A) or FI(A) shall be documented in a specific training record and signed by the instructor.
- (i) Applicants for the EIR, holding a Part-FCL PPL or CPL and a valid IR(A) issued in accordance with the requirements of Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention by a country other than Brunei Darussalam, may be credited in full towards the training course requirements mentioned in point (c). In order to be issued the EIR, the applicant shall:
 - (1) successfully complete the skill test for the EIR;
 - (2) by way of derogation from point (d), demonstrate during the skill test towards the examiner that he/she has acquired an adequate level of theoretical knowledge of air law, meteorology and flight planning and performance (IR);
 - (3) have a minimum experience of at least 25 hours of flight time under IFR as PIC on aeroplanes.

FCL.830 Sailplane Cloud Flying Rating - Reserved

FCL.835 Basic instrument rating (BIR)

(applicable from 8.9.2021)

(a) Privileges and conditions

1. The privileges of a BIR holder are to conduct flights under IFR on single-pilot aeroplanes for which class ratings are held, with the exception of high-performance aeroplanes and aeroplane variants if operational suitability data has determined that an IR is required.
2. BIR privileges shall only be exercised in accordance with point FCL.205.A.
3. BIR privileges may be exercised at night only if the pilot holds a night rating in accordance with point FCL.810.
4. The privileges of a multi-engine BIR shall also be valid on single-engine aeroplanes for which the pilot holds a valid single-engine class rating.
5. The exercise of BIR privileges shall be subject to all of the following conditions:
 - (i) the decision height (DH) or minimum descent height (MDH) used in aerodrome operating minima shall be at least 200 ft greater than what would otherwise be calculated according to point 'NCO.OP.110 Aerodrome operating minima – aeroplanes and helicopters' and point 'NCO.OP.111 Aerodrome operating minima – NPA, APV, CAT I operations' to Annex VII of Regulation (EU) No 965/2012; and
 - (ii) the visibility used in aerodrome operating minima shall not be less than 1 500 m;
 - (iii) the pilot-in-command shall not commence a flight under IFR or undertake a VFR- to-IFR transition, unless:

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (A) at the aerodrome of departure, the visibility is at least 1 500 m and the cloud ceiling is at least 600 ft, or the published circling minimum applicable to the aeroplane category, whichever is the greater; and
- (B) at the destination aerodrome and at any required alternate aerodrome the available current meteorological information indicates, for the period from 1 hour before until 1 hour after the estimated time of arrival, or from the actual time of departure to 1 hour after the estimated time of arrival, whichever period is shorter, a visibility of at least 1 500 m and a cloud ceiling of at least 600 ft, or the published circling minimum applicable to the aeroplane category, or the DH/MDH incremented by 200 ft in accordance with (i), whichever is the greater.

(b) Prerequisites. Applicants for the BIR shall hold at least a PPL(A).

(c) Training course. Applicants for the BIR shall have completed at an ATO:

- (1) theoretical knowledge instruction in accordance with point FCL.615(a); and
- (2) flight instruction that comprises the following instrument flight instruction modules:

- (i) module 1 – the core flying training module of flight handling skills by sole reference to instruments;
- (ii) module 2 – the applied flying training module of IFR departure, holding, 2D and 3D approach procedures;
- (iii) module 3 – the applied flying training module of en-route IFR flight procedures; and
- (iv) module 4 – if a multi-engine BIR is sought, the applied flying training module with one engine inoperative shall include asymmetric instrument approach and go-around procedures; and

(3) flight instruction that complies with the following requirements:

- (i) The module specified in paragraph (c)(2)(i) shall be completed first. The modules specified in paragraphs (c)(2)(ii) and (c)(2)(iii), and, if applicable, (c)(2)(iv), may be completed in an order chosen by the applicant.
- (ii) The modules specified in paragraph (c)(2) may be completed in aeroplanes, FSTDs or a combination of these. In any case, the applicant shall receive training in the aeroplane to be used for the skill test.
- (iii) The modules specified in paragraphs (c)(2)(i), (c)(2)(ii) and (c)(2)(iv) may be commenced outside an ATO but shall be completed at an ATO. The module specified in point (c)(2)(iii) may be completed outside an ATO.
- (iv) Prior to commencing the module specified in paragraph (c)(2)(iv), a pilot who does not hold a multi-engine aeroplane class or type rating shall have received the multi-engine training specified in Subpart H of this BAR 1 Part-FCL.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (d) Theoretical knowledge. Prior to taking the skill test and through examinations in the subjects referred to in point FCL.615(b), the applicants shall demonstrate a level of theoretical knowledge that is appropriate to the privileges granted. The theoretical knowledge examination shall consist of one examination paper associated with each module as specified in paragraphs (c)(2)(i), (c)(2)(ii) and (c)(2)(iii).
- (e) Skill test. After the completion of the training course specified in paragraph (c), the applicants shall pass a skill test in an aeroplane in accordance with Appendix 7 to this Part. For a multi-engine BIR, the skill test shall be taken in a multi-engine aeroplane. For a single-engine BIR, the skill test shall be taken in a single-engine aeroplane. A multi-engine centreline thrust aeroplane shall be considered to be a single-engine aeroplane for the purposes of this paragraph
- (f) By way of derogation from paragraph (d), holders of a single-engine BIR who also hold a multi-engine class rating and who wish to obtain a multi-engine BIR for the first time shall complete a training course at an ATO that comprises the training as specified in paragraph (c)(2)(iv) and shall pass the skill test referred to in paragraph (e).
- (g) Validity, revalidation and renewal
- (1) A BIR shall be valid for 1 year.
 - (2) Applicants for the revalidation of a BIR shall:
 - (i) within a period of three months immediately preceding the expiry date of the rating, pass a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part; or
 - (ii) within the validity period, complete 6 hours as PIC under IFR including three instrument approach procedures and complete a training flight of at least one hour with an instructor who holds privileges to provide training for the BIR.
 - (3) For each alternate subsequent revalidation, the holder of the BIR shall pass a proficiency check in accordance with paragraph (2)(i) in an aeroplane.
 - (4) If a pilot chooses to fulfil the revalidation requirements specified in paragraph (g)(2)(i) earlier than what is prescribed in that paragraph, the new validity period shall commence from the date of the proficiency check.
 - (5) Applicants who fail to pass the relevant sections of a BIR proficiency check before the expiry date of the BIR shall not exercise the BIR privileges until they have passed the proficiency check.
 - (6) If a BIR has expired, in order to renew their privileges, applicants shall:
 - (i) where necessary to reach the level of proficiency needed, complete refresher training provided by an ATO or, if the BIR is expired for three years or less, by an instructor who holds privileges to provide training for the BIR; and
 - (ii) pass a proficiency check in an aeroplane.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (7) For a multi-engine BIR, the proficiency check for the revalidation or renewal as well as the flying training required in paragraph (g)(2)(ii) shall be completed in a multi-engine aeroplane.
 - (8) The proficiency check for the revalidation or renewal of a BIR may be combined with a proficiency check for the revalidation or renewal of a single-pilot aeroplane class rating on which BIR privileges may be exercised in accordance with point FCL.835(a)(1).
- (h) Applicants for the BIR who hold a PPL or CPL issued in accordance with BAR 1 Part-FCL and a valid IR(A) issued in accordance with the requirements of Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention by a foreign country may be credited in full towards the training course referred to in paragraph (c)(2). In order to be issued with the BIR, the applicants shall:
- (1) successfully complete the skill test referred to in paragraph (e);
 - (2) demonstrate orally to the examiner during the skill test that they have acquired an adequate level of theoretical knowledge of air law, meteorology, and flight planning and performance; and
 - (3) have experience of at least 25 hours of flight time under IFR as PIC on aeroplanes.
- (i) The holder of an IR shall receive full credits for the requirement in paragraph (c)(2).

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart J - Instructors

Section 1 - Common requirements

FCL.900 Instructor certificates

- (a) General. A person shall only carry out:
- (1) flight instruction in aircraft when he/she holds:
 - (i) a pilot licence issued or accepted in accordance with this Requirement;
 - (ii) an instructor certificate appropriate to the instruction given, issued in accordance with this Subpart;
 - (2) synthetic flight instruction or MCC instruction when he/she holds an instructor certificate appropriate to the instruction given, issued in accordance with this Subpart.
- (b) Special conditions:
- (1) in the case of introduction of new aircraft in Brunei Darussalam or in an operator's fleet, when compliance with the requirements established in this Subpart is not possible, the Brunei DCA may issue a specific certificate giving privileges for flight instruction. Such a certificate shall be limited to the instruction flights necessary for the introduction of the new type of aircraft and its validity shall not, in any case, exceed 1 year.
 - (2) holders of a certificate issued in accordance with (b)(1) who wish to apply for the issue of an instructor certificate shall comply with the prerequisites and revalidation requirements established for that category of instructor. Notwithstanding FCL.905.TRI(b), a TRI certificate issued in accordance with this (sub)paragraph will include the privilege to instruct for the issue of a TRI or SFI certificate for the relevant type.
- (c) Instruction outside of Brunei Darussalam:
- (1) notwithstanding paragraph (a), in the case of flight instruction provided outside of Brunei Darussalam in an ATO, the Brunei DCA may issue an instructor certificate to an applicant holding a pilot licence, which shall be in any case at least a CPL, and a rating or a certificate issued by a country other than Brunei Darussalam in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention, for which they are authorised to instruct, provided that the applicant:
 - (i) holds at least an equivalent licence, rating, or certificate to the one for which they are authorised to instruct and in any case at least a CPL;
 - (ii) complies with the requirements established in this Subpart for the issue of the relevant instructor certificate;
 - (iii) demonstrates to the Brunei DCA an adequate level of knowledge of the Brunei Darussalam aviation safety rules to be able to exercise instructional privileges in accordance with this Part.
 - (2) the certificate shall be limited to providing flight instruction:
 - (i) in ATOs located outside of Brunei Darussalam;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (ii) to student pilots who have sufficient knowledge of the language in which flight instruction is given.

FCL.915 General prerequisites and requirements for instructors

- (a) General. An applicant for an instructor certificate shall be at least 18 years of age.
- (b) Additional requirements for instructors providing flight instruction in aircraft. An applicant for or the holder of an instructor certificate with privileges to conduct flight instruction in an aircraft shall:
 - (1) for licence training, hold at least the licence or, in the case of point FCL.900(c), the equivalent licence, for which flight instruction is to be given;
 - (2) for a rating training, hold the relevant rating or, in the case of point FCL.900(c), the equivalent rating, for which flight instruction is to be given;
 - (3) except in the case of the flight test instructor, have:
 - (i) completed at least 15 hours of flight time as a pilot on the class or type of aircraft on which flight instruction is to be given, of which a maximum of 7 hours may be in an FSTD representing the class or type of aircraft, if applicable; or
 - (ii) passed an assessment of competence for the relevant category of instructor on that class or type of aircraft;
 - (4) be entitled to act as PIC on the aircraft during such flight instruction.
- (c) Credit towards further ratings and for the purpose of revalidation:
 - (1) Full credit towards the teaching and learning skills may be granted to holders of an instructor certificate who apply for further instructor certificates.
 - (2) Hours flown as an examiner during skill tests or proficiency checks shall be credited in full towards revalidation requirements for all instructor certificates held.
- (d) Credit for extension to further types shall take into account the relevant elements as defined in the operational suitability data in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21.
- (e) Additional requirements for instructing in a training course in accordance with FCL.745.A:
 - (1) In addition to (b), before acting as instructors for a training course according to FCL.745.A, holders of an instructor certificate shall:
 - (i) have at least 500 hours of flight time as pilots of aeroplanes, including 200 hours of flight instruction;
 - (ii) after complying with the experience requirements in point (e)(1)(i), have completed a UPRT instructor training course at an ATO, during which the competence of applicants shall have been assessed continuously; and
 - (iii) upon completion of the course, have been issued with a certificate of course completion by the ATO, whose Head of Training (HT) shall have entered the privileges specified in point (e)(1) in the logbook of the applicants.
 - (2) The privileges referred to in point (e)(1) shall only be exercised if instructors have, during the last year, received refresher training at an ATO during which the

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

competence required to instruct on a course in accordance with point FCL.745.A is assessed to the satisfaction of the HT.

(3) Instructors holding the privileges specified in point (e)(1) may act as instructors for a course as specified in point (e)(1)(ii), provided that they:

- (i) have 25 hours of flight instruction experience during training according to FCL.745.A;
- (ii) have completed an assessment of competence for this privilege; and
- (iii) comply with the recency requirements in point (e)(2).

(4) These privileges shall be entered in the logbook of the instructors and signed by the examiner.

FCL.920 Instructor competencies and assessment

All instructors shall be trained to achieve the following competences:

- (a) Prepare resources,
- (b) Create a climate conducive to learning,
- (c) Present knowledge,
- (d) Integrate Threat and Error Management (TEM) and crew resource management,
- (e) Manage time to achieve training objectives,
- (f) Facilitate learning,
- (g) Assess trainee performance,
- (h) Monitor and review progress,
- (i) Evaluate training sessions,
- (j) Report outcome.

FCL.925 Additional requirements for instructors for the MPL

- (a) Instructors conducting training for the MPL shall:
 - (1) have successfully completed an MPL instructor training course at an ATO; and
 - (2) additionally, for the basic, intermediate and advanced phases of the MPL integrated training course:
 - (i) be experienced in multi-pilot operations; and
 - (ii) have completed initial crew resource management training with a commercial air transport operator approved in accordance with the applicable air operations requirements.
- (b) MPL instructors training course
 - (1) The MPL instructor training course shall comprise at least 14 hours of training.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Upon completion of the training course, the applicant shall undertake an assessment of instructor competencies and of knowledge of the competency-based approach to training.

- (2) The assessment shall consist of a practical demonstration of flight instruction in the appropriate phase of the MPL training course. This assessment shall be conducted by an examiner qualified in accordance with Subpart K.
 - (3) Upon successful completion of the MPL training course, the ATO shall issue an MPL instructor qualification certificate to the applicant.
- (c) In order to maintain the privileges, the instructor shall have, within the preceding 12 months, conducted within an MPL training course:
- (1) 1 simulator session of at least 3 hours; or
 - (2) 1 air exercise of at least 1 hour comprising at least 2 take-offs and landings.
- (d) If the instructor has not fulfilled the requirements of (c), before exercising the privileges to conduct flight instruction for the MPL he/she shall:
- (1) receive refresher training at an ATO to reach the level of competence necessary to pass the assessment of instructor competencies; and
 - (2) pass the assessment of instructor competencies as set out in (b)(2).

FCL.930 Training course

- (a) Applicants for an instructor certificate shall have completed a course of theoretical knowledge and flight instruction at an ATO.
- (b) In addition to the specific elements prescribed in this Part for each category of instructor, the course shall contain the elements required in FCL.920.

FCL.935 Assessment of competence

- (a) Except for the multi-crew cooperation instructor (MCCI), the synthetic training instructor (STI) and the flight test instructor (FTI), an applicant for an instructor certificate shall pass an assessment of competence in the appropriate aircraft class, type or FSTD to demonstrate to an examiner qualified in accordance with Subpart K the ability to instruct a student pilot, engineer or navigator to the level required for the issue of the relevant licence, rating or certificate.
- (b) This assessment shall include:
 - (1) the demonstration of the competencies described in FCL.920, during pre-flight, post-flight and theoretical knowledge instruction;
 - (2) oral theoretical examinations on the ground, pre-flight and post-flight briefings and in-flight demonstrations in the appropriate aircraft class, type or FSTD;
 - (3) exercises adequate to evaluate the instructor's competencies.
- (c) The assessment shall be performed on the same class or type of aircraft or FSTD used for the flight instruction.
- (d) When an assessment of competence is required for revalidation of an instructor certificate, an applicant who fails to achieve a pass in the

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

assessment before the expiry date of an instructor certificate shall not exercise the privileges of that certificate until the assessment has successfully been completed.

FCL.940 Validity of instructor certificates

Without prejudice to FCL.900(b)(1), instructor certificates shall be valid for a period of 3 years.

FCL.945 Obligations for instructors

Upon completion of the training flight for the revalidation of an SEP in accordance with FCL.740.A (b)(1) and only in the event of fulfilment of all the other revalidation criteria required by FCL.740.A (b)(1) the instructor shall endorse the applicant's licence with the new expiry date of the rating or certificate, if specifically authorised for that purpose by the Brunei DCA.

Section 2 - Specific requirements for the flight instructor - FI

FCL.905.FI FI Privileges and conditions

The privileges of an FIs are to conduct flight instruction for the issue, revalidation or renewal of:

- (a) a PPL and LAPL in the appropriate aircraft category;
- (b) class and type ratings for single-pilot, single-engine aircraft, except for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes;
- (c) class and type ratings for single-pilot aeroplanes, except for single-pilot high-performance complex aeroplanes, in multi-pilot operations, provided that FIs meet any of the following conditions:
 - (1) hold or have held a TRI certificate for multi-pilot aeroplanes;
 - (2) have completed all of the following:
 - (i) at least 500 hours as pilots in multi-pilot operations on aeroplanes;
 - (ii) the training course for an MCCI in accordance with point FCL.930.MCCI;
- (d) a CPL in the appropriate aircraft category, provided that the FIs have completed at least 200 hours of flight instruction in that aircraft category;
- (e) the night rating, provided that the FIs meet all of the following conditions:
 - (1) is qualified to fly at night in the appropriate aircraft category;
 - (2) has demonstrated the ability to instruct at night to an FI qualified in accordance with (i) below; and
 - (3) complies with the night experience requirement of FCL.060(b)(2);
- (f) An aerobatic rating, provided that such privileges are held and the FI has demonstrated the ability to instruct for that rating to an FI qualified in accordance with point (i) below;
- (g) an EIR or an IR in the appropriate aircraft category, provided that the FI has:

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (1) at least 200 hours of flight time under IFR, of which up to 50 hours may be instrument ground time in an FFS, an FTD 2/3 or FNPT II;
- (2) completed as a student pilot the IRI training course and has passed an assessment of competence for the IRI certificate; and
- (3) in addition:
 - (i) for multi-engine aeroplanes, met the requirements for a CRI for multi-engine aeroplanes;
 - (ii) for multi-engine helicopters, met the requirements for the issue of a TRI certificate;
- (h) single-pilot multi-engine class or type ratings, except for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, provided that the FI meets:
 - (1) in the case of aeroplanes, the prerequisites for the CRI certificate established in FCL.915.CRI(a) and the requirements of FCL.930.CRI and FCL.935;
 - (2) in the case of helicopters, the requirements established in FCL.910.TRI(c)(1) and the prerequisites for the TRI(H) training course established in FCL.915.TRI(d)(2);
- (i) an FI, IRI, CRI or STI certificate provided that they meet all of the following conditions:
 - (1) they have completed at least 500 hours of flight instruction in the appropriate aircraft category;
 - (2) they have passed an assessment of competence in accordance with FCL.935 in the appropriate aircraft category to demonstrate to a Flight Instructor Examiner (FIE) the ability to instruct for the relevant certificate;
- (j) an MPL, provided that the FIs meet all of the following conditions:
 - (1) for the core flying phase of the training, has completed at least 500 hours of flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes, including at least 200 hours of flight instruction;
 - (2) for the basic phase of the training:
 - (i) holds a multi-engine aeroplane IR and the privilege to instruct for an IR; and
 - (ii) has at least 1 500 hours of flight time in multi-crew operations;
 - (3) in the case of an FIs already qualified to instruct on ATP(A) or CPL(A)/IR integrated courses, the requirement of (2)(ii) may be replaced by the completion of a structured course of training consisting of:
 - (i) MCC qualification;
 - (ii) observing 5 sessions of flight instruction in Phase 3 of an MPL course;
 - (iii) observing 5 sessions of flight instruction in Phase 4 of an MPL course;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (iv) observing 5 operator recurrent line oriented flight training sessions;
- (v) the content of the MCCI instructor course.

In this case, the FI shall conduct its first 5 instructor sessions under the supervision of a TRI(A), MCCI(A) or SFI(A) qualified for MPL flight instruction.

FCL.910.FI FI Restricted privileges

- (a) An FI shall have his/her privileges limited to conducting flight instruction under the supervision of an FI for the same category of aircraft nominated by the ATO for this purpose, in the following cases:
 - (1) for the issue of the PPL and LAPL;
 - (2) in all integrated courses at PPL level, in case of aeroplanes and helicopters;
 - (3) for class and type ratings for single-pilot, single-engine aircraft, except for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes.
 - (4) for the night or aerobatic ratings.
- (b) While conducting training under supervision, in accordance with (a), the FI shall not have the privilege to authorise student pilots to conduct first solo flights and first solo cross-country flights.
- (c) The limitations in (a) and (b) shall be removed from the FI certificate when the FI has completed at least:
 - (1) for the FI(A), 100 hours of flight instruction in aeroplanes and, in addition has supervised at least 25 student solo flights;
 - (2) for the FI(H) 100 hours of flight instruction in helicopters and, in addition has supervised at least 25 student solo flight air exercises;

FCL.915.FI FI Prerequisites

An applicant for an FI certificate shall:

- (a) In the case of the FI(A) and FI(H):
 - (1) have received at least 10 hours of instrument flight instruction on the appropriate aircraft category, of which not more than 5 hours may be instrument ground time in an FSTD;
 - (2) have completed 20 hours of VFR cross-country flight on the appropriate aircraft category as PIC; and
- (b) Additionally, for the FI(A):
 - (1) hold at least a CPL(A); or
 - (2) hold at least a PPL(A) and have:
 - (i) except for an FI(A) providing training for the LAPL(A) only, passed the CPL theoretical knowledge examination, which may be taken without completing a CPL theoretical knowledge training course and which shall not be valid for the issue of a CPL; and

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (ii) completed at least 200 hours of flight time on aeroplanes, of which 150 hours as PIC;
- (3) have completed at least 30 hours on single-engine piston powered aeroplanes of which at least 5 hours shall have been completed during the 6 months preceding the pre-entry flight test set out in FCL.930.FI(a);
- (4) have completed a VFR cross-country flight as PIC, including a flight of at least 540 km (300 NM) in the course of which full stop landings at 2 different aerodromes shall be made;
- (c) Additionally, for the FI(H), have completed 250 hours total flight time as pilot on helicopters of which:
 - (1) at least 100 hours shall be as PIC, if the applicant holds at least a CPL(H); or
 - (2) at least 200 hours as PIC, if the applicant holds at least a PPL(H) and has passed the CPL theoretical knowledge examination, which may be taken without completing a CPL theoretical knowledge training course and which shall not be valid for the issue of a CPL;

FCL.930.FI FI Training course

- (a) Applicants for the FI certificate shall have passed a specific pre-entry flight test with an FI qualified in accordance with FCL.905.FI(i) within the 6 months preceding the start of the course, to assess their ability to undertake the course. This pre-entry flight test shall be based on the proficiency check for class and type ratings as set out in Appendix 9 to this Part.
- (b) The FI training course shall include:
 - (1) 25 hours of teaching and learning;
 - (2) at least 100 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction, including progress tests;
 - (3) in the case of an FI(A) and (H), at least 30 hours of flight instruction, of which 25 hours shall be dual flight instruction, of which 5 hours may be conducted in an FFS, an FNPT I or II or an FTD 2/3;
 - (4) Application for an FI certificate in another category of aircraft, pilots holding or having held an FI(A) or (H) shall be credited with 55 hours towards the requirement in point (b)(2)
- (c) Applicants for the FI certificate who hold or have held any other instructor certificate issued in accordance with this Part shall be deemed to meet the requirements in points (b)(1).

FCL.940.FI FI Revalidation and renewal

(a) Revalidation

1. To revalidate an FI certificate, holders shall fulfil at least two out of the three following requirements before the expiry date of the FI certificate:
 - (i) they have completed:

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

(A) in the case of an FI(A) and an FI(H), at least 50 hours of flight instruction in the appropriate aircraft category as FIs, TRIs, CRIs, IRIs or examiners. If the privileges to instruct for the IR are to be revalidated, at least 10 of those hours shall be flight instruction for an IR and shall have been completed in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the expiry date of the FI certificate;

(ii) they have completed instructor refresher training as an FI at an ATO;

(iii) they have passed an assessment of competence in accordance with point FCL.935 in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the expiry date of the FI certificate.

2. For at least each alternate revalidation, in the case of FI(A) or FI(H), holders of the relevant FI certificate shall pass an assessment of competence in accordance with point FCL.935.

(b) Renewal.

If the FI certificate has expired, applicants shall, within a period of 12 months before the application date for the renewal complete instructor refresher training as an FI at an ATO and complete an assessment of competence in accordance with point FCL.935

Section 3 - Specific requirements for the type rating instructor - TRI

FCL.905.TRI TRI Privileges and conditions

(a) The privileges of a TRI are to instruct for:

(1) the revalidation and renewal of an EIR or an IR, provided the TRI holds a valid IR;

(2) the issue of a TRI or SFI certificate, provided that the holder meets all of the following conditions:

(i) it has at least 50 hours of instructional experience as a TRI or SFI in accordance with this Part;

(ii) it has conducted the flight instruction syllabus of the relevant part of the TRI training course according to point FCL.930.TRI(a)(3) to satisfaction of the head of training of an ATO; and

(3) in the case of the TRI for single-pilot aeroplanes:

(i) the issue, revalidation and renewal of type ratings for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes when the applicant seeks privileges to operate in single-pilot operations.

The privileges of the TRI(SPA) may be extended to flight instruction for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes type ratings in multi-pilot operations, provided that the TRI:

(A) holds or has held a TRI certificate for multi-pilot aeroplanes;
or

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (B) has at least 500 hours on aeroplanes in multi-pilot operations and completed an MCCI training course in accordance with point FCL.930.MCCI.
- (ii) the MPL course on the basic phase, provided that he/she has the privileges extended to multi-pilot operations and holds or has held an FI(A) or an IRI(A) certificate;
- (4) in the case of the TRI for multi-pilot aeroplanes:
 - (i) the issue, revalidation and renewal of type ratings for:
 - (A) multi-pilot aeroplanes;
 - (B) single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes when the applicant seeks privileges to operate in multi-pilot operations;
 - (ii) MCC training;
 - (iii) the MPL course on the basic, intermediate and advanced phases, provided that, for the basic phase, they hold or have held an FI(A) or IRI(A) certificate;
- (5) in the case of the TRI for helicopters:
 - (i) the issue, revalidation and renewal of helicopter type ratings;
 - (ii) MCC training, provided he/she holds a multi-pilot helicopter type rating;
 - (iii) the extension of the single-engine IR(H) to multi-engine IR(H);

FCL.910.TRI TRI Restricted privileges

- (a) General. If the TRI training is carried out in an FSTD only, the privileges of the TRI shall be restricted to training in the FSTDs. This restriction shall however include the following privileges for conducting, in the aircraft:
 - (1) LIFUS, provided that the TRI training course has included the training specified in point FCL.930.TRI(a)(4)(i);
 - (2) landing training, provided that the TRI training course has included the training specified in point FCL.930.TRI(a)(4)(ii); or
 - (3) the training flight specified in point FCL.060(c)(2), provided that the TRI training course has included the training referred to points (a)(1) or (a)(2).

The restriction to FSTD shall be removed if TRIs have completed an assessment of competence in the aircraft.

- (b) TRI for aeroplanes - TRI(A). The privileges of a TRI are restricted to the type of aeroplane in which the training and the assessment of competence were conducted. Unless otherwise determined by in the operational suitability data, to extend the privileges of TRIs to further types, TRIs shall have:
 - (1) completed within the 12 months preceding the application, at least 15 route sectors, including take-offs and landings on the applicable aircraft type, of which 7 sectors may be completed in an FSTD;
 - (2) completed the relevant parts of the technical training and flight instruction parts of the applicable TRI course;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (3) passed the relevant sections of the assessment of competence in accordance with FCL.935 in order to demonstrate to an FIE or a TRE qualified in accordance with Subpart K of this Part their ability to instruct a pilot to the level required for the issue of a type rating, including pre-flight, post-flight and theoretical knowledge instruction.

The privileges of TRIs shall be extended to further variants in accordance with the OSD if TRIs have completed the relevant parts of the technical training and flight instruction parts of the applicable TRI course.

(c) TRI for helicopters - TRI(H).

- (1) The privileges of a TRI(H) are restricted to the type of helicopter in which the skill test for the issue of the TRI certificate was taken. Unless otherwise determined by in the OSD established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21, the privileges of the TRI shall be extended to further types when the TRI has:
 - (i) completed the relevant parts of the technical training and flight instructions parts of the TRI course;
 - (ii) complete within the 12 months preceding the date of application, at least 10 hours on the applicable helicopter type, of which a maximum of 5 hours may be completed in an FFS or FTD 2/3; and
 - (iii) passed the relevant sections of the assessment of competence in accordance with FCL.935 in order to demonstrate to an FIE or TRE qualified in accordance with Subpart K of this Part their ability to instruct a pilot to the level required for the issue of a type rating, including pre-flight, post-flight and theoretical knowledge instruction.

The privileges of TRIs shall be extended to further variants in accordance with the OSD if TRIs have completed the relevant parts of the technical training and flight instruction parts of the applicable TRI course.

- (2) Before the privileges of a TRI(H) are extended from single-pilot to multi-pilot privileges on the same type of helicopters, the holder shall have at least 100 hours in multi-pilot operations on this type.

Notwithstanding the paragraphs above, holders of a TRI certificate who have been issued with a type rating in accordance with FCL.725(e) shall be entitled to have their TRI privileges extended to that new type of aircraft.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.915.TRI TRI Prerequisites

An applicant for a TRI certificate shall:

- (a) hold a CPL, MPL or ATPL pilot licence on the applicable aircraft category;
- (b) for a TRI(MPA) certificate:
 - (1) have completed 1 500 hours flight time as a pilot on multi-pilot aeroplanes; and
 - (2) have completed, within the 12 months preceding the date of application, 30 route sectors, including take-offs and landings, as PIC or co-pilot on the applicable aeroplane type, of which 15 sectors may be completed in an FFS representing that type;
- (c) for a TRI(SPA) certificate:
 - (1) have completed, within the 12 months preceding the date of application, 30 route sectors, including take-offs and landings, as PIC on the applicable aeroplane type, of which 15 sectors may be completed in an FSTD representing that type; and
 - (2)
 - (i) have competed at least 500 hours flight time as pilot on aeroplanes, including 30 hours as PIC on the applicable type of aeroplane; or
 - (ii) hold or have held an FI certificate for multi-engine aeroplanes with IR(A) privileges;
- (d) for TRI(H):
 - (1) for a TRI(H) certificate for single-pilot single-engine helicopters, have completed 250 hours as a pilot on helicopters;
 - (2) for a TRI(H) certificate for single-pilot multi-engine helicopters, have completed 500 hours as pilot of helicopters, including 100 hours as PIC on single-pilot multi-engine helicopters;
 - (3) for a TRI(H) certificate for multi-pilot helicopters, have completed 1 000 hours of flight time as a pilot on helicopters, including:
 - (i) 350 hours as a pilot on multi-pilot helicopters; or
 - (ii) for applicants already holding a TRI(H) certificate for single-pilot multi-engine helicopters, 100 hours as pilot of that type in multi-pilot operations.
 - (4) holders of an FI(H) certificate shall be fully credited towards the requirements of (1) and (2) in the relevant single- pilot helicopter;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.930.TRI TRI Training course

- (a) The TRI training course shall be conducted in the aircraft only if no FSTD available and accessible and shall include:
- (1) 25 hours of teaching and learning;
 - (2) 10 hours of technical training related to the appropriate aircraft, including revision of technical knowledge, the preparation of lesson plans and the development of classroom/simulator instructional skills;
 - (3) 5 hours of flight instruction on the appropriate aircraft or a simulator representing that aircraft for single-pilot aircraft and 10 hours for multi-pilot aircraft or an FSTD representing that aircraft.
 - (4) the following training, as applicable:
 - (i) additional specific training before conducting LIFUS;
 - (ii) additional specific training before conducting landing training. That training in the FSTD shall include training for emergency procedures related to the aircraft.
- (b) Applicants holding or having held an instructor certificate shall be fully credited towards the requirement of (a)(1).
- (c) An applicant for a TRI certificate who holds an SFI certificate for the relevant type shall be fully credited towards the requirements of this paragraph for the issue of a TRI certificate restricted to flight instruction in simulators.

FCL.935.TRI TRI Assessment of competence

- (a) the assessment of competence for a TRI for MPA and PL shall be conducted in an FFS. If no FFS is available or accessible, an aircraft shall be used.
- (b) The assessment of competence for a TRI for single-pilot high-performance complex aeroplanes and helicopters shall be conducted in any of the following:
- (1) an available and accessible FFS;
 - (2) if no FFS is available or accessible, in a combination of FSTD(s) and an aircraft;
 - (3) if no FSTD is available or accessible, in an aircraft.

FCL.940.TRI TRI Revalidation and renewal

- (a) Revalidation
- (1) Aeroplanes. For revalidation of a TRI(A) certificate, the applicant shall, within the last 12 months preceding the expiry date of the certificate, fulfil 2 of the following 3 requirements:
 - (i) conduct one of the following parts of a complete type rating or recurrent training course: simulator session of at least 3 hours or one air exercise of at least 1 hour comprising a minimum of 2 take-offs and landings;
 - (ii) complete instructor refresher training as a TRI(A) at an ATO;
 - (iii) pass the assessment of competence in accordance with FCL.935. Applicants who have complied with point FCL.910.TRI(b)(3) shall be deemed to comply with this requirement.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (2) Helicopters and powered lift. For revalidation of a TRI (H) or TRI(PL) certificate, the applicant shall, within the validity period of the TRI certificate, fulfil 2 of the following 3 requirements:
- (i) completed 50 hours of flight instruction on each of the types of aircraft for which instructional privileges are held or in an FSTD representing those types, of which at least 15 hours shall be within the 12 months preceding the expiry date of the TRI certificate. In the case of TRI(PL), these hours of flight instruction shall be flown as a TRI or type rating examiner (TRE), or SFI or synthetic flight examiner (SFE). In the case of TRI(H), time flown as FI, instrument rating instructor (IRI), synthetic training instructor (STIs) or as any kind of examiner shall also be relevant for this purpose;
 - (ii) complete instructor refresher training as a TRI(H) or TRI(PL), as relevant, at an ATO;
 - (iii) in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the expiry date of the certificate, passed the assessment of competence in accordance with points FCL.935, FCL.910.TRI(b)(3) or FCL.910.TRI(c)(3), as applicable.
- (3) For at least each alternate revalidation of a TRI certificate, the holder shall have to pass the assessment of competence in accordance with FCL.935.
- (4) If TRIs hold a certificate for more than one type of aircraft within the same category, the assessment of competence taken on one of those types of aircraft shall revalidate the TRI certificate for the other types held within the same category of aircraft, unless it is otherwise determined in the OSD.
- (5) Specific requirements for revalidation of a TRI(H). A TRI(H) holding an FI(H) certificate on the relevant type shall have full credit towards the requirements in (a). In this case, the TRI(H) certificate will be valid until the expiry date of the FI(H) certificate.

(b) Renewal

To renew a TRI certificate, applicants shall, within the 12 months immediately preceding the date of the application, have passed the assessment of competence in accordance with point FCL.935 and shall have completed the following:

(1) Aeroplanes.

- (i) at least 30 route sectors, including take-offs and landings on the applicable aeroplane type, of which maximum 15 sectors may be completed in an FFS;
- (ii) instructor refresher training as a TRI at an ATO which shall cover the relevant elements of the TRI training course;

(2) for helicopters and powered lift:

- (i) at least 10 hours of flight time, including take-offs and landings on the applicable aircraft type of which maximum 5 hours may be completed in an FFS or FTD 2/3;
- (ii) instructor refresher training as a TRI at an ATO, which shall cover the relevant elements of the TRI training course.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (3) If applicants held certificate for more than type of aircraft within the same category, the assessment of competence taken on one of those types of aircraft shall renew the TRI certificate for the other types held within the same category of aircraft, unless it is otherwise determined in the OSD.

Section 4 - Specific requirements for the class rating instructor - CRI

FCL.905.CRI CRI Privileges and conditions

- (a) The privileges of a CRI are to instruct for:
- (1) the issue, revalidation or renewal of a class or type rating for single-pilot aeroplanes, except for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, when the privileges sought by the applicant are to fly in single-pilot operations;
 - (2) an aerobatic rating for the aeroplane category, provided the CRI holds the relevant rating and has demonstrated the ability to instruct for that rating to an FI qualified in accordance with FCL.905.FI(i).
 - (3) extension of LAPL(A) privileges to another class or variant of aeroplane.
- (b) The privileges of a CRI are restricted to the class or type of aeroplane in which the instructor assessment of competence was taken. The privileges of the CRI shall be extended to further classes or types when the CRI has completed, within the last 12 months:
- (1) 15 hours flight time as PIC on aeroplanes of the applicable class or type of aeroplane;
 - (2) one training flight from the right hand seat under the supervision of another CRI or FI qualified for that class or type occupying the other pilot's seat.
- (ba) The privileges of CRIs are to instruct for class and type ratings for single-pilot aeroplanes, except for single-pilot high-performance complex aeroplanes, in multi-pilot operations, provided that CRIs meet any of the following conditions:
- (1) hold or have held a TRI certificate for multi-pilot aeroplanes;
 - (2) have at least 500 hours on aeroplanes in multi-pilot operations and completed an MCCI training course in accordance with point FCL.930.MCCI.
- (c) Applicants for a CRI for multi-engine aeroplanes holding a CRI certificate for single-engine aeroplanes shall have fulfilled the prerequisites for a CRI established in FCL.915.CRI(a) and the requirements of FCL.930.CRI(a)(3) and FCL.935.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.915.CRI CRI Prerequisites

An applicant for a CRI certificate shall have completed at least:

- (a) for multi-engine aeroplanes:
 - (1) 500 hours flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes;
 - (2) 30 hours as PIC on the applicable class or type of aeroplane;
- (b) for single-engine aeroplanes:
 - (1) 300 hours flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes;
 - (2) 30 hours as PIC on the applicable class or type of aeroplane.

FCL.930.CRI CRI Training course

- (a) The training course for the CRI shall include, at least:
 - (1) 25 hours of teaching and learning instruction;
 - (2) 10 hours of technical training, including revision of technical knowledge, the preparation of lesson plans and the development of classroom/simulator instructional skills;
 - (3) 5 hours of flight instruction on multi-engine aeroplanes or an FSTD representing that class or type of aeroplane, including at least 3 hours on the aeroplane, or at least of 3 hours of flight instruction on single-engine aeroplanes, given by an FI(A) qualified in accordance with FCL.905.FI(i).
- (b) Applicants holding or having held an instructor certificate shall be fully credited towards the requirement of (a)(1).

FCL.940.CRI CRI Revalidation and renewal

- (a) To revalidate a CRI certificate, applicants shall fulfil, within the validity period of the CRI certificate, at least two out of the following three requirements:
 - (1) conduct at least 10 hours of flight instruction in the role of a CRI. If the applicant has CRI privileges on both single-engine and multi-engine aeroplanes, those hours of flight instruction shall be equally divided between single-engine and multi-engine aeroplanes;
 - (2) completed a refresher training as a CRI at an ATO;
 - (3) pass the assessment of competence in accordance with FCL.935 for multi-engine or single-engine aeroplanes, as relevant.
- (b) For at least each alternate revalidation of a CRI certificate, the holder shall have to comply with the requirement of (a)(3).
- (c) Renewal. If the CRI certificate has expired, it shall be renewed if the applicants in the period of 12 months before the application for the renewal:
 - (1) have completed a refresher training as a CRI at an ATO;
 - (2) have completed the assessment of competence as required by point FCL.935.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 5 - Specific requirements for the instrument rating instructor - IRI

FCL.905. IRI IRI Privileges and conditions

- (a) The privileges of an IRI are to instruct for the issue, revalidation and renewal of an EIR or an IR on the appropriate aircraft category.
- (b) Specific requirements for the MPL course. To instruct for the basic phase of training on an MPL course, the IRI(A) shall:
 - (1) hold an IR for multi-engine aeroplanes; and
 - (2) have completed at least 1 500 hours of flight time in multi-crew operations.
 - (3) in the case of IRI already qualified to instruct on ATP(A) or CPL(A)/IR integrated courses, the requirement of (b)(2) may be replaced by the completion of the course provided for in paragraph FCL.905.FI(j)(3).

FCL.915. IRI IRI Prerequisites

An applicant for an IRI certificate shall:

- (a) for an IRI(A):
 - (1) to provide training in FSTDs during an approved training course at an ATO, have completed at least 200 hours of flight time under IFR after the issuance of the BIR or the IR, of which at least 50 hours shall be in aeroplanes;
 - (2) to provide training in an aeroplane, have completed at least 800 hours of flight time under IFR, of which at least 400 hours shall be in aeroplanes; and
 - (3) to apply for an IRI(A) for multi-engine aeroplanes, meet the requirements of points FCL.915.CRI(a), FCL.930.CRI and FCL.935;
- (b) for an IRI(H):
 - (1) to provide training in FSTDs during an approved training course at an ATO, have completed at least 125 hours of flight time under IFR after the issuance of the IR, of which at least 65 hours shall be instrument flight time in helicopters;
 - (2) to provide training in a helicopter, have completed at least 500 hours of flight time under IFR, of which at least 250 hours shall be instrument flight time in helicopters; and
 - (3) in the case of applicants for an IR(H) for multi-pilot helicopters, meet the requirements of FCL.905.FI(h)(2);

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.930.IRI IRI Training course

- (a) The training course for the IRI shall include, at least:
 - (1) 25 hours of teaching and learning instruction;
 - (2) 10 hours of technical training, including revision of instrument theoretical knowledge, the preparation of lesson plans and the development of classroom instructional skills;
 - (3)
 - (i) for the IRI(A), at least 10 hours of flight instruction on an aeroplane, FFS, FTD 2/3 or FPNT II. In the case of applicants holding an FI(A) certificate, these hours are reduced to 5;
 - (ii) for the IRI(H), at least 10 hours of flight instruction on a helicopter, FFS, FTD 2/3 or FNPT II/III;
- (b) Flight instruction shall be given by an FI qualified in accordance with FCL.905.FI(i).
- (c) Applicants holding or having held an instructor certificate shall be fully credited towards the requirement of (a)(1).

FCL.940.IRI IRI Revalidation and renewal

For revalidation and renewal of an IRI certificate, the holder shall meet the requirements for revalidation and renewal of an FI certificate, in accordance with FCL.940.FI.

Section 6 - Specific requirements for the synthetic flight instructor - SFI

FCL.905.SFI SFI Privileges and conditions

- (a) The privileges of SFIs are to carry out synthetic flight instruction, within the relevant aircraft category, for:
 - (1) the revalidation and renewal of an IR, provided that they hold or have held an IR in the relevant aircraft category;
 - (2) the issue of an IR, provided that they hold or have held an IR in the relevant aircraft category and have completed an IRI training course.
- (b) The privileges of SFIs for single-pilot aeroplanes are to carry out synthetic flight instruction for:
 - (1) the issue, revalidation and renewal of type ratings for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, if applicants seek privileges to operate in single-pilot operations.

The privileges of SFIs for single-pilot aeroplanes may be extended to flight instruction for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes type ratings in multi-pilot operations, provided that they meet any of the following conditions:

- (i) hold or have held a TRI certificate for multi-pilot aeroplanes;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

(ii) have at least 500 hours on aeroplanes in multi-pilot operations and have completed an MCCI training course in accordance with point FCL.930.MCCI;

(2) the MCC and the MPL training courses on the basic phase, provided that the privileges of SFIs(SPA) have been extended to multi-pilot operations in accordance with point (1).

(c) The privileges of SFIs for multi-pilot aeroplanes are to carry out synthetic flight instruction for:

- (1) the issue, revalidation and renewal of type ratings for multi-pilot aeroplanes and if applicants seek privileges to operate in multi-pilot operations, for single-pilot high- performance complex aeroplanes;
- (2) the MCC training course;
- (3) the MPL course on the basic, intermediate and advanced phases, provided that, for the basic phase, they hold or have held an FI(A) or an IRI(A) certificate.

(d) The privileges of SFIs for helicopters are to carry out synthetic flight instruction for:

- (1) The issue, revalidation and renewal of helicopter type ratings;
- (2) MCC training, if SFIs have privileges to instruct for multi-pilot helicopters.

(e) The privileges of an SFI include privileges to conduct EBT practical assessment at an EBT operator, provided that the instructor complies with the requirements of BAR 6 Part-ORO for EBT instructor standardisation at that EBT operator.';

FCL.910.SFI SFI Restricted privileges

The privileges of the SFI shall be restricted to the FTD 2/3 or FFS of the aircraft type in which the SFI training course was taken.

The privileges may be extended to other FSTDs representing further types of the same category of aircraft when the holder has:

- (a) completed the simulator content of the relevant type rating course;
- (b) completed the relevant parts of the technical training and the FSTD content of the flight instruction syllabus of the applicable TRI course;
- (c) conducted on a complete type rating course at least 3 hours of flight instruction related to the duties of an SFI on the applicable type under the supervision and to the satisfaction of a TRE or an SFE qualified for this purpose.

The privileges of the SFI shall be extended to further variants in accordance with the OSD if the SFI has completed the type relevant parts of the technical training and the FSTD content of the flight instruction syllabus of the applicable TRI course.

FCL.915.SFI SFI Prerequisites

An applicant for an SFI certificate shall:

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (a) hold or have held a CPL, MPL or ATPL in the appropriate aircraft category;
- (b) have completed the skill test for the issue or, if applicable, the proficiency check for the revalidation of the specific aircraft type rating in an FFS representing the applicable type, within the 12 months preceding the application; and
- (c) additionally, for an SFI(A) for multi-pilot aeroplanes or SFI(PL), have:
 - (1) at least 1 500 hours flight time as a pilot on multi-pilot aeroplanes;
 - (2) completed, as a pilot or as an observer, within the 12 months preceding the application, at least:
 - (i) 3 route sectors on the flight deck of the applicable aircraft type; or
 - (ii) 2 line-orientated flight training-based simulator sessions conducted by qualified flight crew on the flight deck of the applicable type. These simulator sessions shall include 2 flights of at least 2 hours each between 2 different aerodromes, and the associated pre-flight planning and de-briefing;
- (d) additionally, for an SFI(A) for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes:
 - (1) have completed at least 500 hours of flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes, of which at least 30 hours shall be as PIC on the applicable type;
 - (2) hold or have held a multi-engine IR(A) rating; and
 - (3) have met the requirements in (c)(2);
- (e) additionally, for an SFI(H), have:
 - (1) completed, as a pilot or as an observer, at least 1 hour of flight time on the flight deck of the applicable type, within the 12 months preceding the application; and
 - (2) in the case of multi-pilot helicopters, at least 1 000 hours of flying experience as a pilot on helicopters, including at least 350 hours as a pilot on multi-pilot helicopters;
 - (3) in the case of single-pilot multi-engine helicopters, completed 500 hours as pilot of helicopters, including 100 hours as PIC on single-pilot multi-engine helicopters;
 - (4) in the case of single-pilot single-engine helicopters, completed 250 hours as a pilot on helicopters.

FCL.930.SFI SFI Training course

- (a) The training course for the SFI shall include:
 - (1) the FSTD content of the applicable type rating course;
 - (2) the relevant parts of the technical training and the FSTD content of the flight instruction syllabus of the applicable TRI training course.
 - (3) 25 hours of teaching and learning instruction.
- (b) An applicant for an SFI certificate who holds a TRI certificate for the relevant type shall be fully credited towards the requirements of this paragraph.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.940.SFI SFI Revalidation and renewal

- (a) Revalidation. For revalidation of an SFI certificate the applicant shall, within the validity period of the SFI certificate, fulfil 2 of the following 3 requirements:
 - (1) complete 50 hours as an instructor or an examiner in FSTDs, of which at least 15 hours shall be within the 12 months preceding the expiry date of the SFI certificate;
 - (2) receive instructor refresher training as an SFI at an ATO;
 - (3) pass the relevant sections of the assessment of competence in accordance with FCL.935.
- (b) Additionally, the applicant shall have completed, on an FFS, the proficiency checks for the issue of the specific aircraft type ratings representing the types for which privileges are held.
- (c) For at least each alternate revalidation of an SFI certificate, the holder shall comply with the requirement of (a)(3).
- (d) If an SFI holds a certificate in more than one type of aircraft within the same category, the assessment of competence taken on one of those types shall revalidate the SFI certificate for the other types held within the same category of aircraft, unless otherwise is determined in the OSD.
- (e) Renewal. To renew the SFI certificate, applicants shall, within the period of 12 months immediately preceding the application for the renewal, comply with all of the following conditions:
 - (1) have completed instructor refresher training as an SFI at an ATO;
 - (2) have passed the assessment of competence in accordance with point FCL.935;
 - (3) have completed, on an FSTD, the skill test for the issue of the specific aircraft type ratings representing the types for which privileges are to be renewed.

Section 7 - Specific requirements for the multi-crew cooperation instructor - MCCI

FCL.905.MCCI MCCI Privileges and conditions

- (a) The privileges of an MCCI are to carry out flight instruction during:
 - (1) the practical part of MCC courses when not combined with type rating training; and
 - (2) in the case of MCCI(A), the basic phase of the MPL integrated training course, provided he/she holds or has held an FI(A) or an IRI(A) certificate.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.910.MCCI MCCI -Restricted privileges

The privileges of the holder of an MCCI certificate shall be restricted to the FNPT II/III MCC, FTD 2/3 or FFS in which the MCCI training course was taken.

The privileges may be extended to other FSTDs representing further types of aircraft when the holder has completed the practical training of the MCCI course on that type of FNPT II/III MCC, FTD 2/3 or FFS.

FCL.915.MCCI MCCI Prerequisites

An applicant for an MCCI certificate shall:

- (a) hold or have held a CPL, MPL or ATPL in the appropriate aircraft category;
- (b) have at least:
 - (1) in the case of aeroplanes, 1 500 hours of flying experience as a pilot in multi- pilot operations;
 - (2) in the case of helicopters, 1 000 hours of flying experience as a pilot in multi-crew operations, of which at least 350 hours in multi-pilot helicopters.

FCL.930.MCCI MCCI Training course

- (a) The training course for the MCCI shall include, at least:
 - (1) 25 hours of teaching and learning instruction;
 - (2) technical training related to the type of FSTD where the applicant wishes to instruct;
 - (3) 3 hours of practical instruction, which may be flight instruction or MCC instruction on the relevant FSTD, under the supervision of a TRI, SFI or MCCI nominated by the ATO for that purpose. These hours of flight instruction under supervision shall include the assessment of the applicant's competence as described in FCL.920.
- (b) Applicants holding or having held an FI, TRI, CRI, IRI or SFI certificate shall be fully credited towards the requirement of (a)(1).

FCL.940.MCCI MCCI Revalidation and renewal

- (a) For revalidation of an MCCI certificate the applicant shall have completed the requirements of FCL.930.MCCI(a)(3) on the relevant type of FNPT II/III, FTD 2/3 or FFS, within the last 12 months of the validity period of the MCCI certificate.
- (b) Renewal. If the MCCI certificate has lapsed, the applicant shall complete the requirements of FCL.930.MCCI(a)(2) and (3) on the relevant type of FNPT II/III, FTD 2/3 or FFS.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 8 - Specific requirements for the synthetic training instructor - STI

FCL.905.STI STI Privileges and conditions

- (a) The privileges of an STI are to carry out synthetic flight instruction in the appropriate aircraft category for:
 - (1) the issue of a licence;
 - (2) the issue, revalidation or renewal of an IR and a class or type rating for single-pilot aircraft, except for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes.
- (b) Additional privileges for the STI(A). The privileges of an STI(A) shall include synthetic flight instruction during the core flying skills training of the MPL integrated training course.

FCL.910.STI STI Restricted privileges

The privileges of STIs shall be restricted to the FSTD in which the STI training course was taken.

The privileges may be extended to other FSTDs representing further types of aircraft if in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the application the holders have:

- (a) completed the FSTD content of the CRI or TRI course on the class or type of aircraft for which instructional privileges are sought;
- (b) passed in the FSTD on which flight instruction is to be conducted, the applicable section of the proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Annex for the appropriate class or type of aircraft.

For STIs(A) instructing on BITD only, the proficiency check shall include only the exercises appropriate for the skill test for the issue of a PPL(A);

- (c) conducted, on a CPL, an IR, a PPL or a class or type rating course, at least 3 hours of flight instruction under the supervision of an FI, a CRI(A), an IRI or a TRI nominated by the ATO for this purpose, including at least 1 hour of flight instruction that is supervised by an FIE in the appropriate aircraft category.

FCL.915.STI STI Prerequisites

An applicant for an STI certificate shall:

- (a) hold, or have held within the 3 years prior to the application, a pilot licence and instructional privileges appropriate to the courses on which instruction is intended;
- (b) have completed in an FSTD the relevant proficiency check for the class or type rating, within a period of 12 months preceding the application.

Applicants for the issue of an STI(A) wishing to instruct on BITDs only, shall complete only the exercises appropriate for a skill test for the issue of a PPL(A) only;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (c) Additionally to the requirements laid down in point (a), applicants for the issue of an STI(H) certificate shall have completed at least 1 hour of flight time as an observer on the flight deck of the applicable type of helicopter, in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the application.

FCL.930.STI STI Training course

- (a) The training course for the STI shall comprise at least 3 hours of flight instruction related to the duties of an STI in an FFS, FTD 2/3 or FNPT II/III, under the supervision of an FIE. These hours of flight instruction under supervision shall include the assessment of the applicant's competence as described in FCL.920.

Applicants for an STI(A) wishing to instruct on a BITD only, shall complete the flight instruction on a BITD.

- (b) For applicants for an STI(H), the course shall also include the FFS content of the applicable TRI course.

FCL.940.STI Revalidation and renewal of the STI certificate

- (a) Revalidation. For revalidation of an STI certificate the applicant shall have, within the last 12 months of the validity period of the STI certificate:

- (1) have conducted at least 3 hours of flight instruction in an FSTD, as part of a complete CPL, IR, PPL or class or type rating course; and
- (2) have passed in the FSTD on which flight instruction is conducted, the applicable sections of the proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part for the appropriate class or type of aircraft.

For an STIs(A) instructing on BITDs only, the proficiency check shall include only the exercises appropriate for a skill test for the issue of a PPL(A) only.

- (b) Renewal. If the STI certificate, the applicants shall within the period of 12 months immediately preceding the application for the renewal:

- (1) receive refresher training as an STI at an ATO;
- (2) pass in the FSTD on which flight instruction is conducted, the applicable sections of the proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to this Part for the appropriate class or type of aircraft.

For an STI(A) instructing on BITDs only, the proficiency check shall include only the exercises appropriate for a skill test for the issue of a PPL(A);

- (3) conduct on a complete, in the relevant aircraft category, on a complete CPL, IR, PPL or class or type rating course, at least 3 hours of flight instruction under the supervision of a FI, a CRI, an IRI or a TRI(H) nominated by the ATO for this purpose. At least 1 hour of flight instruction shall be supervised by an FIE.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 9 - Mountain rating instructor – MI - Reserved

Section 10 - Specific requirements for the flight test instructor - FTI

FCL.905.FTI FTI Privileges and conditions

- (a) The privileges of a flight test instructor (FTI) are to instruct, within the appropriate aircraft category, for:
 - (1) the issue of category 1 or 2 flight test ratings, provided he/she holds the relevant category of flight test rating;
 - (2) the issue of an FTI certificate, within the relevant category of flight test rating, provided that the instructor has at least 2 years of experience instructing for the issue of flight test ratings.
- (b) The privileges of an FTI holding a category 1 flight test rating include the provision of flight instruction also in relation to category 2 flight test ratings.

FCL.915.FTI FTI Prerequisites

An applicant for an FTI certificate shall:

- (a) hold a flight test rating issued in accordance with FCL.820;
- (b) have completed at least 200 hours of category 1 or 2 flight tests.

FCL.930.FTI FTI Training course

- (a) The training course for the FTI shall include, at least:
 - (1) 25 hours of teaching and learning;
 - (2) 10 hours of technical training, including revision of technical knowledge, the preparation of lesson plans and the development of classroom/simulator instructional skills;
 - (3) 5 hours of practical flight instruction under the supervision of an FTI qualified in accordance with FCL.905.FTI(b). These hours of flight instruction shall include the assessment of the applicant's competence as described in FCL.920.
- (b) Crediting:
 - (1) Applicants holding or having held an instructor certificate shall be fully credited towards the requirement of (a)(1).
 - (2) In addition, applicants holding or having held an FI or TRI certificate in the relevant aircraft category shall be fully credited towards the requirements of (a)(2).

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.940.FTI FTI Revalidation and renewal

- (a) Revalidation. For revalidation of an FTI certificate, the applicant shall, within the validity period of the FTI certificate, fulfil one of the following requirements:
- (1) complete at least:
 - (i) 50 hours of flight tests, of which at least 15 hours shall be within the 12 months preceding the expiry date of the FTI certificate; and
 - (ii) 5 hours of flight test flight instruction within the 12 months preceding the expiry date of the FTI certificate; or
 - (2) receive refresher training as an FTI at an ATO. The refresher training shall be based on the practical flight instruction element of the FTI training course, in accordance with FCL.930.FTI(a)(3), and include at least 1 instruction flight under the supervision of an FTI qualified in accordance with FCL.905.FTI(b).
- (b) Renewal. If the FTI certificate has lapsed, the applicant shall receive refresher training as an FTI at an ATO. The refresher training shall comply at least with the requirements of FCL.930.FTI(a)(3).

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Subpart K - Examiners

Section 1 - Common requirements

FCL.1000 Examiner certificates

- (a) General. Holders of an examiner certificate shall:
- (1) Hold, unless otherwise determined in this Part, an equivalent licence, rating or certificate to the ones for which they are authorised to conduct skill tests, proficiency checks or assessments of competence and the privilege to instruct for them;
 - (2) be qualified to act as PIC on the aircraft during a skill test, proficiency check or assessment of competence when conducted on the aircraft.
- (b) Special conditions:
- (1) The competent authority may issue a specific certificate granting privileges for the conduct of skill tests, proficiency checks and assessments of competence if compliance with the requirements established in this Subpart is not possible because of the introduction of any of the following:
 - (i) new aircraft in Brunei Darussalam or in an operator's fleet; and
 - (ii) new training courses in this BAR Part-FCL.

Such a certificate shall be limited to the skill tests, proficiency checks and assessments of competence necessary for the introduction of the new type of aircraft or the new training course and its validity shall not, in any case, exceed 1 year.
 - (2) Holders of a certificate issued in accordance with (b)(1) who wish to apply for an examiner certificate shall comply with the prerequisites and revalidation requirements for that category of examiner.
 - (3) Where no qualified examiner is available, Brunei DCA may, on case-by-case basis, authorise inspectors or examiners who do not meet the relevant instructor, type or class rating requirements as specified in (a), to perform skill tests, proficiency checks and assessments of competence.
- (c) Examination outside of Brunei Darussalam:
- (1) By way of derogation from point (a), in the case of skill tests and proficiency checks conducted outside the territory of Brunei Darussalam, the Brunei DCA may issue an examiner certificate to an applicant holding a pilot licence issued by a country other than Brunei Darussalam in accordance with ICAO Annex 1, provided that the applicant:
 - (i) holds at least an equivalent licence, rating, or certificate to the one for which they are authorised to conduct skill tests, proficiency checks or assessments of competence, and in any case at least a CPL;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (ii) are qualified to act as PIC in the aircraft during a skill test or proficiency check that is conducted in the aircraft;
 - (iii) complies with the requirements established in this Subpart for the issue of the relevant examiner certificate; and
 - (iv) demonstrates to the Brunei DCA an adequate level of knowledge of Brunei Darussalam aviation safety rules to be able to exercise examiner privileges in accordance with this Part.
- (2) the certificate referred to in paragraph (1) shall be limited to providing skill tests and proficiency tests/checks:
- (i) outside of Brunei Darussalam; and
 - (ii) to pilots who have sufficient knowledge of the language in which the test/check is given.

FCL.1005 Limitation of privileges in case of vested interests

Examiners shall not conduct:

- (a) skill tests or assessments of competence of applicants for the issue of a licence, rating or certificate:
 - (1) to whom they have provided more than 25% of the required flight instruction for the licence, rating or certificate for which the skill test or assessment of competence is being taken; or
 - (2) skill tests, proficiency checks or assessments of competence whenever they feel that their objectivity may be affected.

FCL.1010 Prerequisites for examiners

Applicants for an examiner certificate shall demonstrate:

- (a) relevant knowledge, background and appropriate experience related to the privileges of an examiner;
- (b) that they have not been subject to any sanctions, including the suspension, limitation or revocation of any of their licences, ratings or certificates issued in accordance with this Part, for non-compliance with the Requirements during the last 3 years.

FCL.1015 Examiner standardisation

- (a) An applicant for an examiner certificate shall undertake a standardisation course which is provided by the competent authority or which is provided by an ATO and approved by the competent authority.
- (b) The standardisation course shall consist of theoretical and practical instruction and shall include, at least:
 - (1) the conduct of 2 skill tests, proficiency checks or assessments of competences for the licences, ratings or certificates for which the applicant seeks the privilege to conduct tests and checks;
 - (2) instruction on the applicable requirements in this part and the applicable air operations requirements, the conduct of skill tests,

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

proficiency checks and assessments of competence, and their documentation and reporting;

- (3) a briefing on the national administrative procedures, requirements for protection of personal data, liability, accident insurance and fees.
 - (4) a briefing on the need to review and apply the items in (3) when conducting skill tests, proficiency checks or assessments of competence of an applicant for which the competent authority is not the same that issued the examiner's certificate; and
 - (5) an instruction on how to get access to these national procedures and requirements of other competent authorities when needed;
- (c) Holders on an examiners certificate shall not conduct skill tests, proficiency checks or assessments of competence of an applicant for which the competent is not the same that issued the examiner's certificate, unless they have reviewed the latest available information containing the relevant national procedures of the applicant's competent authority

FCL.1020 Examiners assessment of competence

Applicants for an examiner certificate shall demonstrate their competence to an inspector from the Brunei DCA or a senior examiner specifically authorised to do so by the Brunei DCA through the conduct of a skill test, proficiency check or assessment of competence in the examiner role for which privileges are sought, including briefing, conduct of the skill test, proficiency check or assessment of competence, and assessment of the person to whom the test, check or assessment is given, debriefing and recording documentation.

FCL.1025 Validity, revalidation and renewal of examiner certificates

- (a) Validity.

An examiner certificate shall be valid for 3 years.

- (b) Revalidation.

An examiner certificate shall be revalidated when the holder has, during the validity period of the certificate:

- (1) before the expiry date of the certificate, have conducted at least 6 skill tests, proficiency checks or assessments of competence or EBT evaluation phases during an EBT module referred to in point ORO.FC.231 of BAR 6 Part-ORO;
- (2) in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the expiry date of the certificate, have completed an examiner refresher course which is provided by Brunei DCA or which is provided by an ATO and approved by Brunei DCA.
- (3) one of the skill tests or proficiency checks, assessment of competence or EBT evaluation phases conducted in accordance with point (1) shall take place in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the expiry date of the examiner certificate and shall:
 - (i) have been assessed by an inspector from the Brunei DCA or by a senior examiner specifically authorised to do so by Brunei DCA ; or

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

(ii) comply with the requirements in point FCL.1020.

If applicants for the revalidation holds privileges for more than one category of examiner, combined revalidation of all examiner privileges may be achieved when the applicant complies with the requirements in (b)(1) and (2) and FCL.1020 for one of the categories of examiner certificate held, in agreement with the Brunei DCA.

- (c) Renewal. If the certificate has expired, applicants shall comply with the requirements of (b)(2) and FCL.1020 in the period of 12 months immediately preceding the application for the renewal.
- (d) An examiner certificate shall only be revalidated or renewed if the applicant demonstrates continued compliance with the requirements in FCL.1010 and FCL.1030.

FCL.1030 Conduct of skill tests, proficiency checks and assessments of competence

- (a) When conducting skill tests, proficiency checks and assessments of competence, examiners shall:
 - (1) ensure that communication with the applicant can be established without language barriers;
 - (2) verify that the applicant complies with all the qualification, training and experience requirements in this Part for the issue, revalidation or renewal of the licence, rating or certificate for which the skill test, proficiency check or assessment of competence is taken;
 - (3) make the applicant aware of the consequences of providing incomplete, inaccurate or false information related to their training and flight experience.
- (b) After completion of the skill test or proficiency check, the examiner shall:
 - (1) inform the applicant of the result of the test. In the event of a partial pass or fail, the examiner shall inform the applicant that he/she may not exercise the privileges of the rating until a full pass has been obtained. The examiner shall detail any further training requirement and explain the applicant's right of appeal;
 - (2) in the event of a pass in a proficiency check or assessment of competence for revalidation or renewal, endorse the applicant's licence or certificate with the new expiry date of the rating or certificate, if specifically authorised for that purpose by the Brunei DCA;
 - (3) provide the applicant with a signed report of the skill test or proficiency check and submit without delay copies of the report to the competent authority responsible for the applicant's licence, and to the Brunei DCA. The report shall include:
 - (i) a declaration that the examiner has received information from the applicant regarding his/her experience and instruction, and found that experience and instruction complying with the applicable requirements in this Part;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (ii) confirmation that all the required manoeuvres and exercises have been completed, as well as information on the verbal theoretical knowledge examination, when applicable. If an item has been failed, the examiner shall record the reasons for this assessment;
 - (iii) the result of the test, check or assessment of competence.
 - (iv) a declaration that the examiner has reviewed and applied the national procedures and requirements of the applicant's competent authority if the competent authority responsible for the applicant's licence is not the same that issued the examiner's certificate;
 - (v) a copy of the examiner certificate containing the scope of his/her privileges as examiner in the case of skill tests, proficiency checks or assessments of competence of an applicant for which the competent authority is not the same that issued the examiner's certificate.
- (c) Examiners shall maintain records for 5 years with details of all skill tests, proficiency checks and assessments of competence performed and their results.
- (d) Upon request by the Brunei DCA, examiners shall submit all records and reports, and any other information, as required for oversight activities.

Section 2 - Specific requirements for the flight examiner - FE

FCL.1005.FE FE Privileges and conditions

- (a) FE(A). The privileges of an FE for aeroplanes are to conduct:
- (1) skill tests for the issue of the PPL(A) and skill tests and proficiency checks for associated single-pilot class and type ratings, except for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, provided that the examiner has completed at least 1 000 hours of flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes, including at least 250 hours of flight instruction;
 - (2) skill tests for the issue of the CPL(A) and skill tests and proficiency checks for the associated single-pilot class and type ratings, except for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, provided that the examiner has completed at least 2 000 hours of flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes, including at least 250 hours of flight instruction;
 - (3) skill tests and proficiency checks for the LAPL(A), provided that the examiner has completed at least 500 hours of flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes, including at least 100 hours of flight instruction;
 - (4) proficiency checks for the revalidation and renewal of EIRs, provided that the FE has completed at least 1 500 hours as a pilot on aeroplanes and complies with the requirements in FCL.1010.IRE(a)(2).
- (b) FE(H). The privileges of an FE for helicopters are to conduct:
- (1) skill tests for the issue of the PPL(H) and skill tests and proficiency checks for single-pilot single-engine helicopter type ratings entered in a PPL(H), provided that the examiner has completed 1 000 hours of

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

flight time as a pilot on helicopters, including at least 250 hours of flight instruction;

- (2) skill tests for the issue of the CPL(H) and skill tests and proficiency checks for single-pilot single-engine helicopter type ratings entered in a CPL(H), provided the examiner has completed 2 000 hours of flight time as pilot on helicopters, including at least 250 hours of flight instruction;
- (3) skill tests and proficiency checks for single-pilot multi-engine helicopter type ratings entered in a PPL(H) or a CPL(H), provided the examiner has completed the requirements in (1) or (2), as applicable, and holds a CPL(H) or ATPL(H) and, when applicable, an IR(H);
- (4) skill tests and proficiency checks for the LAPL(H), provided that the examiner has completed at least 500 hours of flight time as a pilot on helicopters, including at least 150 hours of flight instruction.

FCL.1010.FE FE Prerequisites

An applicant for an FE certificate shall hold an FI certificate in the appropriate aircraft category.

Section 3 - Specific requirements for the type rating examiner - TRE

FCL.1005.TRE TRE Privileges and conditions

- (a) TRE(A) and TRE(PL). The privileges of a TRE for aeroplanes are to conduct:
 - (1) skill tests for the initial issue of type ratings for aeroplanes;
 - (2) proficiency checks for revalidation or renewal of type ratings, EIRs and IRs;
 - (3) skill tests for ATPL(A) issue;
 - (4) skill tests for MPL issue, provided that the examiner has complied with the requirements in FCL.925;
 - (5) assessments of competence for the issue, revalidation or renewal of a TRI or SFI certificate in the applicable aircraft category, provided that the examiner has completed at least 3 years as a TRE and have undergone specific training for the assessment of competence in accordance with point FCL.1015(b).
- (b) TRE(H). The privileges of a TRE(H) are to conduct:
 - (1) skill tests and proficiency checks for the issue, revalidation or renewal of helicopter type ratings;
 - (2) proficiency checks for the revalidation or renewal of IRs, or for the extension of the IR(H) from single-engine helicopters to multi-engine helicopters, provided the TRE(H) holds a valid IR(H);
 - (3) skill tests for ATPL(H) issue;
 - (4) assessments of competence for the issue, revalidation or renewal of a TRI(H) or SFI(H) certificate, provided that the examiner has

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

completed at least 3 years as a TRE and have undergone specific training for the assessment of competence in accordance with point FCL.1015(b).

FCL.1010.TRE TRE – Prerequisites

- (a) TRE(A) and TRE(PL). Applicants for a TRE certificate for aeroplanes shall:
- (1) in the case of multi-pilot aeroplanes, have completed 1 500 hours of flight time as a pilot of multi-pilot aeroplanes, of which at least 500 hours shall be as PIC;
 - (2) in the case of single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, have completed 500 hours of flight time as a pilot of single-pilot aeroplanes, of which at least 200 hours shall be as PIC;
 - (3) hold a CPL or ATPL and a TRI certificate for the applicable type;
 - (4) for the initial issue of an TRE certificate, have completed at least 50 hours of flight instruction as a TRI or SFI in the applicable type or an FSTD representing that type.
- (b) TRE(H). Applicants for a TRE (H) certificate for helicopters shall:
- (1) hold a TRI(H) certificate or, in the case of single-pilot single-engine helicopters, a valid FI(H) certificate, for the applicable type;
 - (2) for the initial issue of a TRE certificate, have completed 50 hours of flight instruction as a TRI, FI or SFI in the applicable type or an FSTD representing that type;
 - (3) in the case of multi-pilot helicopters, hold a CPL(H) or ATPL(H) and have completed 1 500 hours of flight as a pilot on multi-pilot helicopters, of which at least 500 hours shall be as PIC;
 - (4) in the case of single-pilot multi-engine helicopters:
 - (i) have completed 1 000 hours of flight as pilot on helicopters, of which at least 500 hours shall be as PIC;
 - (ii) hold a CPL(H) or ATPL(H) and, when applicable, a valid IR(H);
 - (5) in the case of single-pilot single-engine helicopters:
 - (i) have completed 750 hours of flight as a pilot on helicopters, of which at least 500 hours shall be as PIC;
 - (ii) hold a CPL(H) or ATPL(H).
 - (6) before the privileges of a TRE(H) are extended from single-pilot multi-engine to multi-pilot multi-engine privileges on the same type of helicopter, the holder shall have at least 100 hours in multi-pilot operations on this type.
 - (7) in the case of applicants for the first multi-pilot multi-engine TRE certificate, the 1 500 hours of flight experience on multi-pilot helicopters required in (b)(3) may be considered to have been met if they have completed the 500 hours of flight time as PIC on a multi-pilot helicopter of the same type.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 4 - Specific requirements for the Class Rating Examiner - CRE

FCL.1005.CRE CRE Privileges

The privileges of a CRE are to conduct, for single-pilot aeroplanes, except for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes:

- (a) skill tests for the issue of class and type ratings;
- (b) proficiency checks for:
 - (1) revalidation or renewal of class and type ratings;
 - (2) revalidation and renewal of IRs, provided that they have completed at least 1500 hours as pilots of aeroplanes and have competed at least 450 hours of flight time under IFR;
 - (3) revalidation and renewal of EIRs, provided that the CRE has completed at least 1 500 hours as a pilot on aeroplanes and complies with the requirements in FCL.1010.IRE(a)(2).
- (c) skill tests for the extension of LAPL(A) privileges to another class or variant of aeroplane.

FCL.1010.CRE CRE Prerequisites

Applicants for a CRE certificate shall:

- (a) hold a CPL(A), MPL(A) or ATPL(A) with single-pilot privileges or have held it and hold a PPL(A);
- (b) hold a CRI certificate for the applicable class or type;
- (c) have completed 500 hours of flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes.

Section 5 - Specific requirements for the Instrument Rating Examiner - IRE

FCL.1005.IRE IRE Privileges

The privileges of the holder of an IRE certificate are to conduct skill tests for the issue, and proficiency checks for the revalidation or renewal of EIRs or IRs.

FCL.1010.IRE IRE Prerequisites

- (a) IRE(A). Applicants for an IRE certificate for aeroplanes shall hold an IRI(A) and have completed:
 - (1) 2 000 hours of flight time as a pilot of aeroplanes; and
 - (2) 450 hours of flight time under IFR, of which 250 hours shall be as an instructor.
- (b) IRE(H). Applicants for an IRE certificate for helicopters shall hold an IRI(H) and have completed:
 - (1) 2 000 hours of flight time as a pilot on helicopters; and

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (2) 300 hours of instrument flight time on helicopters, of which 200 hours shall be as an instructor.

Section 6 - Specific requirements for the Synthetic Flight Examiner - SFE

FCL.1005.SFE SFE Privileges and conditions

- (a) SFE(A) and SFE(PL). The privileges of an SFE for aeroplanes are to conduct in an FFS, or for the assessments in point (5) on the applicable FSTD:
- (1) skill tests and proficiency checks for the issue, revalidation or renewal of type ratings for multi-pilot aeroplanes;
 - (2) proficiency checks for revalidation or renewal of IRs if combined with the revalidation or renewal of a type rating, provided that they have passed a proficiency check for the aircraft type including the instrument rating within the last year;
 - (3) skill tests for ATPL(A) issue;
 - (4) skill tests for MPL issue, provided that the examiner has complied with the requirements in FCL.925; and
 - (5) assessments of competence for the issue, revalidation or renewal of an SFI certificate in the relevant aircraft category, provided that the examiner has completed at least 3 years as an SFE(A) and have undergone specific training for the assessment of competence accordance with point FCL.1015(b).
- (b) SFE(H). The privileges of an SFE for helicopters are to conduct in an FFS or for the assessment in point (4) on the applicable FSTD:
- (1) skill tests and proficiency checks for the issue, revalidation and renewal of type ratings; and
 - (2) proficiency checks for the revalidation and renewal of IRs if those checks are combined with the revalidation or renewal of a type rating, provided that the SFEs have passed a proficiency check for the aircraft type including the instrument rating within the last year preceding the proficiency check;
 - (3) skill tests for ATPL(H) issue;
 - (4) assessments of competence for the issue, revalidation or renewal of an SFI(H) certificate, provided that they have completed at least 3 years as an SFE(H) and have undergone specific training for the assessment of competence in accordance with point FCL.1015(b).

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

FCL.1010.SFE SFE Prerequisites

(a) SFE(A)

Applicants for an SFE(A) certificate shall comply with all of the following conditions:

- (1) in the case of multi-pilot aeroplanes:
 - (i) hold or have held an ATPL(A) and a type rating;
 - (ii) hold an SFI(A) certificate for the applicable type of aeroplane; and
 - (iii) have at least 1500 hours of flight time as pilots of multi-pilot aeroplanes;
- (2) in the case of single-pilot high-performance complex aeroplanes:
 - (i) hold or have held a CPL(A) or an ATPL(A) and a type rating
 - (ii) hold an SFI(A) certificate for the applicable class or type of aeroplane; and
 - (iii) have at least 500 hours of flight time as pilots of single-pilot aeroplanes;
- (3) for the initial issue of an SFE certificate, have completed at least 50 hours of synthetic flight instruction as a TRI(A) or an SFI(A) on the applicable type.

(b) SFE(H)

Applicants for an SFE(H) certificate shall comply with all of the following conditions:

- (1) hold or have held an ATPL(H), and a type rating for the applicable type of helicopter;
- (2) hold an SFI(H) certificate for the applicable type of helicopter;
- (3) have at least 1000 hours of flight time as pilots of multi-pilot helicopters;
- (4) for the initial issue of an SFE certificate, have completed at least 50 hours of synthetic flight instruction as a TRI(H) or an SFI(H) on the applicable type.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Section 7 - Specific requirements for the flight instructor examiner - FIE

FCL.1005.FIE FIE Privileges and conditions

- (a) FIE(A). The privileges of an FIE on aeroplanes are to conduct assessments of competence for the issue, revalidation or renewal of certificates for FI(A), CRI(A), IRI(A), STI(A) and TRI(A) on single-pilot aeroplanes, provided that the relevant instructor certificate is held.
- (b) FIE(H). The privileges of an FIE on helicopters are to conduct assessments of competence for the issue, revalidation or renewal of certificates for FI(H), IRI(H), STI(H) and TRI(H) on single-pilot helicopters, provided that the relevant instructor certificate is held.

FCL.1010.FIE FIE Prerequisites

- (a) FIE(A). Applicants for an FIE certificate for aeroplanes shall:
in case of applicants wishing to conduct assessments of competence:
 - (1) hold the relevant instructor certificate, as applicable;
 - (2) have completed 2 000 hours of flight time as a pilot on aeroplanes;
and
 - (3) have at least 100 hours of flight time instructing applicants for an instructor certificate.
- (b) FIE(H). Applicants for an FIE certificate for helicopters shall:
 - (1) hold the relevant instructor certificate, as applicable;
 - (2) have completed 2 000 hours of flight time as pilot on helicopters;
 - (3) have at least 100 hours of flight time instructing applicants for an instructor certificate.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 1 - Crediting of theoretical knowledge

Crediting of theoretical knowledge for the issue of a pilot licence - bridge instruction and examination requirements

1. LAPL and PPL
 - 1.1. For the issue of an LAPL, the holder of an LAPL in another category of aircraft shall be fully credited with theoretical knowledge on the common subjects established in FCL.120(a).
 - 1.2. For the issue of an LAPL or a PPL, holders of a PPL, CPL or ATPL in another category of aircraft shall be credited towards requirements of theoretical knowledge on the common subjects established in point FCL.215(a). This credit shall also apply to applicants for an LAPL or a PPL who hold a BPL issued in accordance with Annex III (Part-BFCL) to Regulation (EU) 2018/395 or an SPL issued in accordance with Annex III (Part-SFCL) to Implementing Regulation (EU) 2018/1976, except that the subject 'navigation' shall not be credited.
 - 1.3. For the issue of a PPL, the holder of an LAPL in the same category of aircraft shall be fully credited towards the requirements of theoretical knowledge instruction and examination.
2. CPL
 - 2.1. Applicants for the issue of a CPL holding a CPL in another category of aircraft shall have received theoretical knowledge bridge instruction at an ATO on an approved course according to the differences identified between the CPL syllabi for different aircraft categories.
 - 2.2. Applicants shall pass theoretical knowledge examinations as defined in this Part for the following subjects in the appropriate aircraft category:
 - 021 - Aircraft General Knowledge: Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment,
 - 022 - Aircraft General Knowledge: Instrumentation,
 - 032/034 - Performance Aeroplanes or Helicopters, as applicable,
 - 070 - Operational Procedures, and
 - 080 - Principles of Flight.
 - 2.3. Applicants for the issue of a CPL having passed the relevant theoretical knowledge examinations for an IR in the same category of aircraft are credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in human performance and meteorology unless they have completed the IR training course in accordance with Appendix 6, Section Aa, to this BAR 1Part-FCL.
 - 2.4 Applicants for a CPL having passed the relevant theoretical knowledge examinations for an IR or EIR in the same category of aircraft are credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the communications subject.
3. ATPL
 - 3.1. Applicants for the issue of an ATPL holding an ATPL in another category of aircraft shall have received theoretical knowledge bridge instruction at an ATO

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

on an approved course according to the differences identified between the ATPL syllabi for different aircraft categories.

- 3.2. Applicants shall pass theoretical knowledge examinations as defined in this Part for the following subjects in the appropriate aircraft category:
 - 021 - Aircraft General Knowledge: Airframe and Systems, Electrics, Powerplant, Emergency Equipment,
 - 022 - Aircraft General Knowledge: Instrumentation,
 - 032/034 - Performance Aeroplanes or Helicopters, as applicable,
 - 070 - Operational Procedures, and
 - 080 - Principles of Flight.
- 3.3. Applicants for the issue of an ATPL(A) having passed the relevant theoretical examination for a CPL(A) are credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the subject 'communications'.
- 3.4. Applicants for the issue of an ATPL(H), having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for a CPL(H) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects:
 - Air Law;
 - Principles of Flight (Helicopter); and
 - Communications.
- 3.5. Applicants for the issue of an ATPL(A) having passed the relevant theoretical examination for an IR(A) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in subject 'Communications'.
- 3.6. Applicants for the issue of an ATPL(H) with an IR(H), having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for a CPL(H) is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects:
 - Principles of Flight (Helicopter); and
 - Communications.
4. IR
 - 4.1. Applicants for the issue of an IR or for a BIR, who have passed the relevant theoretical examinations for a CPL in the same aircraft category is credited towards the theoretical knowledge requirements in the following subjects:
 - Human Performance;
 - Meteorology; and
 - Communications
 - 4.2. Applicants for the issue of an IR(H) having passed the relevant theoretical examinations for an ATPL(H) VFR is required to pass the following examination subjects:
 - Air Law;
 - Flight Planning and Flight Monitoring; and
 - Radio Navigation.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 2 - Language Proficiency Rating Scale - Expert, extended and operational level

Level	Pronunciation	Structure	Vocabulary	Fluency	Comprehension	Interactions
Expert (Level 6)	Pronunciation, stress, rhythm, and intonation, though possibly influenced by the first language or regional variation, almost never interfere with ease of understanding.	Both basic and complex grammatical structures and sentence patterns are consistently well controlled.	Vocabulary range and accuracy are sufficient to communicate effectively on a wide variety of familiar and unfamiliar topics. Vocabulary is idiomatic, nuanced and sensitive to register.	Able to speak at length with a natural, effortless flow. Varies speech flow for stylistic effect, e.g. to emphasise a point. Uses appropriate discourse markers and connectors spontaneously.	Comprehension is consistently accurate in nearly all contexts and includes comprehension of linguistic and cultural subtleties.	Interacts with ease in nearly all situations. Is sensitive to verbal and non-verbal cues, and responds to them appropriately.
Extended (Level 5)	Pronunciation, stress, rhythm, and intonation, though influenced by the first language or regional variation, rarely interfere with ease of understanding.	Basic grammatical structures and sentence patterns are consistently well controlled. Complex structures are attempted but with errors which sometimes interfere with meaning.	Vocabulary range and accuracy are sufficient to communicate effectively on common, concrete, and work-related topics. Para- phrases consistently and successfully. Vocabulary is sometimes idiomatic.	Able to speak at length with relative ease on familiar topics, but may not vary speech flow as a stylistic device. Can make use of appropriate discourse markers or connectors.	Comprehension is accurate on common, concrete, and work-related topics and mostly accurate when the speaker is confronted with a linguistic or situational complication or an unexpected turn of events. Is able to comprehend a range of speech varieties (dialect and/or accent) or registers.	Responses are immediate, appropriate, and informative. Manages the speaker/listener relationship effectively.
Operational (Level 4)	Pronunciation, stress, rhythm, and intonation are influenced by the first language or regional variation but only sometimes interfere with ease of understanding.	Basic grammatical structures and sentence patterns are used creatively and are usually well controlled. Errors may occur, particularly in unusual or unexpected circumstances, but rarely interfere with meaning.	Vocabulary range and accuracy are usually sufficient to communicate effectively on common, concrete, and work-related topics. Can often paraphrase successfully when lacking vocabulary particularly in unusual or unexpected circumstances.	Produces stretches of language at an appropriate tempo. There may be occasional loss of fluency on transition from rehearsed or formulaic speech to spontaneous inter- action, but this does not prevent effective communication. Can make limited use of discourse markers and connectors. Fillers are not distracting.	Comprehension is mostly accurate on common, concrete, and work-related topics when the accent or variety used is sufficiently intelligible for an international community of users. When the speaker is confronted with a linguistic or situational complication or an unexpected turn of events, comprehension may be slower or require clarification strategies.	Responses are usually immediate, appropriate, and informative. Initiates and maintains exchanges even when dealing with an unexpected turn of events. Deals adequately with apparent misunderstandings by checking, confirming, or clarifying.

Note: The initial text of Appendix 2 has been transferred to AMC, see also the Explanatory Note.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Note: ICAO provides 3 further Rating Scales:

- Pre-operational – Level 3
- Elementary – Level 2
- Pre-elementary – Level1

These sub scales are below the standard set for Licence Endorsement.

Refer to the 'Manual on the Implementation of ICAO Language Proficiency Requirements' (ICAO Doc 9835), Appendix A Part III and Appendix B for further guidance.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 3 - Training courses for the issue of a CPL and an ATPL

1. This Appendix describes the requirements for the different types of training courses for the issue of a CPL and an ATPL, with and without an IR.
2. An applicant wishing to transfer to another ATO during a training course shall apply to the Brunei DCA for a formal assessment of the further hours of training required.

A ATP integrated course - Aeroplanes

General

1. The aim of the ATP(A) integrated course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary to enable them to operate as co-pilot on multi-pilot multi-engine aeroplanes in commercial air transport and to obtain the CPL(A)/IR.
2. An applicant wishing to undertake an ATP(A) integrated course shall complete all the instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO.
3. An applicant may be admitted to training either as an ab-initio entrant, or as a holder of a PPL(A) or PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention. In the case of a PPL(A) or PPL(H) entrant, 50 % of the hours flown prior to the course shall be credited, up to a maximum of 40 hours flying experience, or 45 hours if an aeroplane night rating has been obtained, of which up to 20 hours may count towards the requirement for dual instruction flight time.
4. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to the ATPL(A) knowledge level;
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training; and
 - (c) training in MCC for the operation of multi-pilot aeroplanes.
 - (d) UPRT in accordance with FCL.745.A unless applicants have already completed this training course before starting the ATP integrated course.
5. An applicant failing or unable to complete the entire ATP(A) course may apply to the Brunei DCA for the theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for a licence with lower privileges and an IR if the applicable requirements are met.

Theoretical Knowledge

6. An ATP(A) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 750 hours of instruction.
7. The MCC course shall comprise at least 25 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction and exercises.
8. The theoretical knowledge instruction in UPRT shall be conducted in accordance with FCL.745.A.

Theoretical Knowledge Examination

9. An applicant shall demonstrate the level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of an ATPL(A).

Flying Training

10. The flying training, not including type rating training, shall comprise a total of at least 195 hours, to include all progress tests, of which up to 55 hours for the entire course may be instrument ground time. Within the total of 195 hours, applicants shall complete at least:

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (a) 95 hours of dual instruction, of which up to 55 hours may be instrument ground time;
- (b) 70 hours as PIC, of which up to 55 hours may be SPIC. The instrument flight time as SPIC shall only be counted as PIC flight time up to a maximum of 20 hours;
- (c) 50 hours of cross-country flight as PIC, including a VFR cross-country flight of at least 540 km (300 NM), in the course of which full stop landings at two aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made;
- (d) 5 hours flight time shall be completed at night, comprising 3 hours of dual instruction, which will include at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo take-offs and 5 solo full stop landings; and
- (e) UPRT flight instruction in accordance with FCL.745.A;
- (f) 115 hours of instrument time comprising, at least:
 - (1) 20 hours as SPIC;
 - (2) 15 hours MCC, for which an FFS or FNPT II may be used;
 - (3) 50 hours of instrument flight instruction, of which up to:
 - (i) 25 hours may be instrument ground time in a FNPT I; or
 - (ii) 40 hours may be instrument ground time in a FNPT II, FTD 2 or FFS, of which up to 10 hours may be conducted in an FNPT I.

An applicant holding a course completion certificate for the Basic Instrument Flight Module shall be credited with up to 10 hours towards the required instrument instruction time. Hours done in a BITD shall not be credited;

- (g) 5 hours to be carried out in an aeroplane certificated for the carriage of at least 4 persons that has a variable pitch propeller and retractable landing gear.

Skill Test

11. Upon completion of the related flying training, the applicant shall take the CPL(A) skill test on either a single-engine or a multi-engine aeroplane and the IR skill test on a multi-engine aeroplane.

B ATP Modular Course - Aeroplanes

1. Applicants for an ATPL(A) who complete their theoretical knowledge instruction at a modular course shall:
 - (a) hold at least a PPL(A) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention; and complete at least the following hours of theoretical knowledge instruction:
 - (1) for applicants holding a PPL(A): 650 hours;
 - (2) for applicants holding a CPL(A): 400 hours;
 - (3) for applicants holding an IR(A): 500 hours;
 - (4) for applicants holding a CPL(A) and an IR(A): 250 hours.

The theoretical knowledge instruction shall be completed before the skill test for the ATPL(A) is taken.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

C CPL/IR Integrated Course - Aeroplanes

General

1. The aim of the CPL(A) and IR(A) integrated course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary to operate single-pilot single-engine or multi-engine aeroplanes in commercial air transport and to obtain the CPL(A)/IR.
2. An applicant wishing to undertake a CPL(A)/IR integrated course shall complete all the instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO.
3. An applicant may be admitted to training either as an ab-initio entrant, or as a holder of a PPL(A) or PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention. In the case of a PPL(A) or PPL(H) entrant, 50 % of the hours flown prior to the course shall be credited, up to a maximum of 40 hours flying experience, or 45 hours if an aeroplane night rating has been obtained, of which up to 20 hours may count towards the requirement for dual instruction flight time.
4. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to CPL(A) and IR knowledge level; and
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training.
5. An applicant failing or unable to complete the entire CPL/IR(A) course may apply to the Brunei DCA for the theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for a licence with lower privileges and an IR if the applicable requirements are met.

Theoretical Knowledge

6. A CPL(A)/IR theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 500 hours of instruction.

Theoretical Knowledge Examination

7. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of a CPL(A) and an IR.

Flying Training

8. The flying training, not including type rating training, shall comprise a total of at least 180 hours, to include all progress tests, of which up to 40 hours for the entire course may be instrument ground time. Within the total of 180 hours, applicants shall complete at least:
 - (a) 80 hours of dual instruction, of which up to 40 hours may be instrument ground time;
 - (b) 70 hours as PIC, including VFR flight and instrument flight time which may be flown as SPIC. The instrument flight time as SPIC shall only be counted as PIC flight time up to a maximum of 20 hours;
 - (c) 50 hours of cross-country flight as PIC, including a VFR cross-country flight of at least 540 km (300 NM), in the course of which full stop landings at two aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made;
 - (d) 5 hours flight time shall be completed at night, comprising 3 hours of dual instruction, which shall include at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo take-offs and 5 solo full stop landings; and
 - (e) 100 hours of instrument time comprising, at least:
 - (1) 20 hours as SPIC; and

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (2) 50 hours of instrument flight instruction, of which up to:
 - (i) 25 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I; or
 - (ii) 40 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT II, FTD 2 or FFS, of which up to 10 hours may be conducted in an FNPT I.

An applicant holding a course completion certificate for the Basic Instrument Flight Module shall be credited with up to 10 hours towards the required instrument instruction time. Hours done in a BITD shall not be credited;

- (f) 5 hours to be carried out in an aeroplane certificated for the carriage of at least 4 persons that has a variable pitch propeller and retractable landing gear.

Skill Tests

9. Upon completion of the related flying training the applicant shall take the CPL(A) skill test and the IR skill test on either a multi-engine aeroplane or a single-engine aeroplane.

D CPL Integrated Course - Aeroplanes

General

1. The aim of the CPL(A) integrated course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary for the issue of a CPL(A).
2. An applicant wishing to undertake a CPL(A) integrated course shall complete all the instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO.
3. An applicant may be admitted to training either as an ab-initio entrant, or as a holder of a PPL(A) or PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention. In the case of a PPL(A) or PPL(H) entrant, 50 % of the hours flown prior to the course shall be credited, up to a maximum of 40 hours flying experience, or 45 hours if an aeroplane night rating has been obtained, of which up to 20 hours may count towards the requirement for dual instruction flight time.
4. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to CPL(A) knowledge level; and
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training.
5. An applicant failing or unable to complete the entire CPL(A) course may apply to the Brunei DCA for the theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for a licence with lower privileges, if the applicable requirements are met.

Theoretical Knowledge

6. A CPL(A) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 350 hours of instruction.

Theoretical Knowledge Examination

7. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of a CPL(A).

Flying Training

8. The flying training, not including type rating training, shall comprise a total of at least 150 hours, to include all progress tests, of which up to 5 hours for the entire course may be instrument ground time. Within the total of 150 hours, applicants shall complete at least:

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (a) 80 hours of dual instruction, of which up to 5 hours may be instrument ground time;
- (b) 70 hours as PIC, of which up to 55 hours may be as SPIC;
- (c) 20 hours of cross-country flight as PIC, including a VFR cross-country flight of at least 540 km (300 NM), in the course of which full stop landings at two aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made;
- (d) 5 hours flight time shall be completed at night, comprising 3 hours of dual instruction, which shall include at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo take-offs and 5 solo full stop landings;
- (e) 10 hours of instrument flight instruction, of which up to 5 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I, FTD 2, FNPT II or FFS. An applicant holding a course completion certificate for the Basic Instrument Flight Module shall be credited with up to 10 hours towards the required instrument instruction time. Hours done in a BITD shall not be credited;
- (f) 5 hours to be carried out in an aeroplane certificated for the carriage of at least four persons that has a variable pitch propeller and retractable landing gear.

Skill Test

9. Upon completion of the flying training the applicant shall take the CPL(A) skill test on a single-engine or a multi-engine aeroplane.

E CPL Modular Course - Aeroplanes

General

1. The aim of the CPL(A) modular course is to train PPL(A) holders to the level of proficiency necessary for the issue of a CPL(A).
2. Before commencing a CPL(A) modular course an applicant shall be the holder of a PPL(A) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention.
3. Before commencing the flight training the applicant shall:
 - (a) have completed 150 hours flight time including 50 hours as PIC on aeroplanes of which 10 hours shall be cross-country.

Except for the requirement of 50 hours as PIC in aeroplanes, hours as PIC in other categories of aircraft may account for the 150 hours of aeroplane flight time in any of the following cases:

- (1) 20 hours in helicopters, if applicants hold a PPL(H);
 - (2) 50 hours in helicopters, if applicants hold a CPL(H);
 - (3) 10 hours in TMGs or sailplanes;
 - (4) 20 hours in airships, if applicants hold a PPL(As);
 - (5) 50 hours in airships, if applicants hold a CPL(As).
- (b) have complied with the prerequisites for the issue of a class or type rating for multi-engine aeroplanes in accordance with Subpart H, if a multi-engine aeroplane is to be used on the skill test.
4. An applicant wishing to undertake a modular CPL(A) course shall complete all the flight instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

The theoretical knowledge instruction may be given at an ATO conducting theoretical knowledge instruction only.

5. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to CPL(A) knowledge level; and
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training.

Theoretical Knowledge

6. An approved CPL(A) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 250 hours of instruction.

Theoretical Knowledge Examination

7. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of a CPL(A).

Flying Training

8. Applicants without an IR shall be given at least 25 hours dual flight instruction, including 10 hours of instrument instruction of which up to 5 hours may be instrument ground time in a BITD, an FNPT I or II, an FTD 2 or an FFS.
9. Applicants holding a valid IR(A) shall be fully credited towards the dual instrument instruction time. Applicants holding a valid IR(H) shall be credited up to 5 hours of the dual instrument instruction time, in which case at least 5 hours dual instrument instruction time shall be given in an aeroplane. An applicant holding a Course Completion Certificate for the Basic Instrument Flight Module shall be credited with up to 10 hours towards the required instrument instruction time.
10.
 - (a) Applicants with a valid IR shall be given at least 15 hours dual visual flight instruction.
 - (b) Applicants without a night rating aeroplane shall be given additionally at least 5 hours night flight instruction, comprising 3 hours of dual instruction, which shall include at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo take-offs and 5 solo full stop landings.
11. At least 5 hours of the flight instruction shall be carried out in an aeroplane certificated for the carriage of at least 4 persons and have a variable pitch propeller and retractable landing gear.

Experience

12. The applicant for a CPL(A) shall have completed at least 200 hours flight time, including at least:
 - (a) 100 hours as PIC, of which 20 hours of cross-country flight as PIC, which shall include a VFR cross-country flight of at least 540 km (300 NM), in the course of which full stop landings at two aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made;
 - (b) 5 hours of flight time shall be completed at night, comprising 3 hours of dual instruction, which shall include at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo take-offs and 5 solo full stop landings; and
 - (c) 10 hours of instrument flight instruction, of which up to 5 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I, or FNPT II or FFS. An applicant holding a course completion certificate for the Basic Instrument Flight Module shall be

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

credited with up to 10 hours towards the required instrument instruction time. Hours done in a BITD shall not be credited;

- (d) 6 hours of flight time shall be completed in a multi-engine aeroplane, if a multi-engine aeroplane is used for the skill test.
- (e) Hours as PIC of other categories of aircraft may count towards the 200 hours flight time, in the following cases:
 - (i) 30 hours in helicopter, if the applicant holds a PPL(H); or
 - (ii) 100 hours in helicopters, if the applicant holds a CPL(H); or
 - (iii) 30 hours in TMGs or sailplanes; or
 - (iv) 30 hours in airships, if the applicant holds a PPL(As); or
 - (v) 60 hours in airships, if the applicant holds a CPL(As).

Skill Test

13. Upon completion of the flying training and relevant experience requirements the applicant shall take the CPL(A) skill test on either a single-engine or a multi-engine aeroplane.

F ATP/IR integrated course - Helicopters

General

1. The aim of the ATP(H)/IR integrated course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary to enable them to operate as co-pilot on multi-pilot multi-engine helicopters in commercial air transport and to obtain the CPL(H)/IR.
2. An applicant wishing to undertake an ATP(H)/IR integrated course shall complete all the instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO.
3. An applicant may be admitted to training either as an ab-initio entrant, or as a holder of a PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention. In the case of a PPL(H) entrant, 50 % of the relevant experience shall be credited, up to a maximum of:
 - (a) 40 hours, of which up to 20 hours may be dual instruction; or
 - (b) 50 hours, of which up to 25 hours may be dual instruction, if a helicopter night rating has been obtained.
4. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to the ATPL(H) and IR knowledge level;
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training; and
 - (c) training in MCC for the operation of multi-pilot helicopters.
5. An applicant failing or unable to complete the entire ATP(H)/IR course may apply to the Brunei DCA for the theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for a licence with lower privileges and an IR, if the applicable requirements are met.

Theoretical Knowledge

6. An ATP(H)/IR theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 750 hours of instruction.
7. The MCC course shall comprise at least 25 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction exercises.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Theoretical Knowledge Examination

8. An applicant shall demonstrate the level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of an ATPL(H) and an IR.

Flying Training

9. The flying training shall comprise a total of at least 195 hours, to include all progress tests. Within the total of 195 hours, applicants shall complete at least:

- (a) 140 hours of dual instruction, of which:
- (1) 75 hours visual instruction may include:
 - (i) 30 hours in a helicopter FFS, level C/D; or
 - (ii) 25 hours in a FTD 2,3; or
 - (iii) 20 hours in a helicopter FNPT II/III; or
 - (iv) 20 hours in an aeroplane;
 - (2) 50 hours instrument instruction may include:
 - (i) up to 20 hours in a helicopter FFS or FTD 2,3 or FNPT II/III; or
 - (ii) 10 hours in at least a helicopter FNPT 1 or an aeroplane;
 - (3) 15 hours MCC, for which a helicopter FFS or helicopter FTD 2,3(MCC) or FNPT II/III(MCC) may be used.

If the helicopter used for the flying training is of a different type from the helicopter FFS used for the visual training, the maximum credit shall be limited to that allocated for the helicopter FNPT II/III;

- (b) 55 hours as PIC, of which 40 hours may be as SPIC. At least 14 hours solo day and 1 hour solo night shall be made;
- (c) 50 hours of cross-country flight, including at least 10 hours of cross-country flight as SPIC including a VFR cross-country flight of at least 185 km (100 NM) in the course of which landings at two different aerodromes from the aerodrome of departure shall be made;
- (d) 5 hours flight time in helicopters shall be completed at night comprising 3 hours of dual instruction including at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo night circuits. Each circuit shall include a take-off and a landing;
- (e) 50 hours of dual instrument time comprising:
 - (i) 10 hours basic instrument instruction time; and
 - (ii) 40 hours IR Training, which shall include at least 10 hours in a multi-engine IFR-certificated helicopter.

Skill Tests

10. Upon completion of the related flying training, the applicant shall take the CPL(H) skill test on a multi-engine helicopter and the IR skill test on an IFR certificated multi-engine helicopter and shall comply with the requirements for MCC training.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

G ATP integrated course - Helicopters

General

1. The aim of the ATP(H) integrated course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary to enable them to operate as co-pilot on multi-pilot multi-engine helicopters limited to VFR privileges in commercial air transport and to obtain the CPL(H).
2. An applicant wishing to undertake an ATP(H) integrated course shall complete all the instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO.
3. An applicant may be admitted to training either as an ab-initio entrant, or as a holder of a PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention. In the case of a PPL(H) entrant, 50 % of the relevant experience shall be credited, up to a maximum of:
 - (a) 40 hours, of which up to 20 hours may be dual instruction; or
 - (b) 50 hours, of which up to 25 hours may be dual instruction, if a helicopter night rating has been obtained.
4. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to the ATPL(H) knowledge level;
 - (b) visual and basic instrument flying training; and
 - (c) training in MCC for the operation of multi-pilot helicopters.
5. An applicant failing or unable to complete the entire ATP(H) course may apply to the Brunei DCA for the theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for a licence with lower privileges, if the applicable requirements are met.

Theoretical knowledge

6. An ATP(H) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 650 hours of instruction.
7. The MCC course shall comprise at least 20 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction exercises.

Theoretical knowledge examination

8. An applicant shall demonstrate the level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of an ATPL (H).

Flying training

9. The flying training shall comprise a total of at least 150 hours, to include all progress tests. Within the total of 150 hours, applicants shall complete at least:
 - (a) 95 hours of dual instruction, of which:
 - (i) 75 hours visual instruction may include:
 - (1) 30 hours in a helicopter FFS level C/D; or
 - (2) 25 hours in a helicopter FTD 2,3; or
 - (3) 20 hours in a helicopter FNPT II/III; or
 - (4) 20 hours in an aeroplane;
 - (ii) 10 hours basic instrument instruction may include 5 hours in at least a helicopter FNPT I or an aeroplane;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (iii) 10 hours MCC, for which a helicopter: helicopter FFS or FTD 2,3(MCC) or FNPT II/III(MCC) may be used.

If the helicopter used for the flying training is of a different type from the helicopter FFS used for the visual training, the maximum credit shall be limited to that allocated for the helicopter FNPT II/III;

- (b) 55 hours as PIC, of which 40 hours may be as SPIC. At least 14 hours solo day and 1 hour solo night shall be made;
- (c) 50 hours of cross-country flight, including at least 10 hours of cross-country flight as SPIC, including a VFR cross-country flight of at least 185 km (100 NM) in the course of which landings at two different aerodromes from the aerodrome of departure shall be made;
- (d) 5 hours flight time in helicopters shall be completed at night comprising 3 hours of dual instruction including at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo night circuits. Each circuit shall include a take-off and a landing.

Skill tests

- 10. Upon completion of the related flying training the applicant shall take the CPL(H) skill test on a multi-engine helicopter and comply with MCC requirements.

H ATP modular course - Helicopters

- 1. Applicants for an ATPL(H) who complete their theoretical knowledge instruction at a modular course shall hold at least a PPL(H) and complete at least the following hours of instruction within a period of 18 months:
 - (a) for applicants holding a PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention: 550 hours;
 - (b) for applicants holding a CPL(H): 300 hours.
- 2. Applicants for an ATPL(H)/IR who complete their theoretical knowledge instruction at a modular course shall hold at least a PPL(H) and complete at least the following hours of instruction:
 - (a) for applicants holding a PPL(H): 650 hours;
 - (b) for applicants holding a CPL(H): 400 hours;
 - (c) for applicants holding an IR(H): 500 hours;
 - (d) for applicants holding a CPL(H) and an IR(H): 250 hours.

I CPL/IR integrated course - Helicopters

General

- 1. The aim of the CPL(H)/IR integrated course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary to operate single- pilot multi-engine helicopters and to obtain the CPL(H)/IR multi-engine helicopter.
- 2. An applicant wishing to undertake a CPL(H)/IR integrated course shall complete all the instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO.
- 3. An applicant may be admitted to training either as an ab-initio entrant, or as a holder of a PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention. In the case of an entrant holding a PPL(H), 50 % of the relevant experience shall be credited, up to a maximum of:

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (a) 40 hours, of which up to 20 hours may be dual instruction; or
 - (b) 50 hours, of which up to 25 hours may be dual instruction, if a helicopter night rating has been obtained.
4. The course shall comprise:
- (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to CPL(H) and IR knowledge level, and the initial multi-engine helicopter type rating; and
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training.
5. An applicant failing or unable to complete the entire CPL(H)/IR course may apply to the Brunei DCA for the theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for a licence with lower privileges and an IR, if the applicable requirements are met.

Theoretical knowledge

6. A CPL(H)/IR theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 500 hours of instruction.

Theoretical knowledge examination

7. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of a CPL(H) and an IR.

Flying training

8. The flying training shall comprise a total of at least 180 hours including all progress tests. Within the 180 hours, applicants shall complete at least:
- (a) 125 hours of dual instruction, of which:
 - (i) 75 hours visual instruction, which may include:
 - (1) 30 hours in a helicopter FFS level C/D; or
 - (2) 25 hours in a helicopter FTD 2,3; or
 - (3) 20 hours in a helicopter FNPT II/III; or
 - (4) 20 hours in an aeroplane;
 - (ii) 50 hours instrument instruction which may include:
 - (1) up to 20 hours in a helicopter FFS or FTD 2,3, or FNPT II, III; or
 - (2) 10 hours in at least a helicopter FNPT I or an aeroplane.

If the helicopter used for the flying training is of a different type from the FFS used for the visual training, the maximum credit shall be limited to that allocated for the FNPT II/III;

- (b) 55 hours as PIC, of which 40 hours may be as SPIC. At least 14 hours solo day and 1 hour solo night shall be made;
- (c) 10 hours dual cross-country flying;
- (d) 10 hours of cross-country flight as PIC, including a VFR cross-country flight of at least 185 km (100 NM) in the course of which full stop landings at two different aerodromes from the aerodrome of departure shall be made;
- (e) 5 hours of flight time in helicopters shall be completed at night comprising 3 hours of dual instruction including at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo night circuits. Each circuit shall include a take-off and a landing;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (f) 50 hours of dual instrument time comprising:
 - (i) 10 hours basic instrument instruction time; and
 - (ii) 40 hours IR Training, which shall include at least 10 hours in a multi-engine IFR-certificated helicopter.

Skill test

9. Upon completion of the related flying training, the applicant shall take the CPL(H) skill test on either a multi-engine or a single-engine helicopter and the IR skill test on an IFR-certificated multi-engine helicopter.

J CPL integrated course - Helicopters

General

1. The aim of the CPL(H) integrated course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary for the issue of a CPL(H).
2. An applicant wishing to undertake a CPL(H) integrated course shall complete all the instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO.
3. An applicant may be admitted to training either as an ab-initio entrant, or as a holder of a PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention. In the case of an entrant holding a PPL(H), 50 % of the relevant experience shall be credited, up to a maximum of:
 - (a) 40 hours, of which up to 20 hours may be dual instruction; or
 - (b) 50 hours, of which up to 25 hours may be dual instruction if a helicopter night rating has been obtained.
4. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to CPL(H) knowledge level; and
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training.
5. An applicant failing or unable to complete the entire CPL(H) course may apply to the Brunei DCA for the theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for a licence with lower privileges, if the applicable requirements are met.

Theoretical knowledge

6. An approved CPL(H) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 350 hours of instruction or 200 hours if the applicant is the holder of a PPL.

Theoretical knowledge examination

7. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of a CPL(H).

Flying training

8. The flying training shall comprise a total of at least 135 hours, to include all progress tests, of which up to 5 hours may be instrument ground time. Within the 135 hours total, applicants shall complete at least:
 - (a) 85 hours of dual instruction, of which:
 - (i) up to 75 hours may be visual instruction, and may include:
 - (1) 30 hours in a helicopter FFS level C/D; or
 - (2) 25 hours in a helicopter FTD 2,3; or

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (3) 20 hours in a helicopter FNPT II/III; or
- (4) 20 hours in an aeroplane;
- (ii) up to 10 hours may be instrument instruction, and may include 5 hours in at least a helicopter FNPT I or an aeroplane.

If the helicopter used for the flying training is of a different type from the FFS used for the visual training, the maximum credit shall be limited to that allocated for the FNPT II/III;
- (b) 50 hours as PIC, of which 35 hours may be as SPIC. At least 14 hours solo day and 1 hour solo night shall be made;
- (c) 10 hours dual cross-country flying;
- (d) 10 hours of cross-country flight as PIC, including a VFR cross-country flight of at least 185 km (100 NM) in the course of which full stop landings at two different aerodromes from the aerodrome of departure shall be made;
- (e) 5 hours flight time in helicopters shall be completed at night comprising 3 hours of dual instruction including at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo night circuits. Each circuit shall include a take-off and a landing;
- (f) 10 hours of instrument dual instruction time, including at least 5 hours in a helicopter.

Skill test

9. Upon completion of the related flying training, the applicant shall take the CPL(H) skill test.

K CPL modular course - Helicopters

General

1. The aim of the CPL(H) modular course is to train PPL(H) holders to the level of proficiency necessary for the issue of a CPL(H).
2. Before commencing a CPL(H) modular course an applicant shall be the holder of a PPL(H) issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention.
3. Before commencing the flight training the applicant shall:
 - (a) have completed 155 hours flight time, including 50 hours as PIC in helicopters of which 10 hours shall be cross-country. Hours as PIC of other categories of aircraft may count towards the 155 hours flight time as prescribed in paragraph 11 of Section K;
 - (b) have complied with FCL.725 and FCL.720.H if a multi-engine helicopter is to be used on the skill test.
4. An applicant wishing to undertake a modular CPL(H) course shall complete all the flight instructional stages in one continuous course of training as arranged by an ATO. The theoretical knowledge instruction may be given at an ATO that conducts theoretical knowledge instruction only.
5. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to CPL(H) knowledge level; and
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Theoretical knowledge

6. An approved CPL(H) theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 250 hours of instruction.

Theoretical knowledge examination

7. An applicant shall demonstrate a level of knowledge appropriate to the privileges granted to the holder of a CPL(H).

Flying training

8. Applicants without an IR shall be given at least 30 hours dual flight instruction, of which:
 - (a) 20 hours visual instruction, which may include 5 hours in a helicopter FFS or FTD 2,3 or FNPT II, III; and
 - (b) 10 hours instrument instruction, which may include 5 hours in at least a helicopter FTD 1 or FNPT I or aeroplane.
9. Applicants holding a valid IR(H) shall be fully credited towards the dual instrument instruction time. Applicants holding a valid IR(A) shall complete at least 5 hours of the dual instrument instruction time in a helicopter.
10. Applicants without a night rating helicopter shall be given additionally at least 5 hours night flight instruction comprising 3 hours of dual instruction including at least 1 hour of cross-country navigation and 5 solo night circuits. Each circuit shall include a take-off and a landing.

Experience

11. The applicant for a CPL(H) shall have completed at least 185 hours flight time, including 50 hours as PIC, of which 10 hours of cross-country flight as PIC, including a VFR cross-country flight of at least 185 km (100 NM), in the course of which full stop landings at two aerodromes different from the aerodrome of departure shall be made.

Hours as pilot-in-command of other categories of aircraft may count towards the 185 hours flight time, in the following cases:

- (a) 20 hours in aeroplanes, if the applicant holds a PPL(A); or
- (b) 50 hours in aeroplanes, if the applicant holds a CPL(A); or
- (c) 10 hours in TMGs or sailplanes; or
- (d) 20 hours in airships, if the applicant holds a PPL(As); or
- (e) 50 hours in airships, if the applicant holds a CPL(As).

Skill test

12. Upon completion of the related flying training and relevant experience, the applicant shall take the CPL(H) skill test.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- L CPL/IR integrated course – Airships - RESERVED**
- M CPL integrated course – Airships - RESERVED**
- N CPL modular course – Airships - RESERVED**

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 4 - Skill test for the issue of a CPL

A General

1. An applicant for a skill test for the CPL shall have received instruction on the same class or type of aircraft to be used in the test.
2. An applicant shall pass all the relevant sections of the skill test. If any item in a section is failed, that section is failed. Failure in more than one section will require the applicant to take the entire test again. An applicant failing only in one section shall only repeat the failed section. Failure in any section of the retest, including those sections that have been passed on a previous attempt, will require the applicant to take the entire test again. All relevant sections of the skill test shall be completed within 6 months. Failure to achieve a pass in all relevant sections of the test in two attempts will require further training.
3. Further training may be required following any failed skill test. There is no limit to the number of skill tests that may be attempted.

Conduct of the test

4. Should the applicant choose to terminate a skill test for reasons considered inadequate by the Flight Examiner (FE), the applicant shall retake the entire skill test. If the test is terminated for reasons considered adequate by the FE, only those sections not completed shall be tested in a further flight.
5. At the discretion of the FE, any manoeuvre or procedure of the test may be repeated once by the applicant. The FE may stop the test at any stage if it is considered that the applicant's demonstration of flying skills requires a complete re-test.
6. An applicant shall be required to fly the aircraft from a position where the PIC functions can be performed and to carry out the test as if no other crew member was taking the test.
7. An applicant shall indicate to the FE the checks and duties carried out, including the identification of radio facilities. Checks shall be completed in accordance with the checklist for the aircraft on which the test is being taken. During pre-flight preparation for the test, the applicant is required to determine power settings and speeds. Performance data for take-off, approach and landing shall be calculated by the applicant in compliance with the operations manual or flight manual for the aircraft used.
8. The FE shall take no part in the operation of the aircraft except where intervention is necessary in the interests of safety or to avoid unacceptable delay to other traffic.

B Content of the skill test for the issue of a CPL — Aeroplanes

1. The aeroplane used for the skill test shall meet the requirements for training aeroplanes, and shall be certificated for the carriage of at least four persons, have a variable pitch propeller and retractable landing gear.
2. The route to be flown shall be chosen by the FE and the destination shall be a controlled aerodrome. The applicant shall be responsible for the flight planning and shall ensure that all equipment and documentation for the execution of the flight are on board. The duration of the flight shall be at least 90 minutes.
3. The applicant shall demonstrate the ability to:
 - (a) operate the aeroplane within its limitations;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (b) complete all manoeuvres with smoothness and accuracy;
- (c) exercise good judgement and airmanship;
- (d) apply aeronautical knowledge; and
- (e) maintain control of the aeroplane at all times in such a manner that the successful outcome of a procedure or manoeuvre is never seriously in doubt.

Flight test tolerances

4. The following limits shall apply, corrected to make allowance for turbulent conditions and the handling qualities and performance of the aeroplane used.

Height

- normal flight ± 100 feet
- with simulated engine failure ± 150 feet
- Tracking on radio aids ± 5°

Heading

- normal flight ± 10°
- with simulated engine failure ± 15°

Speed

- take-off and approach ± 5 knots
- all other flight regimes ± 10 knots

Content of the test

5. Items in section 2(c) and (e)(iv), and the whole of sections 5 and 6 may be performed in an FNPT II or an FFS.

Use of the aeroplane checklists, airmanship, control of the aeroplane by external visual reference, anti-icing/de-icing procedures and principles of threat and error management apply in all sections.

SECTION 1 — PRE-FLIGHT OPERATIONS AND DEPARTURE	
a	Pre-flight, including: Flight planning, Documentation, Mass and balance determination, Weather brief, NOTAMS
b	Aeroplane inspection and servicing
c	Taxiing and take-off
d	Performance considerations and trim
e	Aerodrome and traffic pattern operations
f	Departure procedure, altimeter setting, collision avoidance (lookout)
g	ATC liaison — compliance, R/T procedures

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SECTION 2 — GENERAL AIRWORK	
a	Control of the aeroplane by external visual reference, including straight and level, climb, descent, lookout
b	Flight at critically low airspeeds including recognition of and recovery from incipient and full stalls
c	Turns, including turns in landing configuration. Steep turns 45°
d	Flight at critically high airspeeds, including recognition of and recovery from spiral dives
e	Flight by reference solely to instruments, including: (i) level flight, cruise configuration, control of heading, altitude and airspeed (ii) climbing and descending turns with 10°-30° bank (iii) recoveries from unusual attitudes (iv) limited panel instruments
f	ATC liaison — compliance, R/T procedures

SECTION 3 — EN-ROUTE PROCEDURES	
a	Control of aeroplane by external visual reference, including cruise configuration Range/Endurance considerations
b	Orientation, map reading
c	Altitude, speed, heading control, lookout
d	Altimeter setting. ATC liaison — compliance, R/T procedures
e	Monitoring of flight progress, flight log, fuel usage, assessment of track error and re-establishment of correct tracking
f	Observation of weather conditions, assessment of trends, diversion planning
g	Tracking, positioning (NDB or VOR), identification of facilities (instrument flight). Implementation of diversion plan to alternate aerodrome (visual flight)

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SECTION 4 — APPROACH AND LANDING PROCEDURES	
a	Arrival procedures, altimeter setting, checks, lookout
b	ATC liaison — compliance, R/T procedures
c	Go-around action from low height
d	Normal landing, crosswind landing (if suitable conditions)
e	Short field landing
f	Approach and landing with idle power (single-engine only)
g	Landing without use of flaps
h	Post-flight actions

SECTION 5 — ABNORMAL AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	
This section may be combined with sections 1 through 4	
a	Simulated engine failure after take-off (at a safe altitude), fire drill
b	Equipment malfunctions including alternative landing gear extension, electrical and brake failure
c	Forced landing (simulated)
d	ATC liaison — compliance, R/T procedures
e	Oral questions

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SECTION 6 — SIMULATED ASYMMETRIC FLIGHT AND RELEVANT CLASS OR TYPE ITEMS

This section may be combined with sections 1 through 5

a	Simulated engine failure during take-off (at a safe altitude unless carried out in an FFS)
b	Asymmetric approach and go-around
c	Asymmetric approach and full stop landing
d	Engine shutdown and restart
e	ATC liaison — compliance, R/T procedures, Airmanship
f	As determined by the FE — any relevant items of the class or type rating skill test to include, if applicable: (i) aeroplane systems including handling of autopilot (ii) operation of pressurisation system (iii) use of de-icing and anti-icing system
g	Oral questions

C Content of the skill test for the issue of the CPL - Helicopters

1. The helicopter used for the skill test shall meet the requirements for training helicopters.
2. The area and route to be flown shall be chosen by the FE and all low level and hover work shall be at an approved aerodrome/site. Routes used for section 3 may end at the aerodrome of departure or at another aerodrome and one destination shall be a controlled aerodrome. The skill test may be conducted in 2 flights. The total duration of the flight(s) shall be at least 90 minutes.
3. The applicant shall demonstrate the ability to:
 - (a) operate the helicopter within its limitations;
 - (b) complete all manoeuvres with smoothness and accuracy;
 - (c) exercise good judgement and airmanship;
 - (d) apply aeronautical knowledge; and
 - (e) maintain control of the helicopter at all times in such a manner that the successful outcome of a procedure or manoeuvre is never seriously in doubt.

Flight test tolerances

4. The following limits shall apply, corrected to make allowance for turbulent conditions and the handling qualities and performance of the helicopter used.

Height

- normal flight ± 100 feet
- simulated major emergency ± 150 feet
- Tracking on radio aids ± 10°

Heading

- normal flight ± 10°
- simulated major emergency ± 15°

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Speed

- take-off and approach multi-engine ± 5 knots
- all other flight regimes ± 10 knots

Ground drift

- T.O. hover I.G.E. ± 3 feet
- landing no sideways or backwards movement

Content of the test

5. Items in section 4 may be performed in a helicopter FNPT or a helicopter FFS. Use of helicopter checklists, airmanship, control of helicopter by external visual reference, anti-icing procedures, and principles of threat and error management apply in all sections.

SECTION 1 — PRE-FLIGHT/POST-FLIGHT CHECKS AND PROCEDURES	
a	Helicopter knowledge (e.g. technical log, fuel, mass and balance, performance), flight planning, documentation, NOTAMS, weather
b	Pre-flight inspection/action, location of parts and purpose
c	Cockpit inspection, starting procedure
d	Communication and navigation equipment checks, selecting and setting frequencies
e	Pre-take-off procedure, R/T procedure, ATC liaison-compliance
f	Parking, shutdown and post-flight procedure

SECTION 2 — HOVER MANOEUVRES, ADVANCED HANDLING AND CONFINED AREAS	
a	Take-off and landing (lift-off and touchdown)
b	Taxi, hover taxi
c	Stationary hover with head/cross/tail wind
d	Stationary hover turns, 360° left and right (spot turns)
e	Forward, sideways and backwards hover manoeuvring
f	Simulated engine failure from the hover
g	Quick stops into and downwind
h	Sloping ground/unprepared sites landings and take-offs
i	Take-offs (various profiles)
j	Crosswind, downwind take-off (if practicable)
k	Take-off at maximum take-off mass (actual or simulated)

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

l	Approaches (various profiles)
m	Limited power take-off and landing
n	Autorotations (FE to select two items from — Basic, range, low speed, and 360° turns)
o	Autorotative landing
p	Practice forced landing with power recovery
q	Power checks, reconnaissance technique, approach and departure technique

SECTION 3 — NAVIGATION — EN-ROUTE PROCEDURES	
a	Navigation and orientation at various altitudes/heights, map reading
b	Altitude/height, speed, heading control, observation of airspace, altimeter setting
c	Monitoring of flight progress, flight log, fuel usage, endurance, ETA, assessment of track error and re-establishment of correct track, instrument monitoring
d	Observation of weather conditions, diversion planning
e	Tracking, positioning (NDB and/or VOR), identification of facilities
f	ATC liaison and observance of regulations, etc.

SECTION 4 — FLIGHT PROCEDURES AND MANOEUVRES BY SOLE REFERENCE TO INSTRUMENTS	
a	Level flight, control of heading, altitude/height and speed
b	Rate 1 level turns onto specified headings, 180° to 360° left and right
c	Climbing and descending, including turns at rate 1 onto specified headings
d	Recovery from unusual attitudes
e	Turns with 30° bank, turning up to 90° left and right

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SECTION 5 — ABNORMAL AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES (SIMULATED WHERE APPROPRIATE)

Note 1: Where the test is conducted on a multi-engine helicopter a simulated engine failure drill, including a single-engine approach and landing, shall be included in the test.

Note 2: The FE shall select four items from the following:

a	Engine malfunctions, including governor failure, carburettor/engine icing, oil system, as appropriate
b	Fuel system malfunction
c	Electrical system malfunction
d	Hydraulic system malfunction, including approach and landing without hydraulics, as applicable
e	Main rotor and/or anti-torque system malfunction (FFS or discussion only)
f	Fire drills, including smoke control and removal, as applicable
g	Other abnormal and emergency procedures as outlined in appropriate flight manual, including for multi-engine helicopters: Simulated engine failure at take-off: - rejected take-off at or before TDP or safe forced landing at or before DPATO, shortly after TDP or DPATO. Landing with simulated engine failure: - landing or go-around following engine failure before LDP or DPBL, - following engine failure after LDP or safe forced landing after DPBL.

D Content of the skill test for the issue of a CPL – Airships - RESERVED

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 5 – Integrated MPL training course

General

1. The aim of the MPL integrated course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary to enable them to operate as co-pilot of a multi-engine multi-pilot turbine-powered air transport aeroplane under VFR and IFR and to obtain an MPL.
2. Approval for an MPL training course shall only be given to an ATO that is part of a commercial air transport operator certificated in accordance with Part-ORO or having a specific arrangement with such an operator. The licence shall be restricted to that specific operator until completion of the airline operator's conversion course.
3. An applicant wishing to undertake an MPL integrated course shall complete all the instructional stages in one continuous course of training at an ATO. The training shall be competency based and conducted in a multi-crew operational environment.
4. Only ab-initio applicants shall be admitted to the course.
5. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to the ATPL(A) knowledge level;
 - (b) visual and instrument flying training;
 - (c) training in MCC for the operation of multi-pilot aeroplanes; and
 - (d) type rating training.
6. An applicant failing or unable to complete the entire MPL course may apply to the Brunei DCA for the theoretical knowledge examination and skill test for a licence with lower privileges and an IR, if the applicable requirements are met.

Theoretical knowledge

7. An approved MPL theoretical knowledge course shall comprise at least 750 hours of instruction for the ATPL(A) knowledge level, as well as the hours required for theoretical knowledge instruction for the relevant type rating, in accordance with Subpart H and UPRT theoretical knowledge instruction in accordance with FCL.745.A.

Flying training

8. The flying training shall comprise a total of at least 240 hours, composed of hours as PF and PM, in actual and simulated flight, and covering the following 4 phases of training:
 - (a) Phase 1 — Core flying skills
Specific basic single-pilot training in an aeroplane.
 - (b) Phase 2 — Basic
Introduction of multi-crew operations and instrument flight.
 - (c) Phase 3 — Intermediate
Application of multi-crew operations to a multi-engine turbine aeroplane certified as a high performance aeroplane in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21.
 - (d) Phase 4 — Advanced
Type rating training within an airline oriented environment.
MCC requirements shall be incorporated into the relevant phases above.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Training in asymmetric flight shall be given either in an aeroplane or an FFS.

- 8a. Flight experience in actual flight shall include:
- (a) all the experience requirements of Subpart H;
 - (b) UPRT flight instruction in accordance with FCL.745.A;
 - (c) aeroplane UPRT exercises related to the specificities of the relevant type in accordance with FCL.725.A(c);
 - (d) night flying;
 - (e) flight solely by reference to instruments; and
 - (f) the experience required to achieve the relevant airmanship.
9. Each phase of training in the flight instruction syllabus shall be composed of both instruction in the underpinning knowledge and in practical training segments.
10. The training course shall include a continuous evaluation process of the training syllabus and a continuous assessment of the students following the syllabus. Evaluation shall ensure that:
- (a) the competencies and related assessment are relevant to the task of a co-pilot of a multi-pilot aeroplane; and
 - (b) the students acquire the necessary competencies in a progressive and satisfactory manner.
11. The training course shall include at least 12 take-offs and landings to ensure competency. Those take-offs and landings may be reduced to at least six, provided that prior to delivering the training, the ATO and the operator ensure that:
- (a) a procedure is in place to assess the required level of competency of the student pilot; and
 - (b) a process is in place to ensure that corrective action is taken if in-training evaluation indicates the need to do so.
- Those take-offs and landings shall be performed under the supervision of an instructor in an aeroplane for which the type rating shall be issued.

Assessment level

12. The applicant for the MPL shall have demonstrated performance in all 9 competency units specified in paragraph 13 below, at the advanced level of competency required to operate and interact as a co-pilot in a turbine-powered multi-pilot aeroplane, under visual and instrument conditions. Assessment shall confirm that control of the aeroplane or situation is maintained at all times, to ensure the successful outcome of a procedure or manoeuvre. The applicant shall consistently demonstrate the knowledge, skills and attitudes required for the safe operation of the applicable aeroplane type, in accordance with the MPL performance criteria.

Competency units

13. The applicant shall demonstrate competency in the following 9 competency units:
- (1) apply human performance principles, including principles of threat and error management;
 - (2) perform aeroplane ground operations;
 - (3) perform take-off;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (4) perform climb;
- (5) perform cruise;
- (6) perform descent;
- (7) perform approach;
- (8) perform landing; and
- (9) perform after landing and aeroplane post-flight operations.

Simulated flight

14. Minimum requirements for FSTDs:

(a) Phase 1 — Core flying skills

E-training and part tasking devices approved by the Brunei DCA that have the following characteristics:

- involve accessories beyond those normally associated with desktop computers, such as functional replicas of a throttle quadrant, a side-stick controller, or an FMS keypad, and
- involve psychomotor activity with appropriate application of force and timing of responses.

(b) Phase 2 — Basic

An FNPT II MCC that represents a generic multi-engine turbine-powered aeroplane.

(c) Phase 3 — Intermediate

An FSTD that represents a multi-engine turbine-powered aeroplane required to be operated with a co-pilot and qualified to an equivalent standard to level B, additionally including:

- a daylight/twilight/night visual system continuous cross-cockpit minimum collimated visual field of view providing each pilot with 180° horizontal and 40° vertical field of view, and
- ATC environment simulation.

(d) Phase 4 — Advanced

An FFS which is fully equivalent to level D or level C with an enhanced daylight visual system, including ATC environment simulation.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 6 – Modular training courses for the IR

A IR(A) — Modular flying training course

General

1. The aim of the IR(A) modular flying training course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary to operate aeroplanes under IFR and in IMC. The course consists of two modules, which may be taken separately or combined:

- (a) Basic Instrument Flight Module

This comprises 10 hours of instrument time under instruction, of which up to 5 hours can be instrument ground time in a BITD, FNPT I or II, or an FFS. Upon completion of the Basic Instrument Flight Module, the candidate shall be issued a Course Completion Certificate.

- (b) Procedural Instrument Flight Module

This comprises the remainder of the training syllabus for the IR(A), 40 hours single-engine or 45 hours multi- engine instrument time under instruction, and the theoretical knowledge course for the IR(A).

2. Applicants for a modular IR(A) course shall be the holder of a PPL(A) or a CPL(A). Applicants for the Procedural Instrument Flight Module, who does not hold a CPL(A), shall be holder of a BIR or of a Course Completion Certificate for the Basic Instrument Flight Module.

The ATO shall ensure that the applicant for a multi-engine IR(A) course who has not held a multi-engine aeroplane class or type rating has received the multi-engine training specified in Subpart H prior to commencing the flight training for the IR(A) course.

3. An applicant wishing to undertake the Procedural Instrument Flight Module of a modular IR(A) course shall be required to complete all the instructional stages in one continuous approved course of training. Prior to commencing the Procedural Instrument Flight Module, the ATO shall ensure the competence of the applicant in basic instrument flying skills. Refresher training shall be given as required.
4. The course of theoretical instruction shall be completed within 18 months. The Procedural Instrument Flight Module and the skill test shall be completed within the period of validity of the pass in theoretical examinations.
5. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to the IR knowledge level;
 - (b) instrument flight instruction.

Theoretical knowledge

6. An approved modular IR(A) course shall comprise at least 150 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction.

Flying training

7. A single-engine IR(A) course shall comprise at least 50 hours instrument time under instruction of which up to 20 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I, or up to 35 hours in an FFS or FNPT II. A maximum of 10 hours of FNPT II or an FFS instrument ground time may be conducted in an FNPT I.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

8. A multi-engine IR(A) course shall comprise at least 55 hours instrument time under instruction, of which up to 25 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I, or up to 40 hours in an FFS or FNPT II. A maximum of 10 hours of FNPT II or an FFS instrument ground time may be conducted in an FNPT I. The remaining instrument flight instruction shall include at least 15 hours in multi-engine aeroplanes.
9. The holder of a single-engine IR(A) who also holds a multi-engine class or type rating wishing to obtain a multi-engine IR(A) for the first time shall complete a course at an ATO comprising at least 5 hours instruction in instrument flying in multi-engine aeroplanes, of which 3 hours may be in an FFS or FNPT II.
- 10.1 The holder of a CPL(A) or of a Course Completion Certificate for the Basic Instrument Flight Module may have the total amount of training required in paragraphs 7 or 8 above reduced by 10 hours.
- 10.2 The holder of an IR(H) may have the total amount of training required in paragraphs 7 or 8 above reduced to 10 hours.
- 10.3 The total instrument flight instruction in aeroplane shall comply with paragraph 7 or 8, as appropriate.
11. The flying exercises up to the IR(A) skill test shall comprise:
 - (a) Basic Instrument Flight Module: Procedure and manoeuvre for basic instrument flight covering at least:
 - basic instrument flight without external visual cues:
 - horizontal flight,
 - climbing,
 - descent,
 - turns in level flight, climbing, descent;
 - instrument pattern;
 - steep turn;
 - radio navigation;
 - recovery from unusual attitudes;
 - limited panel;
 - recognition and recovery from incipient and full stalls;
 - (b) Procedural Instrument Flight Module:
 - (i) pre-flight procedures for IFR flights, including the use of the flight manual and appropriate air traffic services documents in the preparation of an IFR flight plan;
 - (ii) procedure and manoeuvres for IFR operation under normal, abnormal and emergency conditions covering at least:
 - transition from visual to instrument flight on take-off,
 - standard instrument departures and arrivals,
 - en route IFR procedures,
 - holding procedures,

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- instrument approaches to specified minima,
 - missed approach procedures,
 - landings from instrument approaches, including circling;
- (iii) in-flight manoeuvres and particular flight characteristics;
- (iv) if required, operation of a multi-engine aeroplane in the above exercises, including operation of the aeroplane solely by reference to instruments with one engine simulated inoperative and engine shutdown and restart (the latter exercise to be carried out at a safe altitude unless carried out in an FFS or FNPT II).

Aa. IR(A) — Competency-based modular flying training course

General

1. The aim of the competency-based modular flying training course is to train PPL or CPL holders for the instrument rating, taking into account prior instrument flight instruction and experience. It is designed to provide the level of proficiency needed to operate aeroplanes under IFR and in IMC. The course shall consist of a combination of instrument flight instruction provided by an IRI(A) or an FI(A) holding the privilege to provide training for the IR and flight instruction within an ATO.
2. An applicant for such a competency-based modular IR(A) shall be the holder of a PPL(A) or CPL(A).
3. The course of theoretical instruction shall be completed within 18 months. The instrument flight instruction and the skill test shall be completed within the period of validity of the pass of the theoretical knowledge examinations.
4. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to the IR(A) knowledge level;
 - (b) instrument flight instruction.

Theoretical knowledge

5. An approved competency-based modular IR(A) course shall comprise at least 80 hours of theoretical knowledge instruction. The theoretical knowledge course may contain computer-based training and e-learning elements. A minimum amount of classroom teaching as required by ORA.ATO.305 has to be provided.

Flying training

6. The method of attaining an IR(A) following this modular course is competency-based. However, the minimum requirements below shall be completed by the applicant. Additional training may be required to reach required competencies.
 - (a) A single-engine competency-based modular IR(A) course shall include at least 40 hours of instrument time under instruction, of which up to 10 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I, or up to 25 hours in an FFS or FNPT II. A maximum of 5 hours of FNPT II or FFS instrument ground time may be conducted in an FNPT I.
 - (i) When the applicant has:
 - (A) completed instrument flight instruction provided by an IRI(A) or an FI(A) holding the privilege to provide training for the IR; or

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (B) prior experience of instrument flight time as PIC on aeroplanes, under a rating providing the privileges to fly under IFR and in IMC, these hours may be credited towards the 40 hours above up to maximum of 30 hours,
 - (ii) When the applicant has prior instrument flight time under instruction other than specified in point (a)(i), these hours may be credited towards the required 40 hours up to a maximum of 15 hours.
 - (iii) In any case, the flying training shall include at least 10 hours of instrument flight time under instruction in an aeroplane at an ATO.
 - (iv) The total amount of dual instrument instruction shall not be less than 25 hours.
 - (b) A multi-engine competency-based modular IR(A) course shall include at least 45 hours instrument time under instruction, of which up to 10 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I, or up to 30 hours in an FFS or FNPT II. A maximum of 5 hours of FNPT II or FFS instrument ground time may be conducted in an FNPT I.
 - (i) When the applicant has:
 - (A) completed instrument flight instruction provided by an IRI(A) or an FI(A) holding the privilege to provide training for the IR; or
 - (B) prior experience of instrument flight time as PIC on aeroplanes, under a rating giving the privileges to fly under IFR and in IMC these hours may be credited towards the 45 hours above up to a maximum of 35 hours.
 - (ii) When the applicant has prior instrument flight time under instruction other than specified in point (b)(i), these hours may be credited towards the required 45 hours up to a maximum of 15 hours.
 - (iii) In any case, the flying training shall include at least 10 hours of instrument flight time under instruction in a multi-engine aeroplane at an ATO.
 - (iv) The total amount of dual instrument instruction shall not be less than 25 hours, of which at least 15 hours shall be completed in a multi-engine aeroplane.
 - (c) To determine the amount of hours credited and to establish the training needs, the applicant shall complete a pre-entry assessment at an ATO.
 - (d) The completion of the instrument flight instruction provided by an IRI(A) or FI(A) in accordance with point (a)(i) or (b)(i) shall be documented in a specific training record and signed by the instructor.
7. The flight instruction for the competency-based modular IR(A) shall comprise:
 - (a) procedures and manoeuvres for basic instrument flight covering at least:
 - (i) basic instrument flight without external visual cues;
 - (ii) horizontal flight;
 - (iii) climbing;
 - (iv) descent;
 - (v) turns in level flight, climbing and descent;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (vi) instrument pattern;
 - (vii) steep turn;
 - (viii) radio navigation;
 - (ix) recovery from unusual attitudes;
 - (x) limited panel; and
 - (xi) recognition and recovery from incipient and full stall;
- (b) pre-flight procedures for IFR flights, including the use of the flight manual and appropriate air traffic services documents for the preparation of an IFR flight plan;
- (c) procedure and manoeuvres for IFR operation under normal, abnormal, and emergency conditions covering at least:
- (i) transition from visual to instrument flight on take-off;
 - (ii) standard instrument departures and arrivals;
 - (iii) en route IFR procedures;
 - (iv) holding procedures;
 - (v) instrument approaches to specified minima;
 - (vi) missed approach procedures; and
 - (vii) landings from instrument approaches, including circling;
- (d) in-flight manoeuvres and particular flight characteristics;
- (e) if required, operation of a multi-engine aeroplane in the above exercises, including:
- (i) operation of the aeroplane solely by reference to instruments with one engine simulated inoperative;
 - (ii) engine shutdown and restart (to be carried out at a safe altitude unless carried out in an FFS or FNPT II).
8. Applicants for the competency-based modular IR(A) holding a Part-FCL PPL or CPL and a valid IR(A) issued in compliance with the requirements of Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention by a country other than Brunei Darussalam may be credited in full towards the training course mentioned in paragraph 4. In order to be issued the IR(A), the applicant shall:
- (a) successfully complete the skill test for the IR(A) in accordance with Appendix 7;
 - (b) demonstrate to the examiner during the skill test that he/she has acquired an adequate level of theoretical knowledge of air law, meteorology and flight planning and performance (IR); and
 - (c) have a minimum experience of at least 50 hours of flight time under IFR as PIC on aeroplanes.

Pre-entry assessment

9. The content and duration of the pre-entry assessment shall be determined by the ATO based on the prior instrument experience of the applicant.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Multi-engine

10. The holder of a single-engine IR(A) who also holds a multi-engine class or type rating wishing to obtain a multi-engine IR(A) for the first time shall complete a course at an ATO comprising at least 5 hours instrument time under instruction in multi-engine aeroplanes, of which 3 hours may be in an FFS or FNPT II and shall pass a skill test.

B IR(H) — Modular flying training course

1. The aim of the IR(H) modular flying training course is to train pilots to the level of proficiency necessary to operate helicopters under IFR and in IMC.
2. An applicant for a modular IR(H) course shall be the holder of a PPL(H), or a CPL(H) or an ATPL(H). Prior to commencing the aircraft instruction phase of the IR(H) course, the applicant shall be the holder of the helicopter type rating used for the IR(H) skill test, or have completed approved type rating training on that type. The applicant shall hold a certificate of satisfactory completion of MCC if the skill test is to be conducted in multi-pilot conditions.
3. An applicant wishing to undertake a modular IR(H) course shall be required to complete all the instructional stages in one continuous approved course of training.
4. The course of theoretical instruction shall be completed within 18 months. The flight instruction and the skill test shall be completed within the period of validity of the pass in the theoretical examinations.
5. The course shall comprise:
 - (a) theoretical knowledge instruction to the IR knowledge level;
 - (b) instrument flight instruction.

Theoretical knowledge

6. An approved modular IR(H) course shall comprise at least 150 hours of instruction.

Flying training

7. A single-engine IR(H) course shall comprise at least 50 hours instrument time under instruction, of which:
 - (a) up to 20 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I(H) or (A). These 20 hours instruction time in FNPT I (H) or (A) may be substituted by 20 hours instruction time for IR(H) in an aeroplane, approved for this course; or
 - (b) up to 35 hours may be instrument ground time in a helicopter FTD 2/3, FNPT II/III or FFS.

The instrument flight instruction shall include at least 10 hours in an IFR-certificated helicopter.

8. A multi-engine IR(H) course shall comprise at least 55 hours instrument time under instruction of which;
 - (a) up to 20 hours may be instrument ground time in an FNPT I (H) or (A). These 20 hours instruction time in FNPT I (H) or (A) may be substituted by 20 hours instruction time for IR(H) in an aeroplane, approved for this course; or
 - (b) up to 40 hours may be instrument ground time in a helicopter FTD 2/3, FNPT II/III or FFS.

The instrument flight instruction shall include at least 10 hours in an IFR-certificated multi-engine helicopter.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

9.

- 9.1. Holders of an ATPL(H) shall have the theoretical knowledge instruction hours reduced by 50 hours.
- 9.2. The holder of an IR(A) may have the amount of training required reduced to 10 hours.
- 9.3. The holder of a PPL(H) with a helicopter night rating or a CPL(H) may have the total amount of instrument time under instruction required reduced by 5 hours.

10. The flying exercises up to the IR(H) skill test shall comprise:

- (a) pre-flight procedures for IFR flights, including the use of the flight manual and appropriate air traffic services documents in the preparation of an IFR flight plan;
- (b) procedure and manoeuvres for IFR operation under normal, abnormal and emergency conditions covering at least:
 - transition from visual to instrument flight on take-off,
 - standard instrument departures and arrivals,
 - en-route IFR procedures,
 - holding procedures,
 - instrument approaches to specified minima,
 - missed approach procedures,
 - landings from instrument approaches, including circling;
- (c) in-flight manoeuvres and particular flight characteristics;
- (d) if required, operation of a multi-engine helicopter in the above exercises, including operation of the helicopter solely by reference to instruments with one engine simulated inoperative and engine shutdown and restart (the latter exercise to be carried out in an FFS or FNPT II or FTD 2/3).

C IR(As) — Modular flying training course - RESERVED

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 7 - IR skill test

1. An applicant for an IR shall have received instruction on the same class or type of aircraft to be used in the test.
2. An applicant shall pass all the relevant sections of the skill test. If any item in a section is failed, that section is failed. Failure in more than one section will require the applicant to take the entire test again. An applicant failing only one section shall only repeat the failed section. Failure in any section of the retest, including those sections that have been passed on a previous attempt, will require the applicant to take the entire test again. All relevant sections of the skill test shall be completed within 6 months. Failure to achieve a pass in all relevant sections of the test in two attempts will require further training.
3. Further training may be required following a failed skill test. There is no limit to the number of skill tests that may be attempted.

Conduct of the test

4. The test is intended to simulate a practical flight. The route to be flown shall be chosen by the examiner. An essential element is the ability of the applicant to plan and conduct the flight from routine briefing material. The applicant shall undertake the flight planning and shall ensure that all equipment and documentation for the execution of the flight are on board. The duration of the flight shall be at least 1 hour.
5. Should the applicant choose to terminate a skill test for reasons considered inadequate by the examiner, the applicant shall retake the entire skill test. If the test is terminated for reasons considered adequate by the examiner, only those sections not completed shall be tested in a further flight.
6. At the discretion of the examiner, any manoeuvre or procedure of the test may be repeated once by the applicant. The examiner may stop the test at any stage if it is considered that the applicant's demonstration of flying skill requires a complete retest.
7. An applicant shall fly the aircraft from a position where the PIC functions can be performed and to carry out the test as if there was no other crew member taking the test. The examiner shall take no part in the operation of the aircraft, except when intervention is necessary in the interests of safety or to avoid unacceptable delay to other traffic.
8. Decision heights/altitude, minimum descent heights/altitudes and missed approach point shall be determined by the applicant and agreed by the examiner.
9. An applicant for an IR shall indicate to the examiner the checks and duties carried out, including the identification of radio facilities. Checks shall be completed in accordance with the authorised checklist for the aircraft on which the test is being taken. During pre-flight preparation for the test the applicant is required to determine power settings and speeds. Performance data for take-off, approach and landing shall be calculated by the applicant in compliance with the operations manual or flight manual for the aircraft used.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Flight test tolerances

10. The applicant shall demonstrate the ability to:
- operate the aircraft within its limitations;
 - complete all manoeuvres with smoothness and accuracy;
 - exercise good judgment and airmanship;
 - apply aeronautical knowledge; and
 - maintain control of the aircraft at all times in such a manner that the successful outcome of a procedure or manoeuvre is never seriously in doubt.
11. The following limits shall apply, corrected to make allowance for turbulent conditions and the handling qualities and performance of the aircraft used.

Height

Generally	±100 feet
Starting a go-around at decision height/altitude	±50 feet/-0 feet
Minimum descent height/MAP/altitude	±50 feet/-0 feet

Tracking

On radio aids	±5°
For angular deviations	Half scale deviation, azimuth and glide path (e.g. LPV, ILS, MLS, GLS)
2D (LNAV) and 3D (LNAV/VNAV) "linear" lateral deviations	Cross-track error/deviation shall normally be limited to ± ½ RNP value associated with the procedure. Brief deviations from this standard up to maximum of 1 time the RNP value are available.
3D linear vertical deviations (e.g. RNP APCH (LNAV/VNAV) using BaroVNAV)	Not more than -75 feet below the vertical profile at any time, and not more than +75 feet above the vertical profile at or below 1000 feet above aerodrome level.

Heading

All engines operating	±5°
With simulated engine failure	±10°

Speed

All engines operating	±5 knots
With simulated engine failure	±10 knots/-5 knots

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Content of the test

Aeroplanes

SECTION 1 — PRE-FLIGHT OPERATIONS AND DEPARTURE	
Use of checklist, airmanship, anti-icing/de-icing procedures, etc., apply in all sections	
a	Use of flight manual (or equivalent) especially a/c performance calculation, mass and balance
b	Use of Air Traffic Services document, weather document
c	Preparation of ATC flight plan, IFR flight plan/log
d	Identification of the required nav aids for departure, arrival and approach procedures
e	Pre-flight inspection
f	Weather Minima
g	Taxiing
h	PBN departure (if applicable): — Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and — Cross-check between the navigation system display and the departure chart.
i	Pre-take-off briefing, Take-off
j ^(*)	Transition to instrument flight
k ^(*)	Instrument departure procedures, including PBN departures, and altimeter setting
l ^(*)	ATC liaison — compliance, R/T procedures
SECTION 2 — GENERAL HANDLING^(*)	
a	Control of the aeroplane by reference solely to instruments, including: level flight at various speeds, trim
b	Climbing and descending turns with sustained Rate 1 turn
c	Recoveries from unusual attitudes, including sustained 45° bank turns and steep descending turns
d ^(*)	Recovery from approach to stall in level flight, climbing/descending turns and in landing configuration
e	Limited panel: stabilised climb or descent, level turns at Rate 1 onto given headings, recovery from unusual attitudes
SECTION 3 — EN-ROUTE IFR PROCEDURES^(*)	
a	Tracking, including interception, e.g. NDB, VOR, or track between waypoints
b	Use of navigation system and radio aids
c	Level flight, control of heading, altitude and airspeed, power setting, trim technique
d	Altimeter settings
e	Timing and revision of ETAs (en-route hold, if required)
f	Monitoring of flight progress, flight log, fuel usage, systems' management
g	Ice protection procedures, simulated if necessary
h	ATC liaison - compliance, R/T procedures
SECTION 3a — ARRIVAL PROCEDURES	
a	Setting and checking of navigational aids, and identification of facilities, if applicable
b	Arrival procedures, altimeter checks
c	Altitude and speed constraints, if applicable
d	PBN arrival (if applicable): — Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and — Cross-check between the navigation system display and the arrival chart.
SECTION 4^(*) — 3D Operations⁽⁺⁾	
a	Setting and checking of navigational aids Check Vertical Path angle For RNP APCH: — Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and — Cross-check between the navigation system display and the approach chart.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

b	Approach and landing briefing, including descent/approach/landing checks, including identification of facilities
c (+)	Holding procedure
d	Compliance with published approach procedure
e	Approach timing
f	Altitude, speed heading control (stabilised approach)
g (+)	Go-around action
h (+)	Missed approach procedure/landing
i	ATC liaison – compliance, R/T procedures
SECTION 5^(°) – 2D OPERATIONS⁽⁺⁺⁾	
a	Setting and checking of navigational aids For RNP APCH: — Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and — Cross-check between the navigation system display and the approach chart.
b	Approach and landing briefing, including descent/approach/landing checks, including identification of facilities
c (+)	Holding procedure
d	Compliance with published approach procedure
e	Approach timing
f	Altitude/Distance to MAPT, speed, heading control (stabilised approach), Stop Down Fixes (SDF(s)), if applicable
g (+)	Go-around action
h (+)	Missed approach procedure/landing
i	ATC liaison – compliance, R/T procedures
SECTION 6 — FLIGHT WITH ONE ENGINE INOPERATIVE (multi-engine aeroplanes only)^(°)	
a	Simulated engine failure after take-off or on go-around
b	Approach, go-around and procedural missed approach with one engine inoperative
c	Approach and landing with one engine inoperative
d	ATC liaison – compliance, R/T procedures

(°) Must be performed by sole reference to instruments.

(*) May be performed in an FFS, FTD 2/3 or FNPT II.

(+) May be performed in either Section 4 or Section 5.

(++) To establish PBN privileges, one approach in either Section 4 or Section 5 shall be an RNP APCH. Where an RNP APCH is not practicable, it shall be performed in an appropriately equipped FSTD.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Helicopters

SECTION 1 – DEPARTURE	
Use of checklist, airmanship, anti-icing/de-icing procedures, etc., apply in all sections	
a	Use of flight manual (or equivalent) especially aircraft performance calculation; mass and balance
b	Use of Air Traffic Services document, weather document
c	Preparation of ATC flight plan, IFR flight plan/log
d	Identification of the required navaids for departure, arrival and approach procedures
e	Pre-flight inspection
f	Weather minima
g	Taxiing/Air taxi in compliance with ATC or instructions of instructor
h	PBN departure (if applicable): - Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and - Cross-check between the navigation system display and the departure chart.
i	Pre-take-off briefing, procedures and checks
j	Transition to instrument flight
k	Instrument departure procedures, including PBN procedures
SECTION 2 – GENERAL HANDLING	
a	Control of the helicopter by reference solely to instruments, including:
b	Climbing and descending turns with sustained Rate 1 turn
c	Recoveries from unusual attitudes, including sustained 30° bank turns and steep descending turns
SECTION 3 – EN-ROUTE IFR PROCEDURES	
a	Tracking, including interception, e.g. NDB, VOR, RNAV
b	Use of radio aids
c	Level flight, control of heading, altitude and airspeed, power setting
d	Altimeter settings
e	Timing and revision of ETAs
f	Monitoring of flight progress, flight log, fuel usage, system management
g	Ice protection procedures, simulated if necessary and if applicable
h	ATC liaison – compliance, R/T procedures
SECTION 3a – ARRIVAL PROCEDURES	
a	Setting and checking of navigational aids, if applicable
b	Arrival procedures, altimeter checks
c	Altitude and speed constrain, if applicable
d	PBN arrival (if applicable) — Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and — Cross-check between the navigation system display and the arrival chart.
SECTION 4 – 3D OPERATIONS⁽⁺⁾	
a	Setting and checking of navigational aids Check Vertical Path angle For RNP APCH: (a) Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and (b) Cross-check between the navigation system display and the approach chart.
b	Approach and landing briefing, including decent/approach/landing checks
c ^(*)	Holding procedure
d	Compliance with published approach procedure
e	Approach timing
f	Altitude, speed, heading control (stabilized approach)
g ^(*)	Go-around action

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

h ⁽⁺⁾	Missed approach procedure/landing
i	ATC liaison – compliance, R/T procedures
SECTION 5 – 2D OPERATIONS⁽⁺⁾	
a	Setting and checking of navigational aids For RNP APCH: — Check that the correct procedure has been loaded in the navigation system; and — Cross-check between the navigation system display and the approach chart.
b	Approach and landing briefing, including descent/approach/landing checks and identification of facilities
c ⁽⁺⁾	Holding procedure
d	Compliance with published approach procedure
e	Approach timing
f	Altitudes, speed, heading control (stabilized approach)
g ⁽⁺⁾	Go-around action
H ⁽⁺⁾	Missed approach procedure ⁽⁺⁾
i	ATC liaison – compliance, R/T procedures
SECTION 6 – ABNORMAL AND EMERGENCY PROCEDURES	
This section may be combined with sections 1 through 5. The test shall have regard to control of the helicopter, identification of the failed engine, immediate actions (touch drills), follow-up actions and checks and flying accuracy, in the following situations:	
a	Simulated engine failure after take-off and on/during approach ^(**) (at a safe attitude unless carried out in an FFS or FNPT II/III, FTD2,3)
b	Failure of stability augmentation devices/hydraulic system (if applicable)
c	Limited panel
d	Autorotation and recovery to a pre-set altitude
e	3D operations manually without flight director ^(***) 3D operations manually with flight director ^(***)

(+) To established PBN privileges, one approach in either Section 4 or Section 5 shall be an RNP APCH. Where an RNP APCH is not practicable, it shall be performed in an appropriately equipped FSTD.

(*) To be performed in Section 4 or Section 5.

(**) Multi-engine helicopter only.

(***) Only one item to be tested.

Airships - RESERVED

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 8 - Cross-crediting of the IR part of a class or type rating proficiency check

A Aeroplanes

Credits shall be granted only when the holder is revalidating IR privileges for single-engine and single-pilot multi-engine aeroplanes, as appropriate.

When a proficiency check including IR is performed, and the holder has a valid:	Credit is valid towards the IR part in a proficiency check for:
MPA type rating; SP High performance complex aeroplane type rating	SE class (*) and SE type rating (*), and SP ME class, and SP ME non-high performance complex type ratings, only credits for Section 3B of the proficiency check in point B.5 of Appendix 9
SP ME aeroplane class or type rating except for high-performance complex aeroplane type ratings, operated as single-pilot	SP class rating, and SP type rating, and SP ME class or type rating except for high-performance complex aeroplane type ratings
SP ME aeroplane class or type rating except for high-performance complex aeroplane type ratings, restricted to MP operations	SP ME class (*), and SE class and type rating (*), and SP ME class or type rating except for high-performance aeroplane type ratings (*).
SP SE class rating	SE class and type rating
(*) Provided that within the preceding 12 months the applicant has flown at least three IFR departures and approaches exercising PBN privileges, including at least one RNP APCH approach on an SP class or type of aeroplane in SP operations, or, for multi-engine, other than HP complex aeroplanes, the applicants have passed Section 6 of the skill test for SP, other than HP complex aeroplanes flown solely by reference to instruments in SP operations.	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

B Helicopters

Credits shall be granted only when the holder is revalidating IR privileges for single-engine and single-pilot multi-engine helicopters as appropriate.

When a proficiency check, including IR, is performed and the holder has a valid:	Credit is valid towards the IR part in a proficiency check for:
MPH type rating	SE type rating (*), and SP ME type rating (*).
SP ME type rating, operated as single-pilot	SE type rating (*), SP ME type rating (*).
SP ME type rating, restricted to multi-pilot operation	SE type rating, (*) SP ME type rating (*).
SP SE type rating, operated as single-pilot	SP SE type rating, operated as single-pilot
(*) Provided that within the preceding 12 months at least 3 IFR departures and approaches exercising PBN privileges, including one RNP APCH approach (could be a point in Space (PinS) approach), have been performed on a SP type of helicopter in SP aeroplanes.	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 9 - Training, skill test and proficiency check for MPL, ATPL, type and class ratings, and proficiency check for IRs

A General

1. An applicant for a skill test shall have received instruction on the same class or type of aircraft to be used in the test.

The training for MPA and PL type ratings shall be conducted in an FFS or in a combination of FSTD(s) and FFS. The skill test or proficiency check for MPA and PL type ratings and the issue of an ATPL and an MPL, shall be conducted in an FFS, if available.

The training, skill test or proficiency check for class or type ratings for SPA and helicopters shall be conducted in:

- (a) an available and accessible FFS, or
- (b) a combination of FSTD(s) and the aircraft if an FFS is not available or accessible; or
- (c) the aircraft if no FSTD is available or accessible.

If FSTDs are used during training, testing or checking, the suitability of the FSTDs used shall be verified against the applicable 'Table of functions and subjective tests' and the applicable 'Table of FSTD validation tests' contained in the primary reference document applicable for the device used. All restrictions and limitations indicated on the device's qualification certificate shall be considered.

2. Failure to achieve a pass in all sections of the test in two attempts will require further training.
3. There is no limit to the number of skill tests that may be attempted.

Content of the training, skill test/proficiency check

4. Unless otherwise determined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21, the syllabus of flight instruction, the skill test and the proficiency check shall comply with this Appendix. The syllabus, skill test and proficiency check may be reduced to give credit for previous experience on similar aircraft types, as determined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21.
5. Except in the case of skill tests for the issue of an ATPL, when so defined in the operational suitability data established in accordance with BAR 8 Part-21 for the specific aircraft, credit may be given for skill test items common to other types or variants where the pilot is qualified.

Conduct of the test/check

6. The examiner may choose between different skill test or proficiency check scenarios containing simulated relevant operations. Full flight simulators and other training devices, when available, shall be used, as established in this Part.
7. During the proficiency check, the examiner shall verify that the holder of the class or type rating maintains an adequate level of theoretical knowledge.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

8. Should the applicant choose to terminate a skill test for reasons considered inadequate by the examiner, the applicant shall retake the entire skill test. If the test is terminated for reasons considered adequate by the examiner, only those sections not completed shall be tested in a further flight.
9. At the discretion of the examiner, any manoeuvre or procedure of the test may be repeated once by the applicant. The examiner may stop the test at any stage if it is considered that the applicant's demonstration of flying skill requires a complete re-test.
10. Applicants shall be required to fly the aircraft from a position where the PIC or co-pilot functions, as relevant, can be performed and to carry out the test as if there is no other crew member if taking the test/check under single-pilot conditions.
11. During pre-flight preparation for the test the applicant is required to determine power settings and speeds. The applicant shall indicate to the examiner the checks and duties carried out, including the identification of radio facilities. Checks shall be completed in accordance with the check-list for the aircraft on which the test is being taken and, if applicable, with the MCC concept. Performance data for take-off, approach and landing shall be calculated by the applicant in compliance with the operations manual or flight manual for the aircraft used. Decision heights/altitude, minimum descent heights/altitudes and missed approach point shall be agreed upon with the examiner.
12. The examiner shall take no part in the operation of the aircraft except where intervention is necessary in the interests of safety or to avoid unacceptable delay to other traffic.

Specific requirements for the skill test/proficiency check for multi-pilot aircraft type ratings, for single-pilot aeroplane type ratings, when operated in multi-pilot operations, for MPL and ATPL

13. The skill test for a multi-pilot aircraft or a single-pilot aeroplane when operated in multi-pilot operations shall be performed in a multi-crew environment. Another applicant or another type rated qualified pilot may function as second pilot. If an aircraft is used, the second pilot shall be the examiner or an instructor.
14. The applicant shall operate as PF during all sections of the skill test, except for abnormal and emergency procedures, which may be conducted as PF or PM in accordance with MCC. Applicants for the initial issue of a multi-pilot aircraft type rating or ATPL shall also demonstrate the ability to act as PM. The applicant may choose either the left hand or the right hand seat for the skill test if all items can be executed from the selected seat.
15. The following matters shall be specifically checked by the examiner for applicants for the ATPL or a type rating for multi-pilot aircraft or for multi-pilot operations in a single-pilot aeroplane extending to the duties of a PIC, irrespective of whether the applicant acts as PF or PM:
 - (a) management of crew cooperation;
 - (b) maintaining a general survey of the aircraft operation by appropriate supervision; and
 - (c) setting priorities and making decisions in accordance with safety aspects and relevant rules and regulations appropriate to the operational situation, including emergencies.
16. The test/check should be accomplished under IFR, if the IR rating is included, and as far as possible be accomplished in a simulated commercial air transport environment.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

An essential element to be checked is the ability to plan and conduct the flight from routine briefing material.

17. When the type rating course has included less than 2 hours flight training on the aircraft, the skill test may be conducted in an FFS and may be completed before the flight training on the aircraft.

The approved flight training shall be performed by a qualified instructor under the responsibility of:

- (a) an ATO; or
- (b) an organisation holding an AOC issued in accordance with BAR 1 Part-ORO; or
- (c) the instructor, in cases where no aircraft flight training for SP aircraft at an ATO or AOC holder is approved, and the aircraft flight training was approved by the applicants' competent authority.

A certificate of completion of the type rating course including the flight training in the aircraft shall be forwarded to the competent authority before the new type rating is entered in the applicants' licence.

18. For the upset recovery training, 'stall event' means either an approach-to-stall or a stall. An FFS can be used by the ATO to either train recovery from a stall or demonstrate the type-specific characteristics of a stall, or both, provided that:

- (a) the FFS has been qualified in accordance with the special evaluation requirements in CS- FSTD(A); and
- (b) the ATO has successfully demonstrated to the competent authority that any negative transfer of training is mitigated.

B. Specific requirements for the aeroplane category

Pass marks

1. In the case of single-pilot aeroplanes, with the exception of single-pilot high-performance complex aeroplanes, applicants shall pass all sections of the skill test or proficiency check. Failure in any item of a section will cause applicants to fail the entire section. If they fail only one section, they shall repeat only that section. Failure in more than one section will require applicants to repeat the entire test or check. Failure in any section in the case of a retest or recheck, including those sections that have been passed on a previous attempt, will require applicants to repeat the entire test or check again. For single-pilot multi-engine aeroplanes, Section 6 of the relevant test or check, addressing asymmetric flight, shall be passed.
2. In the case of multi-pilot and single-pilot high-performance complex aeroplanes, applicants shall pass all sections of the skill test or proficiency check. Failure in more than five items will require applicants to take the entire test or check again. Applicants failing 5 or fewer items shall take the failed items again. Failure in any item on the retest or recheck, including those items that have been passed on a previous attempt, will require applicants to repeat the entire check or test again. Section 6 is not part of the ATPL or MPL skill test. If applicants only fail or do not take Section 6, the type rating will be issued without CAT II or CAT III privileges. To extend the type rating privileges to CAT II or CAT III, applicants shall pass the Section 6 on the appropriate type of aircraft.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Flight test tolerance

3. The applicant shall demonstrate the ability to:
 - (a) operate the aeroplane within its limitations;
 - (b) complete all manoeuvres with smoothness and accuracy;
 - (c) exercise good judgement and airmanship;
 - (d) apply aeronautical knowledge;
 - (e) maintain control of the aeroplane at all times in such a manner that the successful outcome of a procedure or manoeuvre is always assured;
 - (f) understand and apply crew coordination and incapacitation procedures, if applicable; and
 - (g) communicate effectively with the other crew members, if applicable.
4. The following limits shall apply, corrected to make allowance for turbulent conditions and the handling qualities and performance of the aeroplane used:

Height

Generally	±100 feet
Starting a go-around at decision height/altitude	±50 feet/-0 feet
Minimum descent height/MAP/altitude	±50 feet/-0 feet

Tracking

On radio aids	±5°
For angular deviations	Half scale deviation, azimuth and glide path (e.g. LPV, ILS, MLS, GLS)
2D (LNAV) and 3D (LNAV/VNAV) "linear" lateral deviations	Cross-track error/deviation shall normally be limited to ± ½ RNP value associated with the procedure. Brief deviations from this standard up to maximum of 1 time the RNP value are available.
3D linear vertical deviations (e.g. RNP APCH (LNAV/VNAV) using BaroVNAV)	Not more than -75 feet below the vertical profile at any time, and not more than +75 feet above the vertical profile at or below 1000 feet above aerodrome level.

Heading

All engines operating	±5°
With simulated engine failure	±10°

Speed

All engines operating	±5 knots
With simulated engine failure	±10 knots/-5 knots

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Content of the training/skill test/proficiency check

5. Single-pilot aeroplanes, except for high performance complex aeroplanes:

(a) The following symbols mean:

P = Trained as PIC or Co-pilot and as Pilot Flying (PF) and Pilot Monitoring (PM)

OTD = Other training devices may be used for this exercise

X = Flight simulators shall be used for this exercise, if available, otherwise an aeroplane shall be used if appropriate for the manoeuvre or procedure

P# = The training shall be complemented by supervised aeroplane inspection

(b) The practical training shall be conducted at least at the training equipment level shown as (P), or may be conducted on any higher level of equipment shown by the arrow (—>)

The following abbreviations are used to indicate the training equipment used:

A = Aeroplane

FFS = Full Flight Simulator

FSTD = Flight Simulation Training Device

(c) The starred (*) items of section 3B and, for multi-engine, section 6, shall be flown solely by reference to instruments if revalidation/renewal of an IR is included in the skill test or proficiency check. If the starred (*) items are not flown solely by reference to instruments during the skill test or proficiency check, and when there is no crediting of IR privileges, the class or type rating will be restricted to VFR only.

(d) Section 3A shall be completed to revalidate a type or multi-engine class rating, VFR only, where the required experience of 10 route sectors within the previous 12 months has not been completed. Section 3A is not required if section 3B is completed.

(e) Where the letter 'M' appears in the skill test or proficiency check column, this will indicate the mandatory exercise or a choice where more than one exercise appears.

(f) An FSTD shall be used for practical training for type or ME class ratings if they form part of an approved class or type rating course. The following considerations will apply to the approval of the course:

(i) the qualification of the FSTD as set out in the relevant requirements of Part-ARA and Part-ORA;

(ii) the qualification of the instructors;

(iii) the amount of FSTD training provided on the course; and

(iv) the qualifications and previous experience on similar types of the pilot under training.

(g) If privileges for multi-pilot operation are sought for the first time, pilots holding privileges for single-pilot operations shall:

(1) complete a bridge course containing manoeuvres and procedures including MCC as well as the exercises of Section 7 using threat and error management (TEM), CRM and human factors at an ATO; and

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- (2) pass a proficiency check in multi-pilot operations.
- (h) If privileges for single-pilot operations are sought for the first time, pilots holding privileges for multi-pilot operations shall be trained at an ATO and checked for the following additional manoeuvres and procedures in single-pilot operations:
- (1) for SE aeroplanes, 1.6, 4.5, 4.6, 5.2 and, if applicable, one approach from Section 3.B;and
 - (2) for ME aeroplanes, 1.6, Section 6 and, if applicable, one approach from Section 3.B.
- (i) Pilots holding privileges for both single-pilot and multi-pilot operations in accordance with points (g) and (h) may revalidate privileges for both types of operations by completing a proficiency check in multi-pilot operations in addition to the exercises referred to in points (h)(1) or (h)(2), as applicable, in single-pilot operations.
- (j) If a skill test or a proficiency check is completed in multi-pilot operations only, the type rating shall be restricted to multi-pilot operations. The restriction shall be removed when pilots comply with point (h).
- (k) The training, testing and checking shall follow the table mentioned below.
1. Training at an ATO, testing and checking requirements for single-pilot privileges
 2. Training at an ATO, testing and checking requirements for multi-pilot privileges
 3. Training at an ATO, testing and checking requirements for pilots holding single-pilot privileges seeking multi-pilot privileges for the first time (bridge course)
 4. Training at an ATO, testing and checking requirements for pilots holding multi-pilot privileges seeking single-pilot privileges for the first time (bridge course)
 5. Training at an ATO and checking requirements for combined revalidation and renewal of single and multi-pilot privileges

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

	(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)		(5)	
Type of aircraft	SP		MP		SP → MP (initial)		MP → SP (initial)		SP + MP	
	Training	Testing/Checking	Training	Training/Checking	Training	Testing/Checking	Training, testing and checking (SE aeroplanes)	Training, testing and checking (ME aeroplanes)	SE aeroplanes	ME aeroplanes
Initial issue										
All (except SP complex)	Sections 1-6	Sections 1-6	MCC CRM Human factors	Sections 1-6	MCC CRM Human factors	Sections 1-6	1.6, 4.5, 4.6, 5.2 and, if applicable, one approach from Section 3.B	1.6, Section 6 and, if applicable, one approach from Section 3.B		
SP complex	1-7	1-6	TEM Sections 1-7		TEM Section 7					
Revalidation										
All	n/a	Sections 1-6	n/a	Sections 1-6	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	MPO: Sections 1-7 (training) Section 1-6 (checking) SPO: 1.6, 4.5, 4.6, 5.2 and, if applicable, one approach from Section 3.B	MPO: Sections 1-7 (training) Sections 1-6 (checking) SPO: 1.6, Section 6 and, if applicable, one approach from Section 3.B
Renewal										
All	FC-L.740	Sections 1-6	FCL.740	Sections 1-6	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	Training: FCL.740 Check: as for the revalidation	Training: FCL.740 Check: as for the revalidation*;

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

(l) To established or maintain PBN privileges, one approach shall be an RNP APCH. Where an RNP APCH is not practicable, it shall be performed in an appropriately equipped FSTD.

By way of derogation from the subparagraph above, in cases where a proficiency check for revalidation of PBN privileges does not include an RNP APCH exercise, the PBN privileges of the pilot shall not include RNP APCH. The restriction shall be lifted if the pilot has completed a proficiency check including an RNP APCH exercise.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE-PILOT AEROPLANES, EXCEPT FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			CLASS OR TYPE RATING SKILL TEST/PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test or check completed
1 Departure	OTD					
1.1 Pre-flight including: Documentation Mass and Balance Weather briefing NOTAM						
1.2 Pre-start checks						
1.2.1 External	OTD P#	P			M	
1.2.2 Internal	OTD P#	P			M	
1.3 Engine starting: Normal Malfunctions	P→	→			M	
1.4 Taxiing	P→	→			M	
1.5 Pre-departure checks: Engine run-up (if applicable)	P→	→			M	
1.6 Take-off procedure: Normal with Flight Manual flap settings Crosswind (if conditions available)	P→	→			M	
1.7 Climbing: Vx/Vy Turns onto headings Level off	P→	→			M	
1.8 ATC liaison — Compliance, R/T procedure	P→				M	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE-PILOT AEROPLANES, EXCEPT FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			CLASS OR TYPE RATING SKILL TEST/PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test or check completed
2 Airwork (VMC)	P—>					
2.1 Straight and level flight at various airspeeds including flight at critically low airspeed with and without flaps (including approach to V _{VMCA} when applicable)		—>				
2.2 Steep turns (360° left and right at 45° bank)	P—>	—>			M	
2.3 Stalls and recovery:	P—>					
(i) Clean stall						
(ii) Approach to stall in descending turn with bank with approach configuration and power						
(iii) Approach to stall in landing configuration and power		—>			M	
(iv) Approach to stall, climbing turn with take-off flap and climb power (single engine aeroplane only)						
2.4 Handling using autopilot and flight director (may be conducted in section 3) if applicable	P—>	—>			M	
2.5 ATC liaison — Compliance, R/T procedure	P—>	—>			M	
3A En-route procedures VFR (see B.5(c) and (d))	P—>	—>				
3A.1 Flight plan, dead reckoning and map reading						
3A.2 Maintenance of altitude, heading and speed	P—>	—>				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE-PILOT AEROPLANES, EXCEPT FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			CLASS OR TYPE RATING SKILL TEST/PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test or check completed
3A.3 Orientation, timing and revision of ETAs	P→	→				
3A.4 Use of radio navigation aids (if applicable)	P→	→				
3A.5 Flight management (flight log, routine checks including fuel, systems and icing)	P→	→				
3A.6 ATC liaison — Compliance, R/T procedure	P→	→				
3B Instrument flight						
3B.1* Departure IFR	P→	→			M	
3B.2* En-route IFR	P→	→			M	
3B.3* Holding procedures	P→	→			M	
3B.4* 3D operations to decision height/altitude (DH/A) of 200 ft (60 m) or to higher minima if required by the approach procedure (autopilot may be used to the final approach segment vertical path intercept)	P→	→			M	
3B.5* Non-precision approach to MDH/A and MAP	P→	→			M	
3B.6* Flight exercises including simulated failure of the compass and attitude indicator: rate 1 turns, recoveries from unusual attitudes	P→	→			M	
3B.7* Failure of localiser or glideslope	P→	→				
3B.8* ATC liaison — Compliance, R/T procedure	P→	→			M	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE-PILOT AEROPLANES, EXCEPT FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			CLASS OR TYPE RATING SKILL TEST/PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test or check completed
4 Arrival and landings						
4.1 Aerodrome arrival procedure	P→	→			M	
4.2 Normal landing	P→	→			M	
4.3 Flapless landing	P→	→			M	
4.4 Crosswind landing (if suitable conditions)	P→	→				
4.5 Approach and landing with idle power from up to 2 000' above the runway (single-engine aeroplane only)	P→	→				
4.6 Go-around from minimum height		→			M	
4.7 Night go-around and landing (if applicable)	P→	→				
4.8 ATC liaison — Compliance, R/T procedure						
5 Abnormal and emergency procedures (This section may be combined with sections 1 through 4)						
5.1 Rejected take-off at a reasonable speed	P→	→			M	
5.2 Simulated engine failure after take-off (single-engine aeroplanes only)		P			M	
5.3 Simulated forced landing without power (single-engine aeroplanes only)		P			M	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE-PILOT AEROPLANES, EXCEPT FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			CLASS OR TYPE RATING SKILL TEST/PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test or check completed
5.4 Simulated emergencies: (i) fire or smoke in flight; (ii) systems' malfunctions as appropriate	P→	→				
5.5 Engine shutdown and restart (ME skill test only) (at a safe altitude if performed in the aircraft)	P→	→				
5.6 ATC liaison — Compliance, R/T procedure						
6 Simulated asymmetric flight 6.1* (This section may be combined with sections 1 through 5) Simulated engine failure during take-off (at a safe altitude unless carried out in FFS or FNPT II)	P→	→X		M		
6.2* Asymmetric approach and go- around	P→	→		M		
6.3* Asymmetric approach and full stop landing	P→	→		M		
6.4 ATC liaison — Compliance, R/T procedure	P→	→		M		
7 UPRT						
7.1 Flight manoeuvres and procedures	P→	→				
7.1.1 Manual flight with and without flight directors (no autopilot, no autothrust/autothrottle, and at different control laws, where applicable)	P→	→				
7.1.1.1 At different speeds (including slow flight) and altitudes within the FSTD training envelope.	P→	→				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE-PILOT AEROPLANES, EXCEPT FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			CLASS OR TYPE RATING SKILL TEST/PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test or check completed
7.1.1.2 Steep turns using 45° bank, 180° to 360° left and right	P—>	—>				
7.1.1.3 Turns with and without spoilers	P—>	—>				
7.1.1.4 Procedural instrument flying and manoeuvring including instrument departure and arrival, and visual approach	P—>	—>				
7.2 7.2.1 Upset recovery training Recovery from stall events in: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – take-off configuration; – clean configuration at low altitude; – clean configuration near maximum operating altitude; and – landing configuration 	P—>	—>				
7.2.2 The following upset exercises: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – recovery from nose-high at various bank angles; and – recovery from nose-low at various bank angles. 	P	X				
7.3 Go-around with all engines operating* from various stages during an instrument approach	P—>	—>				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE-PILOT AEROPLANES, EXCEPT FOR HIGH PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			CLASS OR TYPE RATING SKILL TEST/PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test or check completed
7.4 Rejected landing with all engines operating: – from various heights below DH/MDH 15 m (50 ft) above the runway threshold – after touchdown (balked landing) – In aeroplanes which are not certificated as transport category aeroplanes (JAR/FAR 25) or as commuter category aeroplanes (SFAR 23), the rejected landing with all engines operating shall be initiated below MDH/A or after touchdown.	P→	→				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

6. Multi-pilot aeroplanes and single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes:

(a) The following symbols mean:

P = Trained as PIC or Co-pilot and as PF and PM for the issue of a type rating as applicable.

OTD = Other training devices may be used for this exercise.

X = Simulators shall be used for this exercise, if available; otherwise an aircraft shall be used if appropriate for the manoeuvre or procedure.

P# = The training shall be complemented by supervised aeroplane inspection.

(b) The practical training shall be conducted at least at the training equipment level shown as (P), or may be conducted up to any higher equipment level shown by the arrow (————>).

The following abbreviations are used to indicate the training equipment used:

A = Aeroplane

FFS = Full Flight Simulator

FTD = Flight Simulator Training Device

(c) The starred items (*) shall be flown solely by reference to instruments.

(d) Where the letter 'M' appears in the skill test or proficiency check column this will indicate the mandatory exercise.

(e) An FFS shall be used for practical training and testing if the FFS forms part of an approved type rating course. The following considerations will apply to the approval of the course:

(v) the qualifications of the instructors;

(vi) the amount of training provided on the course in an FSTD; and

(vii) the qualifications and previous experience on similar types of the pilot under training.

(f) Manoeuvres and procedures shall include MCC for multi-pilot aeroplane and for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes in multi-pilot operations.

(g) Manoeuvres and procedures shall be conducted in single-pilot role for single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes in single-pilot operations.

(h) In the case of single-pilot high performance complex aeroplanes, when a skill test or proficiency check is performed in multi-pilot operations, the type rating shall be restricted to multi-pilot operations. If privileges of single-pilot are sought, the manoeuvres/procedures in 2.5, 3.9.3.4, 4.3, 5.5 and at least one manoeuvre/procedure from section 3.4 have to be completed in addition as single-pilot.

(i) In case of a restricted type rating issued in accordance with FCL.720.A(c), the applicants shall fulfil the same requirements as other applicants for the type rating except for the practical exercises relating to the take-off and landing phases.

(j) To established or maintain PBN privileges, one approach shall be an RNP APCH. Where an RNP APCH is not practicable, it shall be performed in an appropriately equipped FSTD.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

By way of derogation from the subparagraph above, in cases where a proficiency check for revalidation of PBN privileges does not include an RNP APCH exercise, the PBN privileges of the pilot shall not include RNP APCH. The restriction shall be lifted if the pilot has completed a proficiency check including an RNP APCH exercise.

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test completed
1. Flight preparation	OTD					
1.1 Performance calculation	P					
1.2 Aeroplane external visual inspection; location of each item and purpose of inspection	OTD P#	P				
1.3 Cockpit inspection	P→	→				
1.4 Use of checklist prior to starting engines, starting procedures, radio and navigation equipment check, selection and setting of navigation and communication frequencies	P→	→		M		
1.5 Taxiing in compliance with air traffic control or instructions of instructor	P→	→				
1.6 Before take-off checks	P→	→		M		
2. Take-offs						
2.1 Normal take-offs with different flap settings, including expedited take-off	P→	→				
2.2* Instrument take-off; transition to instrument flight is required during rotation or immediately after becoming airborne	P→	→				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK	
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A
2.3 Crosswind take-off	P→	→			
2.4 Take-off at maximum take-off mass (actual or simulated maximum take-off mass)	P→	→			
2.5 Take-offs with simulated engine failure: 2.5.1* shortly after reaching V2 (In aeroplanes which are not certificated as transport category or commuter category aeroplanes, the engine failure shall not be simulated until reaching a minimum height of 500 ft above runway end. In aeroplanes having the same performance as a transport category aeroplane regarding take-off mass and density altitude, the instructor may simulate the engine failure shortly after reaching V2)	P→	→			
2.5.2* between V1 and V2	P	X		M FFS Only	
2.6 Rejected take-off at a reasonable speed before reaching V1	P→	→X		M	
3. Flight Manoeuvres and Procedures	P→	→			
3.1 Turns with and without spoilers	P→	→			
3.1.1 At different speeds (including slow flight) and altitudes within the FSTD training envelope	P→	→			

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test completed
3.1.2 Steep turns using 45° bank, 180° to 360° left and right	P—>	—>				
3.1.3 Turns with and without spoilers	P—>	—>				
3.1.4 Procedural instrument flying and manoeuvring including instrument departure and arrival, and visual approach	P—>	—>				
3.2 Tuck under and Mach buffets after reaching the critical Mach number, and other specific flight characteristics of the aeroplane (e.g. Dutch Roll)	P—>	---->X An aeroplane shall not be used for this exercise			FFS only	
3.3 Normal operation of systems and controls engineer's panel	OTD P—>	—>				
3.4 Normal and abnormal operations of following systems:					M	A mandatory minimum of 3 abnormal shall be selected from 3.4.0 to 3.4.14 inclusive
3.4.0 Engine (if necessary propeller)	OTD P—>	—>				
3.4.1 Pressurisation and air-conditioning	OTD P—>	—>				
3.4.2 Pitot/static system	OTD P—>	—>				
3.4.3 Fuel system	OTD P—>	—>				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test completed
3.4.4 Electrical system	OTD P→	→				
3.4.5 Hydraulic system	OTD P→	→				
3.4.6 Flight control and Trim- system	OTD P→	→				
3.4.7 Anti-icing/de-icing system, Glare shield heating	OTD P→					
3.4.8 Autopilot/Flight director	OTD P→				M (single pilot Only)	
3.4.9 Stall warning devices or stall avoidance devices, and stability augmentation devices	OTD P→					
3.4.10 Ground proximity warning system, weather radar, radio altimeter, transponder	OTD P→					
3.4.11 Radios, navigation equipment, instruments, flight management system	OTD P→	→				
3.4.12 Landing gear and brake	OTD P→	→				
3.4.13 Slat and flap system	OTD P→	→				
3.4.14 Auxiliary power unit	OTD P→	→				
3.6 Abnormal and emergency procedures:					M	A mandatory minimum of three items shall be selected from 3.6.1 to 3.6.9 inclusive

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test completed
3.6.1 Fire drills, e.g. engine, APU, cabin, cargo compartment, flight deck, wing and electrical fires including evacuation	P→	→				
3.6.2 Smoke control and removal	P→	→				
3.6.3 Engine failures, shutdown and restart at a safe height	P→	→				
3.6.4 Fuel dumping (simulated)	P→	→				
3.6.5 Wind shear at take-off/landing	P→	X			FFS Only	
3.6.6 Simulated cabin pressure failure/emergency descent	P→	→				
3.6.7 Incapacitation of flight crew member	P→	→				
3.6.8 Other emergency procedures as outlined in the appropriate Aeroplane Flight Manual	P→	→				
3.6.9 TCAS event	OTD P→	An aeroplane shall not be used for this exercise			FFS Only	
3.7 Upset recovery training recovery from stall events in: 3.7.1 – take-off configuration; – clean configuration at low altitude; – clean configuration near maximum operating altitude; and – landing configuration.	P FFS qualified for the training task only	X An aeroplane shall not be used for this exercise				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test completed
3.7.2 The following upset exercises: – recovery from nose-high at various bank angles; and – recovery from nose-low at various bank angles	p FFS qualified for the training task only	x An aero- plane shall not be used for this exercise			FFS only	
3.8 Instrument flight procedures						
3.8.1* Adherence to departure and arrival routes and ATC instructions	P→	→			M	
3.8.2* Holding procedures	P→	→				
3.8.3* 3D operations to DH/A of 200 ft (60 m) or to higher minima if required by the approach procedure						
Note: According to the AFM, RNP APCH procedures may require the use of autopilot or flight director. The procedure to be flown manually shall be chosen taking into account such limitations (for example, choose an ILS for 3.8.3.1 in the case of such AFM limitation).						
3.8.3.1* manually, without flight director	P→	→			M (skill test only)	
3.8.3.2* manually, with flight director	P→	→				
3.8.3.3* with autopilot	P→	→				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK	
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A
<p>3.8.3.4* Manually, with one engine simulated inoperative during final approach, either until touchdown or through the complete missed approach procedure (as applicable), starting:</p> <p>(i) before passing 1 000 ft above aerodrome level; and (ii) after passing 1 000 ft above aerodrome level. In aeroplanes which are not certificated as transport category aeroplanes (JAR/FAR 25) or as commuter category aeroplanes (SFAR 23), the approach with simulated engine failure and the ensuing go-around shall be initiated in conjunction with the 2D approach in accordance with 3.8.4. The go-around shall be initiated when reaching the published obstacle clearance height/altitude (OCH/A); however, not later than reaching an MDH/A of 500 ft above the runway threshold elevation. In aeroplanes having the same performance as a transport category aeroplane regarding take-off mass and density altitude, the instructor may simulate the engine failure in accordance with exercise 3.8.3.4.</p>	P→	→		M	
3.8.4* Non-precision approach down to the MDH/A	P*→	→		M	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK	
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A
<p>3.8.5 Circling approach under following conditions:</p> <p>(a)* approach to the authorised minimum circling approach altitude at the aerodrome in question in accordance with the local instrument approach facilities in simulated instrument flight conditions; followed by:</p> <p>(b) circling approach to another runway at least 90° off centreline from final approach used in item (a), at the authorised minimum circling approach altitude.</p> <p>Remark: if (a) and (b) are not possible due to ATC reasons, a simulated low visibility pattern may be performed.</p>	P*—>	—>			
3.8.6 Visual Approaches	P—>	—>			
4. Missed Approach Procedures	P*—>	—>			
4.1 Go-around with all engines operating* during a 3D operation on reaching decision height	P*—>	—>			
4.2 Go-around with all engines operating* from various stages during an instrument approach	P*—>	—>			

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test completed
4.3 Other missed approach procedures	P*—>	—>				
4.4* Manual go-around with the critical engine simulated inoperative after an instrument approach on reaching DH, MDH or MAPt	P*—>	—>			M	
4.5 Rejected landing with all engines operating: – from various heights below DH/MDH; – after touchdown (balked landing) In aeroplanes which are not certificated as transport category aeroplanes (JAR/FAR 25) or as commuter category aeroplanes (SFAR 23), the rejected landing with all engines operating shall be initiated below MDH/A or after touchdown.	P—>	—>				
5. Landings 5.1 Normal landings* also after an ILS approach with transition to visual flight on reaching DH	P					
5.2 Landing with simulated jammed horizontal stabiliser in any out-of-trim position	P—>		An aeroplane shall not be used for this exercise		FFS Only	
5.3 Crosswind landings (a/c, if practicable)	P—>	—>				
5.4 Traffic pattern and landing without extended or with partly extended flaps and slats	P—>	—>				

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test completed
5.5 Landing with critical engine simulated inoperative	P→	→			M	
5.6 Landing with two engines inoperative: — aeroplanes with 3 engines: the centre engine and 1 outboard engine as far as practicable according to data of the AFM, — aeroplanes with 4 engines: 2 engines at one side	P→	X			M FFS only (skill test only)	
<p>General remarks: Special requirements for the extension of a type rating for instrument approaches down to a decision height of less than 200 ft (60 m), i.e. CAT II/III operations.</p>						
6. Additional authorisation on a type rating for instrument approaches down to a decision height of less than 60 m (200 ft) (CAT II/III). The following manoeuvres and procedures are the minimum training requirements to permit instrument approaches down to a DH of less than 60 m (200 ft). During the following instrument approaches and missed approach procedures all aeroplane equipment required for type certification of instrument approaches down to a DH of less than 60 m (200 ft) shall be used.						
6.1* Rejected take-off at minimum authorised RVR	P*→	→X An aeroplane shall not be used for this exercise			M*	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

MULTI-PILOT AEROPLANES AND SINGLE-PILOT HIGH- PERFORMANCE COMPLEX AEROPLANES	PRACTICAL TRAINING			ATPL/MPL/TYPE RATING SKILL TEST OR PROF. CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FTD	A	Instructor initials when training completed	Tested or checked in FSTD or A	Examiner initials when test completed
6.2* ILS approaches: in simulated instrument flight conditions down to the applicable DH, using flight guidance system. Standard procedures of crew coordination (task sharing, call out procedures, mutual surveillance, information exchange and support) shall be observed	P→	→			M	
6.3* Go-around: after approaches as indicated in 6.2 on reaching DH. The training shall also include a go-around due to (simulated) insufficient RVR, wind shear, aeroplane deviation in excess of approach limits for a successful approach, and ground/airborne equipment failure prior to reaching DH and, go-around with simulated airborne equipment failure.	P→	→			M*	
6.4* Landing(s): with visual reference established at DH following an instrument approach. Depending on the specific flight guidance system, an automatic landing shall be performed	P→	→			M	

Note: CATII/III operations shall be accomplished in accordance with the applicable air operations requirements.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

7. **Class ratings — sea. - RESERVED**

B Specific requirements for the helicopter category

1. In case of skill test or proficiency check for type ratings and the ATPL the applicant shall pass sections 1 to 4 and 6 (as applicable) of the skill test or proficiency check. Failure in more than five items will require the applicant to take the entire test or check again. An applicant failing not more than five items shall take the failed items again. Failure in any item of the re-test or re-check or failure in any other items already passed will require the applicant to take the entire test or check again. All sections of the skill test or proficiency check shall be completed within 6 months.
2. In case of proficiency check for an IR the applicant shall pass section 5 of the proficiency check. Failure in more than three items will require the applicant to take the entire section 5 again. An applicant failing not more than three items shall take the failed items again. Failure in any item of the re-check or failure in any other items of section 5 already passed will require the applicant to take the entire check again.

Flight test tolerance

3. The applicant shall demonstrate the ability to:
 - (a) operate the helicopter within its limitations;
 - (b) complete all manoeuvres with smoothness and accuracy;
 - (c) exercise good judgement and airmanship;
 - (d) apply aeronautical knowledge;
 - (e) maintain control of the helicopter at all times in such a manner that the successful outcome of a procedure or manoeuvre is never in doubt;
 - (f) understand and apply crew coordination and incapacitation procedures, if applicable; and
 - (g) communicate effectively with the other crew members, if applicable.
4. The following limits shall apply, corrected to make allowance for turbulent conditions and the handling qualities and performance of the helicopter used.'
 - (a) IFR flight limits

Height:

- | | |
|--|--------------------|
| - Generally | ± 100 feet |
| - Starting a go-around at decision height/altitude | + 50 feet/– 0 feet |
| - Minimum descent height/altitude | + 50 feet/– 0 feet |

Tracking:

- | | |
|----------------------------|---|
| - On radio aids | ± 5° |
| - For “angular” deviations | Half-scale deflection, azimuth and glide path (e.g. LPV, ILS, MLS, GLS) |

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

- 2D (LNAV) and 3D (LNAV/VNAV) “linear” lateral deviations cross-track error/deviation shall normally be limited to $\pm 1/2$ of the RNP value associated with the procedure. Brief deviations from this standard up to a maximum of one time the RNP value are allowable.

- 3D linear vertical deviations (e.g. RNP APCH (LNAV/VNAV) using BaroVNAV) not more than – 75 ft below the vertical profile at any time, and not more than + 75 ft above the vertical profile at or below 1 000 ft above aerodrome level.

Heading:

- Normal operations $\pm 5^\circ$
- Abnormal operations/emergencies $\pm 10^\circ$

Speed:

- Generally ± 10 knots
- With simulated engine failure + 10 knots/– 5 knots

(b) VFR flight limits

Height:

- Generally ± 100 feet

Heading:

- Normal operations $\pm 5^\circ$
- Abnormal operations/emergencies $\pm 10^\circ$

Speed:

- Generally ± 10 knots
- With simulated engine failure + 10 knots/– 5 knots

Ground drift:

- T.O. hover I.G.E. ± 3 feet
- Landing ± 2 feet (with 0 feet rearward or lateral flight)

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Content of the training/skill test/proficiency check

General

5. The following symbols mean:

P = Trained as PIC for the issue of a type rating for SPH or trained as PIC or Co-pilot and as PF and PM for the issue of a type rating for MPH.

6. The practical training shall be conducted at least at the training equipment level shown as (P), or may be conducted up to any higher equipment level shown by the arrow (—→).

The following abbreviations are used to indicate the training equipment used:

FFS = Full Flight Simulator

FTD = Flight Training Device

H= Helicopter

7. The starred items (*) shall be flown in actual or simulated IMC, only by applicants wishing to renew or revalidate an IR(H), or extend the privileges of that rating to another type.
8. Instrument flight procedures (section 5) shall be performed only by applicants wishing to renew or revalidate an IR(H) or extend the privileges of that rating to another type. An FFS or FTD 2/3 may be used for this purpose.
9. Where the letter 'M' appears in the skill test or proficiency check column this will indicate the mandatory exercise.
10. An FSTD shall be used for practical training and testing if the FSTD forms part of a type rating course. The following considerations will apply to the course:
- the qualification of the FSTD as set out in the relevant requirements of Part-ARA and Part-ORA;
 - the qualifications of the instructor and examiner;
 - the amount of FSTD training provided on the course;
 - the qualifications and previous experience in similar types of the pilot under training; and
 - the amount of supervised flying experience provided after the issue of the new type rating.

Multi-pilot helicopters

11. Applicants for the skill test for the issue of the multi-pilot helicopter type rating and ATPL(H) shall take only sections 1 to 4 and, if applicable, section 6.
12. Applicants for the revalidation or renewal of the multi-pilot helicopter type rating proficiency check shall take only sections 1 to 4 and, if applicable, section 6.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE/MULTI-PILOT HELICOPTERS	PRACTICAL TRAINING			SKILL TEST OR PROFICIENCY CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	H	Instructor initials when training completed	Checked in FSTD or H	Examiner initials when test completed
SECTION 1 – Preflight preparation and checks						
1.1 Helicopter exterior visual inspection; location of each item and purpose of inspection		P			M (if performed in the helicopter)	
1.2 Cockpit inspection	P	—>			M	
1.3 Starting procedures, radio and navigation equipment check, selection and setting of navigation and communication frequencies	P	—>			M	
1.4 Taxiing/air taxiing in compliance with air traffic control instructions or with instructions of an instructor		—>			M	
1.5 Pre-take-off procedures and checks	P	—>			M	
SECTION 2 – flight manoeuvres and procedures						
2.1 Take-offs (various profiles)	P	—>			M	
2.2 Sloping ground or crosswind take-offs & landings	P	—>				
2.3 Take-off at maximum take-off mass (actual or simulated maximum take-off mass)	P	—>				
2.4 Take-off with simulated engine failure shortly before reaching TDP or DPATO	P	—>			M	
2.4.1 Take-off with simulated engine failure shortly after reaching TDP or DPATO	P	—>			M	
2.5 Climbing and descending turns to specified headings	P	—>			M	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE/MULTI-PILOT HELICOPTERS	PRACTICAL TRAINING			SKILL TEST OR PROFICIENCY CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	H	Instructor initials when training completed	Checked in FSTD or H	Examiner initials when test completed
2.5.1	Turns with 30° bank, 180° to 360° left and right, by sole reference to instruments	P	→		M	
2.6	Autorotative descent	P	→		M	
2.6.1	Autorotative landing (SEH only) or power recovery	P	→		M	
2.7	Landings, various profiles	P	→		M	
2.7.1	Go-around or landing following simulated engine failure before LDP or DPBL	P	→		M	
2.7.2	Landing following simulated engine failure after LDP or DPBL	P	→		M	
SECTION 3 – Normal and abnormal operations of the following systems and procedures						
3.	Normal and abnormal operations of the following systems and procedures:				M	A mandatory minimum of three items shall be selected from this section
3.1	Engine	P	→			
3.2	Air conditioning (heating, ventilation)	P	→			
3.3	Pitot/static system	P	→			
3.4	Fuel System	P	→			
3.5	Electrical system	P	→			
3.6	Hydraulic system	P	→			
3.7	Flight control and Trim system	P	→			

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE/MULTI-PILOT HELICOPTERS	PRACTICAL TRAINING			SKILL TEST OR PROFICIENCY CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	H	Instructor initials when training completed	Checked in FSTD or H	Examiner initials when test completed
3.8	Anti-icing and de-icing system	P	→			
3.9	Autopilot/Flight director	P	→			
3.10	Stability augmentation devices	P	→			
3.11	Weather radar, radio altimeter, transponder	P	→			
3.12	Area Navigation System	P	→			
3.13	Landing gear system	P	→			
3.14	Auxiliary power unit	P	→			
3.15	Radio, navigation equipment, instruments flight management system	P	→			
SECTION 4 – Abnormal and emergency procedures						
4.	Abnormal and emergency procedures				M	A mandatory minimum of three items shall be selected from this section
4.1	Fire drills (including evacuation if applicable)	P	→			
4.2	Smoke control and removal	P	→			
4.3	Engine failures, shutdown and restart at a safe height	P	→			
4.4	Fuel dumping (simulated)	P	→			

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE/MULTI-PILOT HELICOPTERS	PRACTICAL TRAINING			SKILL TEST OR PROFICIENCY CHECK	
	FSTD	H	Instructor initials when training completed	Checked in FSTD or H	Examiner initials when test completed
4.5 Tail rotor control failure (if applicable)	P	—>			
4.5.1 Tail rotor loss (if applicable)	P	A Helicopter may not be used for this exercise			
4.6 Incapacitation of crew member - MPH only	P	—>			
4.7 Transmission malfunctions	P	—>			
4.8 Other emergency procedures as outlined in the appropriate Flight Manual	P	—>			
SECTION 5 – instrument flight procedures (to be performed in IMC or simulated IMC)					
5.1 Instrument take-off: transition to instrument flight is required as soon as possible after becoming airborne	P*	—>*			
5.1.1 Simulated engine failure during departure	P*	—>*		M*	
5.2 Adherence to departure and arrival routes and ATC instructions	P*	—>*		M*	
5.3 Holding procedures	P*	—>*			
5.4 ILS approaches down to CAT I decision height	P*	—>*			

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE/MULTI-PILOT HELICOPTERS	PRACTICAL TRAINING			SKILL TEST OR PROFICIENCY CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	H	Instructor initials when training completed	Checked in FSTD or H	Examiner initials when test completed
5.4.1 Manually, without flight director. Note: According to the AFM, RNP APCH procedures may require the use of autopilot or flight director. The procedure to be flown manually shall be chosen taken into account such limitations (for example, choose an ILS for 5.4.1 in the case of such AFM limitation).	P*	—>*			M*	
5.4.2 Manually, with flight director	P*	—>*			M*	
5.4.3 With coupled autopilot	P*	—>*				
5.4.4 Manually, with one engine simulated inoperative. (Engine failure has to be simulated during final approach before passing the outer marker (OM) until touchdown or until completion of the missed approach procedure)	P*	—>*			M*	
5.5 2D operations down to the MDA/H	P*	—>*			M*	
5.6 Go-around with all engines operating on reaching DA/DH or MDA/MDH	P*	—>*				
5.6.1 Other missed approach procedures	P*	—>*				
5.6.2 Go-around with one engine simulated inoperative on reaching DA/DH or MDA/MDH	P*	—>*			M*	
5.7 IMC autorotation with power recovery	P*	—>*			M*	
5.8 Recovery from unusual attitudes	P*	—>*			M*	

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SINGLE/MULTI-PILOT HELICOPTERS	PRACTICAL TRAINING			SKILL TEST OR PROFICIENCY CHECK		
	Manoeuvres/Procedures	FSTD	H	Instructor initials when training completed	Checked in FSTD or H	Examiner initials when test completed
SECTION 6 - use of optional equipment						
6. Use of optional equipment	P	→				

C Specific requirements for the powered-lift aircraft category - RESERVED

D Specific requirements for the airship category - RESERVED

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 10 – Revalidation and renewal of type ratings, and revalidation and renewal of IRs when combined with the revalidation or renewal of type ratings – EBT practical assessment

A – General

1. The revalidation and renewal of type ratings as well as the revalidation and renewal of IRs when combined with the revalidation or renewal of type ratings in accordance with this Appendix shall be completed only at EBT operators which comply with all of the following:
 - (a) they have established an EBT programme relevant for the applicable type rating or the IR in accordance with point ORO.FC.231 of BAR 6 Part-ORO;
 - (b) they have an experience of at least 3 years in conducting a mixed EBT programme;
 - (c) for each type rating within the EBT programme, the organisation has appointed an EBT manager. EBT managers shall comply with all of the following:
 - (i) they shall hold examiner privileges for the relevant type rating;
 - (ii) they shall have extensive experience in training as an instructor for the relevant type rating;
 - (iii) they shall either be the person nominated in accordance with point ORO.AOC.135(a)(2) of BAR 6 Part-ORO or a deputy of that person.
2. The EBT manager responsible for the relevant type rating shall ensure that the applicant complies with all qualification, training and experience requirements of this Annex for the revalidation or the renewal of the relevant rating.
3. Applicants who wish to revalidate or renew a rating in accordance with this Appendix shall comply with all of the following:
 - (a) they shall be enrolled in the operator's EBT programme;
 - (b) in the case of revalidation of a rating, they shall complete the operator's EBT programme within the period of validity of the relevant rating;
 - (c) in the case of renewal of a rating, they shall comply with procedures developed by the EBT operator in accordance with point ORO.FC.231(a)(5) of BAR 6 Part-ORO.
4. The revalidation or renewal of a rating in accordance with this Appendix shall comprise all of the following:
 - (a) continuous EBT practical assessment within an EBT programme;
 - (b) demonstration of an acceptable level of performance in all competencies;
 - (c) the administrative action of licence revalidation or renewal for which the EBT manager responsible for the relevant type rating shall do all of the following:
 - (1) ensure that the requirements of point FCL.1030 are complied with;
 - (2) when acting in accordance with point FCL.1030(b)(2), endorse the applicant's licence with the new expiry date of the rating. That endorsement may be completed by another person on behalf of the EBT manager, if that person received a delegation from the EBT manager to do so in accordance with the procedures established in the EBT programme

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

B - Conduct of the EBT practical assessment

The EBT practical assessment shall be conducted in accordance with the operator's EBT programme.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 11 – Conditions for the acceptance of licences issued by or on behalf of countries other than Brunei Darussalam

A Validation of Licences

General

- (a) A pilot licence issued in compliance with the requirements of Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention by a country other than Brunei Darussalam may be validated by the Brunei DCA.

Pilots shall apply to the Brunei DCA.

- (b) The period of validation of a licence shall not exceed 1 year, provided that the basic licence remains valid.

This period may only be extended once by the Brunei DCA when, during the validation period, the pilot has applied, or is undergoing training, for the issuance of a licence in accordance with BAR 1 Part-FCL. This extension shall cover the period of time necessary for the licence to be issued in accordance with BAR 1 Part-FCL.

The holders of a licence accepted by the Brunei DCA shall exercise their privileges in accordance with the requirements stated in BAR 1 Part-FCL.

Pilot licences for commercial air transport and other commercial activities

- (c) In the case of pilot licences for commercial air transport and other commercial activities, the holder shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) complete, as a skill test, the type or class rating revalidation requirements of BAR 1 Part-FCL relevant to the privileges of the licence held;
 - (2) demonstrate that he/she has acquired knowledge of the relevant parts of the operational requirements and BAR 1 Part-FCL;
 - (3) demonstrate that he/she has acquired language proficiency in accordance with FCL.055;
 - (4) hold a valid Class 1 medical certificate, issued in accordance with BAR 1 Part-MED;
 - (5) in the case of aeroplanes, comply with the experience requirements set out in the following table:

Licence held	Total flying hours experience	Privileges	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
ATPL(A)	> 1 500 hours as PIC on multi-pilot aeroplanes	Commercial air transport in multi-pilot aeroplanes as PIC	(a)
ATPL(A) or CPL(A)/IR (*)	> 1 500 hours as PIC or co-pilot on multi-pilot aeroplanes according to operational requirements	Commercial air transport in multi-pilot aeroplanes as co-pilot	(b)
MPL	> 1 500 hours as a co-pilot on multi-pilot aeroplanes according to operational requirements	Commercial air transport in multi-pilot aeroplanes as co-pilot	(ba)
CPL(A)/IR	> 1 000 hours as PIC in commercial air transport since gaining an IR	Commercial air transport in single-pilot aeroplanes as PIC	(c)

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Licence held	Total flying hours experience	Privileges	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
CPL(A)/IR	> 1 000 hours as PIC or as co-pilot in single-pilot aeroplanes according to operational requirements	Commercial air transport in single-pilot aeroplanes as co-pilot according to the operational requirements	(d)
ATPL(A), CPL (A)/IR, CPL(A)	> 700 hours in aeroplanes other than TMGs, including 200 hours in the activity role for which acceptance is sought, and 50 hours in that role in the last 12 months	Exercise of privileges in aeroplanes in operations other than commercial air transport	(e)
CPL(A)	> 1 500 hours as PIC in commercial air transport including 500 hours on seaplane operations	Commercial air transport in single-pilot aeroplanes as PIC	(f)

(*) CPL(A)/IR holders on multi-pilot aeroplanes shall have demonstrated ICAO ATPL(A) level knowledge before acceptance.'

(6) in the case of helicopters, comply with the experience requirements set out in the following table:

Licence held	Total flying hours experience	Privileges	
(1)	(2)	(3)	
ATPL(H) valid IR	> 1 000 hours as PIC on multi- pilot helicopters	Commercial air transport in multi- pilot helicopters as PIC in VFR and IFR operations	(a)
ATPL(H) no IR privileges	> 1 000 hours as PIC on multi- pilot helicopters	Commercial air transport in multi- pilot helicopters as PIC in VFR operations	(b)
ATPL(H) valid IR	> 1 000 hours as pilot on multi- pilot helicopters	Commercial air transport in multi- pilot helicopters as co-pilot in VFR and IFR operations	(c)
ATPL(H) no IR privileges	> 1 000 hours as pilot on multi- pilot helicopters	Commercial air transport in multi- pilot helicopters as co-pilot in VFR operations	(d)
CPL(H)/IR (*)	> 1 000 hours as pilot on multi- pilot helicopters	Commercial air transport in multi- pilot helicopters as co-pilot	(e)
CPL(H)/IR	> 1 000 hours as PIC in commercial air transport since gaining an IR	Commercial air transport in single-pilot helicopters as PIC	(f)
ATPL(H) with or without IR privileges, CPL(H)/IR, CPL(H)	> 700 hours in helicopters other than those certificated under CS-27/29 or equivalent, including 200 hours in the activity role for which acceptance is sought, and 50 hours in that role in the last 12 months	Exercise of privileges in helicopters in operations other than commercial air transport	(g)

(*) CPL(H)/IR holders on multi-pilot helicopters shall have demonstrated ICAO ATPL level knowledge before acceptance.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Pilot licences for non-commercial activities with an instrument rating

- (d) In the case of private pilot licences (PPL) with an instrument rating, or CPL and ATPL licences with an instrument rating where the pilot intends only to exercise private pilot privileges, the holder shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) complete the skill test for instrument rating and the type or class ratings relevant to the privileges of the licence held, in accordance with Appendix 7 and Appendix 9 to BAR 1 Part-FCL;
 - (2) demonstrate that he/she has acquired knowledge of Air Law, Aeronautical Weather Codes, Flight Planning and Performance (IR), and Human Performance;
 - (3) demonstrate that he/she has acquired language proficiency in accordance with FCL.055;
 - (4) hold at least a valid Class 2 medical certificate issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention;
 - (5) have a minimum experience of at least 100 hours of instrument flight time as PIC in the relevant category of aircraft.

Pilot licences for non-commercial activities without an instrument rating

- (e) In the case of private pilot licences (PPL), or CPL and ATPL licences without an instrument rating where the pilot intends only to exercise private pilot privileges, the holder shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) demonstrate that he/she has acquired knowledge of Air Law and Human Performance;
 - (2) pass the PPL skill test as set out in BAR 1 Part-FCL;
 - (3) fulfil the relevant requirements of BAR 1 Part-FCL for the issuance of a type or class rating as relevant to the privileges of the licence held;
 - (4) hold at least a Class 2 medical certificate issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention;
 - (5) demonstrate that he/she has acquired language proficiency in accordance with FCL.055;
 - (6) have a minimum experience of at least 100 hours as pilot in the relevant category of aircraft.

Validation of pilot licences for specific tasks of limited duration

- (f) Notwithstanding the provisions of the paragraphs above, in the case of manufacturer flights, Brunei DCA may accept a licence issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention by a country other than Brunei Darussalam for a maximum of 12 months for specific tasks of limited duration, such as instruction flights for initial entry into service, demonstration, ferry or test flights, provided the applicant complies with the following requirements:
- (1) holds an appropriate licence and medical certificate and associated ratings or qualifications issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention;
 - (2) is employed, directly or indirectly, by an aircraft manufacturer or an aviation authority.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

In this case, the privileges of the holder shall be limited to performing flight instruction and testing for initial issue of type ratings, the supervision of initial line flying by the operators' pilots, delivery or ferry flights, initial line flying, flight demonstrations or test flights.

- (g) Notwithstanding the provisions of the paragraphs above, the Brunei DCA may, for competition flights or display flights of limited duration, accept a licence issued by a country other than Brunei Darussalam allowing the holder to exercise the privileges of a PPL, SPL or BPL provided:
- (1) prior to the event, the organiser of the competition or display flights provides the Brunei DCA with adequate evidence on how it will ensure that the pilot will be familiarised with the relevant safety information and manage any risk associated with the flights; and
 - (2) the applicant holds an appropriate licence and medical certificate and associated ratings or qualifications issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention.
- (h) Notwithstanding the provisions of the paragraphs above, the Brunei DCA may accept a PPL, SPL or BPL issued in compliance with the requirements of Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention by a country other than Brunei Darussalam for a maximum of 28 days per calendar year for specific non-commercial tasks provided the applicant:
- (1) holds an appropriate licence and medical certificate and associated ratings or qualifications issued in accordance with Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention; and
 - (2) has completed at least one acclimatisation flight with a qualified instructor prior to carrying out the specific tasks of limited duration.

A Conversion of Licences

- (a) A PPL, a CPL or an ATPL licence issued in compliance with the requirements of Annex 1 to the Chicago Convention by a country other than Brunei Darussalam may be converted into a BAR 1 Part-FCL PPL, CPL or an ATPL with a valid type rating by the Brunei DCA.
- (b) The holder of the licence shall comply with the following minimum requirements, for the relevant aircraft category:
- (1) pass a written examination in Air Law and Human Performance;
 - (2) pass the PPL, CPL or an ATPL skill test, as relevant, in accordance with BAR 1 Part-FCL;
 - (3) fulfil the requirements for the issue of the relevant class or type rating, in accordance with Subpart H;
 - (4) hold at least a Class 2 medical certificate for a PPL and a Class 1 medical certificate for a CPL or an ATPL, issued in accordance with BAR 1 Part-MED;
 - (5) provide evidence of language proficiency or demonstrate that he/she has acquired language proficiency in accordance with FCL.055;
 - (6) have completed at least 100 hours of flight time as a pilot.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

B Acceptance of Class and Type Ratings

- (a) A valid class or type rating contained in a licence issued by a country other than Brunei Darussalam may be inserted in a BAR 1 Part-FCL licence provided that the applicant:
- (1) complies with the experience requirements and the prerequisites for the issue of the applicable type or class rating in accordance with BAR 1 Part-FCL;
 - (2) passes the relevant skill test for the issue of the applicable type or class rating in accordance with BAR 1 Part-FCL;
 - (3) is in current flying practice;
 - (4) has no less than:
 - (i) for aeroplane class ratings, 100 hours of flight experience as a pilot in that class;
 - (ii) for aeroplane type ratings, 500 hours of flight experience as a pilot in that type;
 - (iii) for single-engine helicopters with a maximum certificated take-off mass of up to 3 175 kg, 100 hours of flight experience as a pilot in that type;
 - (iv) for all other helicopters, 350 hours of flight experience as a pilot in that class.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

Appendix 12 - Conditions for the conversion of instructor certificates

A Aeroplanes

Instructor certificates

An instructor certificate issued by a foreign authority in accordance with the national requirements shall be converted into a BAR 1 Part-FCL certificate provided that the applicant complies with the following requirements:

Foreign certificate or privileges held	Experience	Any further requirements	Replacement BAR 1 Part-FCL certificate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FI(A)/IRI(A)/TRI(A)/CRI(A)	as required under Part- FCL for the relevant certificate	N/A	FI(A)/IRI(A)/TRI(A)/ CRI(A)

SFI certificate

An SFI certificate issued by a foreign authority in accordance with the national requirements shall be converted into a BAR 1 Part-FCL certificate provided that the holder complies with the following requirements:

Foreign certificate held	Experience	Any further requirements	Replacement BAR 1 Part-FCL certificate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
SFI(A)	> 1 500 hours as pilot of MPA	(i) hold or have held a CPL, MPL or ATPL for aeroplanes issued by Brunei DCA; (ii) have completed the flight simulator content of the applicable type rating course including MCC.	SFI(A)
SFI(A)	3 years recent experience as an SFI	have completed the flight simulator content of the applicable type rating course including MCC	SFI(A)

The conversion shall be valid for a maximum period of 3 years. Revalidation shall be subject to the completion of the relevant requirements set out in BAR 1 Part-FCL.

STI certificate

An STI certificate issued by a foreign authority in accordance with the national requirements of the State may be converted into a BAR 1 Part-FCL certificate provided that the holder complies with the requirements set out in the table below:

Foreign certificate held	Experience	Any further requirements	Replacement certificate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

STI(A)	> 500 hours as pilot on SPA	(i) hold or have held a pilot licence issued by an ICAO State; (ii) have completed a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to Part-FCL in an FSTD appropriate to the instruction intended	STI(A)
STI(A)	3 years recent experience as an STI	have completed a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to BAR 1 Part-FCL in an FSTD appropriate to the instruction intended	STI(A)

Revalidation of the certificate shall be subject to the completion of the relevant requirements set out in BAR 1 Part-FCL.

B Helicopters

Instructor certificates

An instructor certificate issued by a foreign authority in accordance with the national requirements shall be converted into a BAR 1 Part-FCL certificate provided that the applicant complies with the following requirements:

Foreign certificate or privileges held	Experience	Any further requirements	Replacement certificate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FI(H)/IRI(H)/TRI(H)	as required under Part- FCL for the relevant certificate		FI(H)/IRI(H)/TRI(H) (*)

Revalidation of the certificate shall be subject to the completion of the relevant requirements set out in BAR 1 Part-FCL.

(*) CPL holders already holding a type rating for a multi-pilot helicopter are not required to have passed an examination for ATPL(H) theoretical knowledge whilst they continue to operate that same helicopter type, but will not be given ATPL(H) theory credit for a Part-FCL licence. If they require another type rating for a different multi-pilot helicopter, they must comply with column (3), row (h)(i) of the table.

Document	BAR 1 Part FCL Flight Crew Licensing	
Version	3.0	

SFI certificate

An SFI certificate issued by a foreign authority in accordance with the national requirements shall be converted into a BAR 1 Part-FCL certificate provided that the holder complies with the following requirements:

National certificate held	Experience	Any further requirements	Replacement certificate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
SFI(H)	> 1 000 hours as pilot of MPH	(i) hold or have held a CPL, MPL or ATPL issued by an ICAO State; (ii) have completed the flight simulator content of the applicable type rating course including MCC	SFI(H)
SFI(H)	3 years' recent experience as an SFI	have completed the simulator content of the applicable type rating course including MCC	SFI(H)

Revalidation of the certificate shall be subject to the completion of the relevant requirements set out in BAR 1 Part-FCL.

STI certificate

An STI certificate issued by a foreign authority in accordance with the national requirements of the State may be converted into a BAR 1 Part-FCL certificate provided that the holder complies with the requirements set out in the table below:

Foreign certificate held	Experience	Any further requirements	Replacement certificate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
STI(H)	> 500 hours as pilot on SPH	(i) hold or have held a pilot licence issued by an EASA State; (ii) have completed a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to Part-FCL in an FSTD appropriate to the instruction intended	STI(H)
STI(H)	3 years' recent experience as an STI	have completed a proficiency check in accordance with Appendix 9 to Part-FCL in an FSTD appropriate to the instruction intended	STI(H)

Revalidation of the certificate shall be subject to the completion of the relevant requirements set out in BAR 1 Part-FCL.